# Longhui International Holdings Limited 龍輝國際控股有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司) Stock Code 股份代號:01007



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Corporate Information 公司資料

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

**Executive Directors** 

Mr. Hung Shui Chak *(Chairman)* Mr. So Kam Chuen Mr. Yuan Mingjie

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Tam Bing Chung Benson Mr. Cheung Ting Pong Mr. Shum Kei Yiu Daniel

# AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Cheung Ting Pong *(Chairman)* Mr. Tam Bing Chung Benson Mr. Shum Kei Yiu Daniel

# **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Tam Bing Chung Benson *(Chairman)* Mr. Cheung Ting Pong Mr. Shum Kei Yiu Daniel

# NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Cheung Ting Pong *(Chairman)* Mr. Hung Shui Chak Mr. Shum Kei Yiu Daniel

# **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ms. Li Wing Wah

### **AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES**

Mr. Hung Shui Chak Mr. Yuan Mingjie

# 董事會

執行董事

洪瑞澤先生(*主席)* 蘇錦存先生 袁明捷先生

獨立非執行董事

譚秉忠先生 張霆邦先生 沈其耀先生

# 審核委員會

張霆邦先生(主席) 譚秉忠先生 沈其耀先生

# 薪酬委員會

譚秉忠先生(*主席)* 張霆邦先生 沈其耀先生

# 提名委員會

張霆邦先生(*主席)* 洪瑞澤先生 沈其耀先生

### 公司秘書

李穎華女士

# 授權代表

洪瑞澤先生 袁明捷先生

# Corporate Information 公司資料



Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

# PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Suite 301, 3/F Hale Weal Industrial Building 22–28 Tai Chung Road Tsuen Wan, New Territories Hong Kong

### **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

The Bank of East Asia, Limited China CITIC Bank International Limited

#### **AUDITORS**

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited Certified Public Accountants

### SHARE REGISTRARS

Cayman Islands Principal Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712–1716, 17th Floor Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai Hong Kong

#### **STOCK CODE**

1007

### **COMPANY WEBSITE**

http://www.cre8ir.com/longhui/

# 註冊辦事處

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

### 香港主要營業地點

香港 新界荃灣 大涌道22-28號 合福工業大廈 3樓301室

# 主要往來銀行

東亞銀行有限公司 中信銀行(國際)有限公司

#### 核數師

國衛會計師事務所有限公司 香港執業會計師

# 股份登記處

開曼群島主要股份過戶登記處

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶登記分處

香港中央證券登記有限公司 香港 灣仔 皇后大道東183號 合和中心 17樓1712-1716號舖

#### 股份代號

1007

#### 公司網址

http://www.cre8ir.com/longhui/



Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the board (the "**Board**") of directors (the "**Directors**") of Longhui International Holdings Limited (the "**Company**") (together with its subsidiaries, the "**Group**"), I hereby present to you the annual results for the year ended 31 December 2022.

### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

We are principally engaged in the hotpot restaurant business in the People's Republic of China (the "**PRC**"). The Group's revenue decreased by approximately 55.6% from approximately RMB162.9 million in 2021 to approximately RMB72.3 million in 2022. Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company for 2022 was approximately RMB62.3 million (2021: approximately RMB34.0 million). Basic loss per share for 2022 was approximately RMB77.2 cents (2021: approximately RMB55.0 cents (restated)).

The increase in loss for the year was mainly attributable to the decrease in deferred tax assets of approximately RMB24.3 million due to unpredictability of its utilisation.

The Board would like to assure the potential investors and the shareholders of the Company (the "**Shareholders**") that the Board is committed to (i) supervising the management of the Group and to maintain sound and effective internal controls to safeguard the Shareholders' investment and the Group's assets; and (ii) continuously and proactively strengthening the corporate governance of the Company to establish a solid foundation for the operation and future growth in order to maximise the value of the Company and hence the return to the Shareholders.

尊敬的各位股東:

本人謹代表龍輝國際控股有限公司(「本公司」,連同其附屬公司統稱「本集團」)董事(「董 事」)會(「董事會」)特此向各位股東呈報截至 二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度的全年業 績。

#### 業務回顧

我們主要於中華人民共和國(「中國」)從事火 鍋餐廳業務。本集團的收益由二零二一年的 約人民幣162,900,000元減少約55.6%,至二 零二二年約人民幣72,300,000元。於二零二 二年本公司擁有人應佔虧損約人民幣 62,300,000元(二零二一年:約人民幣 34,000,000元)。二零二二年每股基本虧損約 人民幣77.2分(二零二一年:約人民幣55.0分 (經重列))。

年內虧損增加主要歸因於使用時出現不可估計的情況,以致遞延税項資產減少約人民幣 24,300,000元。

董事會謹此向準投資者及本公司股東(「**股東**」) 保證,董事會致力(i)監督本集團管理,並會 維持可靠兼有效的內部監控,保障股東投資 和本集團資產:及(ii)持續及積極加強本公司 的企業管治,為營運和將來增長奠下穩固基 礎,藉此將公司的價值及其後的股東回報達 致最高。

# Chairman's Statement 主席報告書



### **APPRECIATION**

Finally, on behalf of the Board, I would like to take this opportunity to express my sincere appreciation to our staff for their dedication and commitment as well as to our valued shareholders, customers, suppliers and other business partners for their support and encouragement to the Group in the past years.

Hung Shui Chak Chairman

Hong Kong, 31 March 2023

# 致謝

最後,本人謹藉此機會代表董事會感謝本公 司員工一直以來的付出及貢獻,以及對本公 司尊貴的股東、客戶、供應商及其他業務夥 伴過去多年的支持及鼓勵致以真誠的謝意。

*主席* 洪瑞澤

香港,二零二三年三月三十一日

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The Group is principally engaged in the hotpot restaurant business in the PRC with the brands of Faigo ("輝哥") and Xiao Faigo Hotpot ("小輝哥火鍋"). The target customers of the restaurants operating under the brand of Faigo ("輝哥") are mainly high-income group while those under the brand of Xiao Faigo Hotpot ("小輝哥火鍋") are mainly middle-income group.

The Group specializes in seafood hotpot cuisine with a signature menu which is characterised by the aromatic soup base and a wide range of selection of seafood and beef. The Company started its first restaurant in Shanghai in 2004 under the brand Faigo and gradually expanded its restaurant network to other major cities in the PRC including Beijing, Shenzhen, Nanjing and Hangzhou since 2010.

In 2013, Sina Weibo, a popular social media in the PRC, chose the brand Faigo as one of the most popular restaurants amongst foodies — "2013年最受吃貨喜愛的人氣餐廳". In 2014, the Company was named as a five-star merchant by dianping.com, a widely used search engine for restaurants in the PRC. The brand Faigo was named as one of the top 10 hotpot brand in 2016 by the China Hotel Association. In 2018, Xiao Faigo Hotpot ("小輝哥火鍋") was awarded "China's Top 100 Hotpot Enterprises in 2017 (2017年度中國火鍋百強企業)" by China Cuisine Association.

In 2020, the Group continued to rank among the Top 20 Hotpot Restaurants in China 2020 (《2020中國火鍋Top 20》) in the Annual Report on Catering Industry of China in 2020 (《2020中國餐飲業年度報告》) co-published by China Hotel association and Xinhuanet.

### 業務回顧

本集團主要於中國以「輝哥」及「小輝哥火鍋」 品牌從事火鍋餐廳業務。以「輝哥」品牌經營 的餐廳,主要視高收入群組為目標客戶;而 以「小輝哥火鍋」品牌經營的餐廳,則主攻中 等收入群組。

本集團專攻海鮮火鍋,招牌食譜包括香料湯 底,以及多款海鮮及牛肉。本公司於二零零 四年在上海開設首家「輝哥」食店,並自二零 一零年起逐步將食店的網絡擴至中國其他主 要城市,包括北京、深圳、南京及杭州。

「輝哥」品牌於二零一三年獲中國熱門社交媒 體新浪微博選為「2013年最受吃貨喜愛的人 氣餐廳」之一,二零一四年本公司獲中國常用 食店搜尋器大眾點評網評為五星商戶,二零 一六年「輝哥」品牌獲中國飯店協會評為「火 鍋品牌十強」。二零一八年,「小輝哥火鍋」獲 中國烹飪協會評為「2017年度中國火鍋百強企 業」。

於二零二零年,本集團於中國飯店協會與新 華網聯合發佈的《2020中國餐飲業年度報告》 中繼續獲評為《2020中國火鍋Top 20》。

Set forth below are certain key performance indicators of the restaurants operating under the brands of Xiao Faigo Hotpot ("小輝 哥火鍋") in different regions in the PRC.

下文列載在中國不同地區以「小輝哥火鍋」品 牌經營的食店的若干主要績效指標。

|   |                                 | Year ended 31 December<br>截至十二月三十一日止年度 |               |
|---|---------------------------------|--|---------------|
|   |                                 | <b>2022</b><br>二零二二年                   | 2021<br>二零二一年 |
| Revenue (in RMB'000)  | 收益(人民幣千元)                       |  |               |
| Shanghai  | 上海                              | 21,964                                 | 62,779        |
| Wuxi  | 無錫                              | 3,747                                  | 6,631         |
| Other cities  | 其他城市                            | 1,420                                  | 10,183        |
| Nationwide  | 全國                              | 27,131                                 | 79,593        |
| Number of restaurants as at 31 December                       | 於十二月三十一日的食店數目                   |  |               |
| Shanghai  | 上海                              | 7                                      | 10            |
| Wuxi  | 無錫                              | 1                                      |               |
| Other cities  | 其他城市                            |  | 1             |
| Nationwide  | 全國                              | 8                                      | 12            |
| Average number of customers per day per restaurant (Note 1)   | 單店日均顧客量(附註1)                    |  |               |
| Shanghai  | 上海                              | 82                                     | 111           |
| Wuxi  | 無錫                              | 92                                     | 117           |
| Other cities  | 其他城市                            | 96                                     | 94            |
| Nationwide  | 全國                              | 84                                     | 109           |
| Seat turnover rate per day per restaurant (Note 2)            | 單店日均顧客入座率<br>(附註2)              |  |               |
| Shanghai  | 上海                              | 0.8                                    | 1.1           |
| Wuxi  | 無錫                              | 1.0                                    | 1.2           |
| Other cities  | 其他城市                            | 1.1                                    | 1.1           |
| Nationwide  | 全國                              | 0.8                                    | 1.1           |
| Average daily revenue per restaurant<br>(in RMB'000) (Note 3) | 單店日均銷售(人民幣千元)<br>(附註 <b>3</b> ) |  |               |
| Shanghai  | 上海                              | 8,510                                  | 11,874        |
| Wuxi  | 無錫                              | 10,266                                 | 13,504        |
| Other cities  | 其他城市                            | 10,923                                 | 10,072        |
| Nationwide  | 全國                              | 8,820                                  | 11,724        |

|   |  |              | Year ended 31<br>截至十二月三十<br><u>2022</u><br>二零二二年 |                   |
|---|--|--------------|--|-------------------|
| Average spending per customer<br>(in RMB'000) (Note 4)<br>Shanghai<br>Wuxi<br>Other cities                        | <b>顧客人均消費(人民<br/>(附註4)</b><br>上海<br>無錫<br>其他城市 | 幣千元)         | 104<br>111<br>114                                | 107<br>115<br>107 |
| Nationwide  | 全國   |              | 106  | 108               |
| Notes:  |  | 附註:          |  |                   |
| 1. Calculated as total customer traffic for the year operation days during the year.                              | divided by total restaurant                    | 1. 計算<br>日總書 | 方法∶全年顧客流量總數<br>攻。                                | 除以年內食店營運          |
| 2. Calculated as total customer traffic for the year operation days and average seating capacity per re           |  |              | 方法:全年顧客流量總數<br>收再除以單店平均座數。                       |                   |
| 3. Calculated as revenue for the year divided by tot during the year.   | al restaurant operation days                   | 3. 計算力       | 方法 : 年內收益除以年內                                    | 食店營運日總數。          |
| 4. Calculated as revenue before business tax/value ad by total customer traffic for the year.                     | lded tax for the year divided                  |              | 5法:年內扣除營業税/<br>顧客流量總數。                           | 增值税前收益除以          |
| Set forth below are certain key performar<br>restaurants operating under the brand of Faig<br>regions in the PRC. |  |              | 在中國不同地區以「<br>干主要績效指標。                            | 輝哥」品牌經營           |

|   |               | Year ended 31 December<br>截至十二月三十一日止年度 |        |
|---|---------------|--|--------|
|   |               | 2022                                   | 2021   |
| 世纪的情况的工作之外通知工作                          |               | 二零二二年                                  | 二零二一年  |
| Revenue (in RMB'000)                    | 收益(人民幣千元)     |  |        |
| Shanghai                                | 上海            | 43,824                                 | 81,440 |
| Other cities                            | 其他城市          | 1,324                                  | 1,850  |
| Nationwide                              | 全國            | 45,148                                 | 83,290 |
| Number of restaurants as at 31 December | 於十二月三十一日的食店數目 |  |        |
| Shanghai                                | 上海            | 4                                      | 4      |
| Other cities                            | 其他城市          |  | 1      |
|   |               |  |        |
| Nationwide                              | 全國            | 4                                      | 5      |

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|  |                                |         | Year ended 31<br>截至十二月三十       |                       |
|--|--------------------------------|---------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
|  |                                |         | <b>2022</b><br>二零二二年           | 2021<br>二零二一年         |
| Average number of customers per day per restaurant (Note 1)  | 單店日均顧客量(附                      | 註1)     |                                |                       |
| Shanghai   | 上海                             |         | 39                             | 59                    |
| Other cities   | 其他城市                           |         | 7                              | 9                     |
| Nationwide   | 全國                             |         | 19                             | 35                    |
| Seat turnover rate per day per restaurant<br>(Note 2)  | 單店日均顧客入座 <sup>2</sup><br>(附註2) | <u></u> |                                |                       |
| Shanghai   | 上海                             |         | 0.3                            | 0.5                   |
| Other cities   | 其他城市                           |         | 0.1                            | 0.1                   |
|  |                                |         |                                | PASTY LIND            |
| Nationwide   | 全國                             |         | 0.2                            | 0.3                   |
| Average daily revenue per restaurant   | 單店日均銷售(人民                      | 幣千元)    |                                |                       |
| (in RMB'000) (Note 3)  | (附註3)                          |         |                                |                       |
| Shanghai   | 上海                             |         | 36,039                         | 55,781                |
| Other cities   | 其他城市                           |         | 3,805                          | 5,068                 |
| Nationwide   | 全國                             |         | 17,459                         | 32,208                |
| Average spending per customer  | 顧客人均消費(人民                      | 幣千元)    |                                |                       |
| (in RMB'000) (Note 4)  | <b>(附註4)</b><br>上海             |         | 923                            | 939                   |
| Shanghai<br>Other cities   | 上 <i>冲</i><br>其他城市             |         | 554                            | 939<br>567            |
| Other cities   | 共他级巾                           |         |                                | 507                   |
| Nationwide   | 全國                             |         | 906                            | 925                   |
| Notes:   |                                | 附註:     |                                |                       |
| <ol> <li>Calculated as total customer traffic for the year d<br/>operation days during the year.</li> </ol>  | livided by total restaurant    |         | 計算方法:全年顧客流量總數<br>日總數。          | (除以年內食店營運             |
| 2. Calculated as total customer traffic for the year divided by total restaurant operation days and average seating capacity per restaurant during the year. |                                |         | 計算方法:全年顧客流量總數<br>日總數再除以單店平均座數。 |                       |
| 3. Calculated as revenue for the year divided by total during the year.  | restaurant operation days      | 3. 言    | 計算方法:年內收益除以年內                  | 食店營運日總數。              |
| <ol> <li>Calculated as revenue before business tax/value adde<br/>by total customer traffic for the year.</li> </ol>   | ed tax for the year divided    |         | 計算方法:年內扣除營業税/<br>年內顧客流量總數。     | <sup>′</sup> 増值税前收益除以 |

2022 was a challenging year for the Group, the outbreak of COVID-19 pandemic continuously affected people's lives and catering industry. Shanghai, where most of our restaurants located, imposed a more strict restriction on travel and shut down various public facilities, including dining-in restaurants. The lockdown even lasted for a few months in 2022 which brought adverse impact on the revenue of the Group. On the other hand, the Group was committed to settle the operating expenditures, such as rent and salaries of staff, which increased operating pressure to the Group. To get out from the jam, the Group responded rapidly to launch and actively promote takeaway services and re-examine the operating performance of all restaurants and further close down 5 underperformed restaurants for better reallocation of resources. Following the relaxing of anti-pandemic measures by the central government in early 2023, the management looks forward to a recovery in the economy. The overall opening of domestic epidemic prevention and control measures expand domestic demand and promote consumption, the consumer market will recover steadily.

The concern of food safety in the PRC from the consumers is an issue that each and every restaurant chain in the PRC needs to respond. The Group realizes that the reputation which takes years to build and protect can be ruined by one single food safety incident and therefore the Group attaches paramount importance to the safety and quality of food and has in place a reliable procurement system which ensures visibility and traceability of food ingredients throughout the catering service industry value chain. The staff of the Group also receives comprehensive training to minimize the risk of contamination during the preparation of foods before they are served at the table. The relevant protocol was further strengthened during 2022 given that takeaway orders accounted for a larger proportion.

Looking forward to 2023 taking product quality as our lifeline and upholding the philosophy of "seizing market opportunities through reform and gaining market shares by transformation and upgrade", we will continue to overcome challenges ahead and introduce more innovative ideas to consolidate our leading position in the catering industry, with an aim to develop into the brand with the highest market capitalization in the Asia-pacific catering industry. With our commitment to transformation and product quality, we are confident to build the Company as the leader of the casual restaurants in China. 二零二二年對本集團來說是充滿挑戰的一年,新冠疫情持續對大眾的生活和餐飲業造成影響。我們大部分餐廳所在的上海實施更嚴格的旅遊限制,並關閉了各種公共設施,包括餐廳。於二零二二年,封鎖乃持續數月,對本集團的收益帶來不利影響。另一方面,本集團須支付租金及員工薪金等經營開支,增加了本集團的經營壓力。為了擺脫困境,本集重新審視所有餐廳的表現,進一步關閉5家表現欠佳的餐廳,以更好地重新分配資源。繼中央政府於二零二三年初放寬防疫措施後,管理層期待經濟復蘇。國內疫情防控措施全面打開,使內需擴大及促進消費,消費市場將穩步恢復。

中國消費者關注食品安全問題,在中國經營 的每一家連鎖食店都必須對此作出應對措施。本集團深悉,一次個別的食品安全事故, 足以將長年經營、悉心維護的聲譽毀於一 旦,因此本集團極為重視食品安全與質量, 並已設立可靠的採購制度,確保整個飲食服 務產業價值鏈的流程均具高透明度,可追溯 食材來源。本集團職員也會接受全面培訓, 將食品上桌前製作過程中的污染風險降至最 低。鑒於外賣訂單所佔比例較大,相關協定 於二零二二年獲得進一步鞏固。

展望二零二三年,以產品質量作為我們的使 命,秉承「在改革中把握市場機遇、在轉型 升級中增加市場份額」的理念,我們將繼續 克服挑戰,積極創新,鞏固我們於餐飲行業 的領先地位,從而發展成為亞太餐飲行業擁 有最高市值的知名品牌。由於我們致力於轉 型及提高產品質量,我們對建設本公司成為 中國休閒餐廳龍頭充滿信心。

#### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

#### Revenue

The Group's revenue decreased by approximately 55.6% from approximately RMB162.9 million in 2021 to approximately RMB72.3 million in 2022. The decrease was mainly due to the suspension of business operation or dine-in services of certain restaurants and the decrease of customer flow resulted from the impact of COVID-19 pandemic in 2022 and the closure of 5 underperformed restaurants. The number of restaurants dropped to 12 during the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: 17).

Foods and beverage and other materials consumables used

The Group's foods and beverage and other materials consumables costs mainly represents the costs of food ingredients for the hotpot business, and were one of the largest component of the Group's operating expenses. The foods and beverage and other materials consumables costs decreased by approximately 58.6% from approximately RMB58.4 million in 2021 to approximately RMB24.2 million in 2022, which was mainly due to the decrease in number of restaurants.

#### Employee benefit and related expenses

The Group's employee benefit and related expenses, being one of the largest components of the operating expenses of the Group, consist of wages and salaries, labour outsourcing expenses, defined contribution plan, other social security costs and housing benefits and other employee benefits.

The employee benefit and related expenses decreased by approximately 33.2% from approximately RMB58.1 million in 2021 to approximately RMB38.8 million in 2022, mainly attributable to the closure of several restaurants. A portion of outsourcing staff were laid-off therefore labour outsourcing expenses decreased by approximately 42.1% from approximately RMB39.9 million in 2021 to approximately RMB23.1 million in 2022.

The Group entered into an agreement with a third party agent who provides catering outsourcing services. Pursuant to the agreement, the Group outsources a portion of its low-level positions, such as waiter or waitress, kitchen assistants etc. The Group pays annual service fee and other related cost, such as training and social welfare.

#### 財務回顧

#### 收益

本集團的收益由二零二一年的約人民幣 162,900,000元減少約55.6%至二零二二年的 約人民幣72,300,000元。減少的主要原因為 二零二二年COVID-19疫情病的影響導致若干 餐廳暫停營業或堂食服務以及客流減少和關 閉5間表現不佳的餐廳。於截至二零二二年十 二月三十一日止年度,餐廳的數目下降到12 間(二零二一年:17間)。

已用食品及飲料以及其他耗材

本集團的食品及飲料及其他耗材的成本主要 指火鍋業務食材成本,屬本集團經營開支的 最大部份之一。食品及飲料及其他耗材的成 本由二零二一年的約人民幣58,400,000元減 少約58.6%至二零二二年約人民幣24,200,000 元,乃主要由於餐館數量減少。

#### 僱員福利及相關開支

本集團僱員福利及相關開支是本集團營運開 支的最大部份之一,包括工資及薪金、勞工 外判開支、定額供款計劃、其他社會保險成 本及住房福利以及其他僱員福利。

僱員福利及相關開支由二零二一年約人民幣 58,100,000元減少約33.2%至二零二二年約人 民幣38,800,000元,主要由於關閉若干餐 廳。部分外判員工被裁,因此勞工外判開支 由二零二一年的約人民幣39,900,000元減少 約42.1%至二零二二年的約人民幣23,100,000 元。

本集團已與提供餐飲外判服務的一名第三方 代理訂立協議。根據協議,本集團將男侍應 或女侍應、廚房助理等部分初級職位外判。 本集團支付年度服務費及其他相關成本,例 如培訓及社會福利。

#### Property rentals and related expenses

Following the closure of those underperformed restaurants, the Group's property rentals and related expenses decreased by approximately 12.6% from approximately RMB13.5 million in 2021 to approximately RMB11.8 million in 2022.

Depreciation, amortisation, impairment and written-off of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible asset

The Group's depreciation, amortisation, impairment and written-off of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible asset decreased by approximately 61.0% from approximately RMB51.6 million in 2021 to approximately RMB20.1 million in 2022.

Following the closure of those underperformed restaurants during the year, the Group's impairment and written-off of property, plant and equipment and impairment of right-of-use assets amounted to approximately RMB1.1 million (2021: approximately RMB14.1 million) and approximately RMB9.2 million (2021: approximately RMB7.7 million) respectively in 2022.

#### Other operating expenses

The Group's other operating expenses, which mainly consist of professional service expenses, repair and maintenance fee, and promotion and marketing expenses, decreased by approximately 2.5% from approximately RMB16.1 million in 2021 to approximately RMB15.7 million in 2022.

#### Other income, other gains and losses, net

The Group's other income, other gains and losses, net decreased by approximately 42.6% from approximately RMB9.4 million in 2021 to approximately RMB5.4 million in 2022, which was mainly attributable to the decrease in both of gain on rental concession and gain on lease modification following the closure of those underperformed restaurants.

#### Finance expenses, net

The Group's finance expenses mainly represent interest expense on borrowings, imputed interest on convertible bonds and interest expense on lease liabilities.

#### 物業租金及相關開支

關閉表現欠佳的餐廳後,本集團的物業租金 及相關開支由二零二一年約人民幣13,500,000 元減少約12.6%至二零二二年約人民幣 11,800,000元。

物業、廠房及設備、使用權資產以及無 形資產的折舊、攤銷、減值及撇銷

本集團物業、廠房及設備、使用權資產以及 無形資產的折舊、攤銷、減值及撇銷由二零 二一年約人民幣51,600,000元減少約61.0%至 二零二二年約人民幣20,100,000元。

年內關閉表現欠佳的餐廳後,本集團於二零 二二年的物業、廠房及設備的減值及撇銷及 使用權資產減值分別約為人民幣1,100,000元 (二零二一年:約人民幣14,100,000元)及約人 民幣9,200,000元(二零二一年:約人民幣 7,700,000元)。

#### 其他經營開支

本集團的其他經營開支主要包括專業服務開 支、維修及保養費,以及推廣及營銷開支, 由二零二一年約人民幣16,100,000元減少約 2.5%至二零二二年約人民幣15,700,000元。

其他收入、其他收益及虧損淨額

本集團的其他收入、其他收益及虧損淨額由 二零二一年約人民幣9,400,000元減少約 42.6%至二零二二年約人民幣5,400,000元, 主要由於關閉表現欠佳的餐廳後租金優惠的 收益及租賃修訂的收益均減少。

#### 財務開支淨額

本集團的財務開支主要指借款利息開支、可 換股債券推算利息及租賃負債利息開支。

The Group's net finance expenses decreased by approximately 16.7% from approximately RMB3.6 million in 2021 to approximately RMB3.0 million in 2022. The decrease was mainly attributable to the decrease in interest expense on lease liabilities following the closure of restaurants.

#### Loss for the year

Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company for 2022 was approximately RMB62.3 million (2021: approximately RMB34.0 million). Basic loss per share for 2022 was approximately RMB77.2 cents (2021: approximately RMB55.0 cents (restated)). The increase in loss for the year was mainly attributable to the decrease in deferred tax assets of approximately RMB24.3 million due to unpredictability of its utilisation.

# PROSPECTS

The operation of a new branded restaurant HUN ("混") will be resumed in the coming future. The hotpot restaurant was renovated in a more fashionable style with alcohol and beverage serving after dinning hours in order to attract more customer traffic. The Group expects the operation will return to normal steadily along with the recovery of the economy environment after the end of COVID-19 pandemic.

#### **Targeting the High-End Segment**

Hotpot restaurants offering meat as their major food ingredient have a lower customer's average spending compared with those serving seafood. Therefore, more hotpot restaurants begin to offer more diversified food materials to target different customer segments. Seafood has been introduced in hotpot restaurants recently, which will attract more customers from the high-end segment. The Group will continue to target more high-end food ingredients as additional drive for the growth of revenue of our restaurants. The new restaurant under the brand of HUN (" $\mathbb{R}$ ") also targets high-end customers who pursue good quality of food materials and drinks.

#### **Inclusive of New Food Ingredients and Flavors**

New food ingredients will be added to hotpot dining. As hotpot is more inclusive than other styles of cooking, new food ingredients can be easily introduced to hotpot dining. Hotpot restaurants are more willing to stay appealing to customers by offering new food ingredients in their menus rather than stick to their own understanding of hotpot stereotype. 本集團的財務開支淨額由二零二一年約人民 幣3,600,000元減少約16.7%至二零二二年約 人民幣3,000,000元。減少主要由於關閉餐廳 以後,租賃負債利息開支減少所致。

#### 年內虧損

於二零二二年,本公司擁有人應佔年內虧損 約為人民幣62,300,000元(二零二一年:約人 民幣34,000,000元)。二零二二年每股基本虧 損約人民幣77.2分(二零二一年:約人民幣 55.0分(經重列))。年內虧損增加主要是由於 因動用遞延税項資產的不可預見情況而導致 其減少約人民幣24,300,000元。

#### 展望

一間新品牌餐廳「混」將於不久將來復業。該 火鍋店的裝修風格更加時尚,在用餐時段後 提供酒水和飲料,以吸引更多客流量。本集 團預期營運將隨著COVID-19疫情結束後的經 濟環境復甦而穩步恢復正常。

#### 瞄準高端市場

與供應海鮮的火鍋餐廳相比,客戶放以肉類 為主要食材的火鍋餐館花費的金額平均較 低。因此,越來越多的火鍋餐廳開始提供更 多樣化的食材,以滿足不同顧客群體。海鮮 已於近期引入火鍋餐廳,這將吸引更多來自 高端市場的顧客。本集團將繼續以高端食材 為目標,作為餐廳收益增長的額外動力。「混」 品牌下的新餐廳亦瞄準追求食品材料及飲料 質量的高端客戶。

#### 廣納新食材及口味

火鍋餐廳將添加新食材。由於火鍋比其他烹 飪方式更具包容性,因此可以輕易將新食材 引入火鍋餐飲。火鍋餐廳更願意透過在菜單 中提供新食材來吸引顧客,而非固守自身對 火鍋的刻板印象。

#### **Growth of Delivery Business**

Delivery food service is growing fast in the PRC. The Group will continue to strengthen our competitiveness in the delivery segment to fully utilize the business hours of rush hours in a day such as lunch and dinner time to improve our revenue density. The Group will closely cooperate with online ordering and delivery platforms to promote the delivery business.

#### DIVIDEND

The Board resolved not to recommend the payment of any dividend for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: Nil).

# LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND GEARING RATIO

As at 31 December 2022, the Group recorded cash and cash equivalents amounting to approximately RMB1.7 million (2021: approximately RMB2.2 million) and the net current liabilities value was approximately RMB189.5 million (2021: approximately RMB168.2 million).

The net liabilities value per share of the Company was approximately RMB2.32 as at 31 December 2022 (2021: approximately RMB2.25 (restated)). The net liabilities value per share was computed based on 80,667,866 and 61,714,821 (restated) weighted average number of ordinary shares as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 respectively.

The Group's gearing ratio as at 31 December 2022 was approximately 0.20 (2021: approximately 0.09), being a ratio of total debts, including borrowings and convertible bonds, of approximately RMB8.8 million (2021: approximately RMB8.0 million) to the total assets of approximately RMB43.9 million (2021: approximately RMB90.5 million).

#### 外賣業務增長

中國外賣食品服務迅速增長。本集團將繼續 加強外賣分部的競爭力,以全面利用午市及 晚市等每日營業時間中的繁忙時段,以提升 收益密度。本集團將與網上訂餐及外送平台 緊密合作,以推廣外賣業務。

### 股息

董事會決議不會就截至二零二二年十二月三 十一日止年度派發股息(二零二一年:無)。

# 流動資金、財務資源及資產負債 比率

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團錄得 現金及現金等價物約人民幣1,700,000元(二 零二一年:約人民幣2,200,000元)及流動負債 淨額約人民幣189,500,000元(二零二一年:約 人民幣168,200,000元)。

本公司於二零二二年十二月三十一日的每股 負債淨額約為人民幣2.32元(二零二一年:約 人民幣2.25元(經重列))。每股負債淨值乃根 據分別於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三 十一日的普通股加權平均數80,667,866股及 61,714,821股(經重列)計算。

本集團於二零二二年十二月三十一日的資產 負債比率約為0.20(二零二一年:約0.09),即 包括借貸及可換股債券之總債務約人民幣 8,800,000元(二 零 二 一 年:約 人 民 幣 8,000,000元)對總資產約人民幣43,900,000 元(二零二一年:約人民幣90,500,000元)的比 率。

# USE OF PROCEEDS FROM PLACING OF SHARES

The Company completed a placing of shares on 15 August 2022, pursuant to which the Company has issued and allotted 28,000,000 shares of the Company (the "**Shares**") at a subscription price of HK\$0.65 per placing share. The gross proceeds from the placing of shares was HK\$18.20 million and the net proceeds after deducting relevant expenses was approximately HK\$17.64 million. The net issue price per placing share based on the net proceeds is HK\$0.63.

The intended and actual use of the net proceeds from the placing of shares is stated as below:

### 供股所得款項用途

本公司於二零二二年八月十五日完成配售股份,據此,本公司已按每股配售股份0.65港 元的認購價發行及配發本公司28,000,000股 股份(「該等股份」)。配售股份的所得款項總 額為18,200,000港元,經扣除相關開支的所 得款項淨額約為17,640,000港元。根據所得 款項淨額計算的每股配售股份發行價淨額為 0.63港元。

配售股份所得款項淨額的擬定及實際用途列 載如下:

|  | Intended use of<br>the net<br>proceeds                    | Amount of the<br>net proceeds<br>utilised as at<br>31 December<br>2022<br>於二零二二年<br>十二月三十一日 | 31 December<br>2022<br>於二零二二年<br>十二月三十一日         |
|--|---|---|--|
|  | <mark>所得款項淨額的<br/>擬定用途</mark><br>(HK\$ million)<br>(百萬港元) | 已動用的<br>所得款項<br>淨額金額<br>(HK\$ million)<br>(百萬港元)  | 未動用的<br>所得款項<br>淨額結餘<br>(HK\$ million)<br>(百萬港元) |
| Repayment of the existing 向獨立第三方償還本集團<br>indebtedness of the Group from 的現有債務<br>independent third parties | 15.00   | 15.00   |  |
| General working capital of the 日常營運資金<br>Group   | 2.64  | 2.02  | 0.62   |
|  | 17.64   | 17.02   | 0.62   |

#### **USE OF PROCEEDS FROM RIGHTS ISSUE**

The Company completed the Rights Issue on 22 February 2021, pursuant to which the Company has issued an aggregate of 318,680,121 ordinary Shares of HK\$0.0004 each as rights shares at HK\$0.142 per rights share on the basis of one rights share for every one Share held on 26 January 2021. The net proceeds from the Rights Issue (after deducting the expenses) were approximately HK\$43.25 million. The net subscription price per rights share after deducting the related expenses of the Rights Issue was approximately HK\$0.136. Further details were set out in the Company's announcements dated 27 October 2020, 17 November 2020, 8 December 2020, 12 January 2021 and 19 February 2021, the Company's circular dated 24 December 2020 and the Company's prospectus dated 27 January 2021.

# 供股所得款項用途

本公司於二零二一年二月二十二日完成供股, 據此,本公司已按於二零二一年一月二十六日 每持有一股股份獲發一股供股股份之基準, 按 每 股 供 股 股 份0.142港 元 發 行 合 共 318,680,121股每股面值0.0004港元的普通股 作為供股股份。供股所得款項淨額(扣除開 支後)約為43,250,000港元。扣除供股的相關 開支後,每股供股股份的淨認購價約為0.136 港元。進一步詳情載於本公司日期為二零二 零年十月二十七日、二零二零年十一月十七 日、二零二零年十二月八日、二零二一年一月 十二日及二零二一年二月十九日的公告、本公 司日期為二零二零年十二月二十四日的通函 及本公司日期為二零二一年一月二十七日的 章程。

供股所得款項淨額的擬定及實際用途如下:

The intended and actual use of the net proceeds from the Rights Issue is stated as below:

|   |  | Intended use<br>of the net<br>proceeds<br>所得款項淨額<br>擬定用途<br>(HK\$ million)<br>(百萬港元) | Amount of the<br>net proceeds<br>utilised as at<br>31 December<br>2022<br>於二零二二年<br>十二月三十一日<br>已動用所得款項<br>淨額金額<br>(HK\$ million)<br>(百萬港元) | net proceeds<br>unutilised<br>as at<br>31 December<br>2022<br>於二零二二年<br>十二月三十一日<br>未動用所得款項<br>淨額結餘<br>(HK\$ million)<br>(百萬港元) |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Repayment of the existing<br>indebtedness of the Group<br>from independent third<br>parties<br>Repayment of bank loan<br>General working capital of the<br>Group, including the rental<br>payment of the Group's<br>restaurants located in the<br>PRC, staff costs and<br>settlement of the Group's<br>day-to-day operating | 償還來自獨立第三方的<br>本集團現有債務<br>償還銀行貸款<br>本集團一般營運資金,<br>包括支付本集團工成<br>餐廳的租金、員工成<br>本及結付本集團日常<br>營運開支 | 25.88<br>3.75  | 25.88<br>3.75  | -  |
| expenses  |  | 13.62  | 13.62  |  |
| Total   | 總計   | 43.25  | 43.25  |  |

#### PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As at 31 December 2022, the Company had no charges on its assets (2021: Nil).

# **CAPITAL STRUCTURE**

On 21 January 2022, 19,120,800 Shares were issued in relation to exercise of share options (the "**Share Options**") under the share option scheme (the "**Scheme**") approved and adopted by the Company on 2 June 2021.

On 30 June 2022, the Company implemented the share consolidation (the "**Share Consolidation 2**") on the basis that every ten (10) issued and unissued Shares of HK\$0.0004 each were consolidated into one consolidated share of the Company of HK\$0.004 each.

On 30 June 2022, the Company implemented the increase in authorised share capital of the Company from HK\$380,000 divided into 95,000,000 consolidated shares to HK\$2,000,000 divided into 500,000,000 consolidated shares by the creation of an additional 405,000,000 new consolidated shares.

On 15 August 2022, the Company allotted and issued 28,000,000 Shares at the placing price of HK\$0.65 pursuant to the placing agreement dated 20 May 2022.

Save as disclosed, the Company had no other changes in capital structure during the year ended 31 December 2022.

Subsequent to the year end, on 10 February 2023 and 20 February 2023, 701,096 Shares and 701,096 Shares were allotted and issued respectively in relation to exercise of Share Options under the Scheme approved and adopted by the Company on 2 June 2021.

# 資產抵押

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司概無 抵押任何資產(二零二一年:無)。

#### 資本架構

於二零二二年一月二十一日,因本公司於二零 二一年六月二日批准及採納的購股權計劃(「計 劃」)所行使的購股權(「購股權」)而發行 19,120,800股。

於二零二二年六月三十日,本公司進行股份 合併(「**股份合併二**」),基準為每十(10)股每股 面值0.0004港元的已發行及未發行股份,合 併為一股每股面值0.004港元的合併股份。

於二零二二年六月三十日,本公司通過增設 額外405,000,000股新合併股份,將本公司法 定股本從380,000港元(分為95,000,000股合 併 股 份) 增 至2,000,000港 元(分 為 500,000,000股合併股份)。

於二零二二年八月十五日,本公司根據日期 為二零二二年五月二十日的配售協議按配售 價每股0.65港元配發及發行28,000,000股股 份。

除已披露者外,於截至二零二二年十二月三 十一日止年度,本公司的資本架構概無其他 變動。

於年末後,因行使本公司於二零二一年六月 二日批准及採納的計劃下的購股權,於二零 二三年二月十日及二零二三年二月二十日,分 別配發及發行701,096股股份及701,096股股 份。

### **CONVERTIBLE BONDS**

Upon the effective of the share consolidation (the "**Share Consolidation 1**") on 14 January 2021, pursuant to the terms and conditions of the convertible bonds (the "**Convertible Bonds**") issued by the Company on 4 July 2018, the conversion price of the Convertible Bonds and the number of Shares falling to be allotted and issued upon conversion of the Convertible Bonds shall be adjusted as follows:

# 可換股債券

股份合併(「**股份合併一**」)於二零二一年一月 十四日生效後,根據本公司於二零一八年七 月四日發行的可換股債券(「**可換股債券**」)的 條款及條件,可換股債券的換股價及於轉換 可換股債券後將予配發及發行的股份數目將 調整如下:

|                                   |                 | Immedia                   | tely before       | Immedia                   | ately after      |  |  |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|------------------|--|--|
|                                   |                 | the eff                   | ective of         | the effective of          |                  |  |  |
|                                   |                 | the Share Consolidation 1 |                   | the Share Consolidation 1 |                  |  |  |
|                                   |                 | 緊接股                       | 份合併一              | 緊隨股                       | 緊隨股份合併一          |  |  |
|                                   |                 | 生                         | 效前                | 生                         | 效後               |  |  |
|                                   |                 |                           |                   |                           | Adjusted         |  |  |
|                                   |                 |                           | Number of         |                           | number of        |  |  |
|                                   |                 |                           | Shares to be      |                           | Shares to be     |  |  |
|                                   |                 |                           | allotted and      |                           | allotted and     |  |  |
|                                   |                 |                           | issued upon       |                           | issued upon      |  |  |
|                                   |                 |                           | exercise of all   |                           | exercise of all  |  |  |
|                                   |                 |                           | the conversion    |                           | the conversion   |  |  |
|                                   |                 |                           | rights under the  | Adjusted                  | rights under the |  |  |
|                                   |                 | Conversion                | Convertible       | conversion price          | Convertible      |  |  |
|                                   |                 | price per Share           | Bonds             | per Share                 | Bonds            |  |  |
|                                   |                 |                           |                   |                           | 於行使              |  |  |
|                                   |                 |                           | 於行使               |                           | 可換股債券項下          |  |  |
|                                   |                 |                           | 可換股債券項下           |                           | 所有轉換權後           |  |  |
|                                   |                 |                           | 所有轉換權後            |                           | 將予配發及            |  |  |
|                                   |                 |                           | 將予配發及             | 經調整                       | 發行的經調整           |  |  |
| いん 大学者 いんちかん かめみ                  | は使用したいには制作品     | 每股換股價                     | 發行的股份數目           | 每股換股價                     | 股份數目             |  |  |
| 包、国家公司总统中心要求                      | COSET JUNCTINE  | PAT-USA:                  | Y. T. Y. SHAMES ? | VAL TANK AL               | AT7-72-15        |  |  |
| onvertible Bonds in the amount of | 金額為4,414,937港元的 |                           |                   |                           |                  |  |  |
| HK\$4,414,937                     | 可換股債券           | HK\$0.1025港元              | 43,072,563        | HK\$2.05港元                | 2,153,628        |  |  |
|                                   |                 |                           |                   |                           |                  |  |  |

Cor

Upon the completion of the Rights Issue on 22 February 2021, pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Convertible Bonds, the conversion price of the Convertible Bonds and the number of Shares falling to be allotted and issued upon conversion of the Convertible Bonds shall be adjusted as follows:

於二零二一年二月二十二日供股完成後,可 換股債券的換股價及於轉換可換股債券後將 予配發及發行的股份數目,將根據可換股債 券的條款及條件另行調整如下:

|                                    |                 | Immediately before<br>completion of the Rights Issue<br>緊接供股完成前 |                  | Immediately after completion<br>of the Rights Issue<br>緊隨供股完成後 |                  |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|---|------------------|--|------------------|
|                                    |                 |   |                  |  | Adjusted         |
|                                    |                 |   | Number of        |  | number of        |
|                                    |                 |   | Shares to be     |  | Shares to be     |
|                                    |                 |   | allotted and     |  | allotted and     |
|                                    |                 |   | issued upon      |  | issued upon      |
|                                    |                 |   | exercise of all  |  | exercise of all  |
|                                    |                 |   | the conversion   |  | the conversion   |
|                                    |                 |   | rights under the | Adjusted   | rights under the |
|                                    |                 | Conversion  | Convertible      | conversion price   | Convertible      |
|                                    |                 | price per Share   | Bonds            | per Share  | Bonds<br>於行使     |
|                                    |                 |   | 於行使              |  | 可換股債券項下          |
|                                    |                 |   | 可換股債券項下          |  | 所有轉換權後           |
|                                    |                 |   | 所有轉換權後           |  | 將予配發及            |
|                                    |                 |   | 將予配發及            | 經調整  | 發行的經調整           |
|                                    |                 | 每股換股價   | 發行的股份數目          | 每股換股價  | 股份數目             |
| Convertible Bonds in the amount of | 金額為4,414,937港元的 |   |                  |  | 活法的              |
| HK\$4,414,937                      | 可換股債券           | HK\$2.05港元  | 2,153,628        | HK\$1.75港元   | 2,522,821        |

Upon the completion of the Share Consolidation 2 on 30 June 2022, pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Convertible Bonds, the conversion price of the Convertible Bonds and the number of Shares falling to be allotted and issued upon conversion of the Convertible Bonds shall be adjusted as follows:

於二零二二年六月三十日股份合併二完成後, 可換股債券的換股價及於轉換可換股債券後 將予配發及發行的股份數目,將根據可換股 債券的條款及條件另行調整如下:

|                                     |                   | Immedia           | tely before               | Immedia          | ately after               |  |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|--|
|                                     |                   | compl             | etion of                  | completion of    |                           |  |
|                                     |                   | the Share C       | the Share Consolidation 2 |                  | the Share Consolidation 2 |  |
|                                     |                   | 緊接股份台             | 计二完成前                     | 緊隨股份會            | 合併二完成後                    |  |
|                                     |                   |                   |                           |                  | Adjusted                  |  |
|                                     |                   |                   | Number of                 |                  | number of                 |  |
|                                     |                   |                   | Shares to be              |                  | Shares to be              |  |
|                                     |                   |                   | allotted and              |                  | allotted and              |  |
|                                     |                   |                   | issued upon               |                  | issued upon               |  |
|                                     |                   |                   | exercise of all           |                  | exercise of all           |  |
|                                     |                   |                   | the conversion            |                  | the conversion            |  |
|                                     |                   |                   | rights under the          | Adjusted         | rights under the          |  |
|                                     |                   | Conversion        | Convertible               | conversion price | Convertible               |  |
|                                     |                   | price per Share   | Bonds                     | per Share        | Bonds                     |  |
|                                     |                   |                   |                           |                  | 於行使                       |  |
|                                     |                   |                   | 於行使                       |                  | 可換股債券項下                   |  |
|                                     |                   |                   | 可換股債券項下                   |                  | 所有轉換權後                    |  |
|                                     |                   |                   | 所有轉換權後                    |                  | 將予配發及                     |  |
|                                     |                   |                   | 將予配發及                     | 經調整              | 發行的經調整                    |  |
|                                     |                   | 每股換股價             | 發行的股份數目                   | 每股換股價            | 股份數目                      |  |
| 194-27                              | 40 AN ANY ST LONG | 7. 5. 7. 52 14 14 |                           |                  | A LONG BOTH THE           |  |
| Constitute Density in the second of | 合                 |                   |                           |                  |                           |  |
| Convertible Bonds in the amount of  | 金額為4,414,937港元的   |                   | 2 522 024                 |                  | 252 202                   |  |
| HK\$4,414,937                       | 可換股債券             | HK\$1.75港元        | 2,522,821                 | HK\$17.50港元      | 252,282                   |  |

### **INVESTMENT POSITION AND PLANNING**

С

投資狀況及計劃

Save as disclosed, there was no material acquisition or disposal of subsidiary and associated company or significant investments of the Group, which would have been required to be disclosed under the Rules (the "**Listing Rules**") Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Stock Exchange**") for the year ended 31 December 2022.

除已披露者外,截至二零二二年十二月三十 一日止年度,本集團概無任何附屬公司及聯 營公司之重大收購或出售或重大投資須根據 香港聯合交易所有限公司(「**聯交所**」)證券上 市規則(「上市規則」)予以披露。

#### CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Company acquired the entire equity interest in the Longhui International Catering Management Limited (the "Accounting Acquirer") on 4 July 2018 (the "Acquisition Date") was accounted for in the consolidated financial statements as reverse acquisition of the Company by the Accounting Acquirer (the "Reverse Acquisition"). The Group recognised deemed listing expenses of approximately RMB399,670,000 upon the application of the Reverse Acquisition on the Acquisition Date.

On the Acquisition Date, the Group applied the Reverse Acquisition method of accounting and recognised the identifiable assets and liabilities of the Company as at that date, including the recorded accrued expenses and other payables of approximately RMB37,578,000 as disclosed in Note 32 to the consolidated financial statements in the annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2019.

These recorded accrued expenses and other payables do not include any of the unknown liabilities of the Company brought forward from 1 January 2018, which included the amount due to a deconsolidated subsidiary of approximately RMB882,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$1,028,000) and unknown other payables of approximately RMB15,182,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$17,694,000) (collectively, the "**Unknown Liabilities**").

The Company had used its best effort to identify the nature of the Unknown Liabilities including publishing a public notice which invited any potential creditors to inform the Company of any debts or claims.

With the legal advice provided to the Company, according to Section 4(1)(a) of Chapter 347 of the Laws of Hong Kong provides that actions founded on simple contract shall not be brought after the expiration of 6 years from the date on which the course of action accrued whereas s.4(3) states that an action upon a specialty shall not be brought after the expiration of 12 years from the date on which the cause of action accrued.

# 或然負債

於二零一八年七月四日(「收購日期」),本公司 收購龍輝國際餐飲管理控股有限公司(「會計 收購方」)全部股權,於綜合財務報表列賬為 會計收購方對本公司作出的反收購(「反收 購」)。本集團於收購日期應用反收購後確認 視作上市開支約人民幣399,670,000元。

於收購日期,本集團應用反收購會計法及確 認本公司於該日的可識別資產及負債,包括 錄得應計費用及其他應付款項約人民幣 37,578,000元(於本公司截至二零一九年十二 月三十一日止年度之年報內綜合財務報表附 註32披露)。

該等所錄得應計費用及其他應付款項並不包 括本公司自二零一八年一月一日承前的任何 未知負債(包括應付取消綜合入賬附屬公司 款項約人民幣882,000元(相當於約1,028,000 港元)及其他未知應付款項約人民幣 15,182,000元(相當於約17,694,000港元)(統稱 為「未知負債」)。

本公司已盡全力識別未知負債的性質,包括 刊發公共通告邀請任何潛在債務人知會本公 司任何債務或申索。

按照本公司獲提供的法律意見,香港法例第 347章第4(1)(a)條規定,基於簡單合約為的訴 訟,不得於訴訟因由產生的日期起計滿6年 後提出,而第4(3)條載明基於蓋印文據的訴 訟,不得於訴訟因由產生的日期起計滿12年 後提出。

The Directors considered that the origin of the Unknown Liabilities is unlikely to be created under a deed and among other reasons, given actions founded on simple contract shall not be brought after 6 years from the date on which the cause of actions accrued pursuant to the Limitation Ordinance (Chapter 347 of the Laws of Hong Kong), any potential creditors would be statutorily barred from taking action against another person 6 years after the date when the liabilities were due, unless such liabilities was created under deed, in which case, the limitation period shall be 12 years from the date of the liabilities were due. As the Unknown Liabilities were incurred during the year ended 31 December 2012 and 2013, if the amount was created under simple contract the payment obligation is expired as at 31 December 2019, if the liabilities was created under deed, the payment obligations will be expired as at 31 December 2025.

Besides, the Company had entered into a debt assignment agreement with Global Courage Limited ("**Global Courage**"), pursuant to which Global Courage agrees to undertake all outstanding Unknown Liabilities.

Subject to the above matters, the possibility of outflow of economic resources in the settlement of Unknown Liabilities by the Group is not probable.

### **CAPITAL COMMITMENTS**

As at 31 December 2022, save as disclosed elsewhere in this announcement, the Group had no other significant capital commitments.

#### FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK

Most of the Group's business transactions, assets and liabilities are denominated in Renminbi and settled in Renminbi, which is the functional currency of respective group companies. The Group's exposure to currency risk is minimal. The Group has not entered into any instruments on the foreign exchange exposure. The Group will closely monitor exchange rate movement and will take appropriate activities to reduce the exchange risk. 董事認為未知負債不大可能產生自契據,尤 其是因為根據香港法例第347章《時效條例》, 基於簡單合約的訴訟於訴訟因由產生的日期 起計滿6年後不得提出,任何潛在債權人禁 止於負債到期日後6年對另一人士提出訴訟, 除非有關負債並非源自契據,在該情況下, 時限將為負債到期日後12年。由於未知負債 於截至二零一二年及二零一三年十二月三十 一日止年度產生,倘有關金額源自簡單合約, 付款責任於二零一九年十二月三十一日已屆 滿,倘有關負債源自契據,付款責任將於二 零二五年十二月三十一日屆滿。

此外,本公司已與Global Courage Limited (「Global Courage」)訂立債務轉讓協議,據 此,Global Courage同意承擔所有尚未清償未 知負債。

綜上所述,本集團清償未知負債時出現經濟 資源外流的可能性不大。

### 資本承擔

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,除本公告另 行所披露者外,本集團並無其他重大資本承 擔。

### 外幣風險

本集團大部分的業務交易、資產及負債乃以 人民幣計值及以人民幣結付,該等貨幣為相 關集團公司的功能貨幣。本集團所受外幣風 險低微。本集團並無就外匯風險訂立任何工 具。本集團將密切監察匯率變動,並將採取 適當行動降低匯率風險。

# **EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES**

The number of employees of the Group as at 31 December 2022 was 350 (2021: 429). Employees' remuneration is commensurate with their job nature, qualifications and experience. Salaries and wages are normally reviewed annually based on performance appraisals and other relevant factors. The Group continues to offer competitive remuneration packages and bonus to eligible staff, based on the performance of the Group and the individual employee.

# 僱員及薪酬政策

本集團於二零二二年十二月三十一日之僱員 人數為350名(二零二一年:429名)。員工薪 酬按其工作性質、資歷及經驗而釐定。通常 薪酬及薪金根據表現評核及其他相關因素作 每年檢討。本集團會根據本集團及個別員工 的表現,繼續向符合資格的員工給予具競爭 力的薪酬組合和花紅。

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

**Mr. Hung Shui Chak ("Mr. Hung")** (formerly known as Hung Pan), aged 53, was appointed as the chairman of the Board, an executive Director, a member of the nomination committee of the Company (the "**Nomination Committee**") and an authorised representative under rule 3.05 of the Listing Rules (the "**Authorised Representative**") of the Company on 6 July 2018. He is also a director of various subsidiaries of the Company.

Mr. Hung is primarily responsible for formulating the overall development strategies and business plan of the Group. Mr. Hung has engaged in the investment and operation of trading of raw materials in food and catering and automobile business in Hong Kong prior to 1990. He has vast experiences of investments in various businesses in the PRC and commenced in investments in the PRC. He has now accumulated over 19 years of experience in the management of food and catering industry in the PRC.

Mr. Hung took the overall business development of the Group and continues to oversee the management of the operations and business of the Group. He has guided the operations and business of the Group in adhering to quality and innovation in the operations since he took up the business development of the Group.

Mr. Hung held a controlling interest in Carsone Car Detailing Service Company Limited\* (上海比鄰美車堂汽車美容有限公司) ("**Carsone**"), a company which principally engaged in motor detailing business in the PRC, and Mr. Hung disposed of his interest in Carsone to an independent third party in 2012 and now retains a minority interest of approximately 5.4% in Carsone. Mr. Hung also remains as a director of a holding company of Carsone.

# 執行董事

**洪瑞澤先生(「洪先生」)**(前名洪斌),53歲, 於二零一八年七月六日獲委任為董事會主席、 執行董事、本公司提名委員會(「**提名委員會**」) 成員及本公司上市規則第3.05條下的授權代 表(「授權代表」)。彼亦為本公司多間附屬公 司之董事。

洪先生主要負責制訂本集團的整體發展策略 及業務計劃。洪先生於一九九零年之前在香 港從事食品及餐飲原材料貿易以及汽車業務 的投資及營運。彼於中國的不同業務累積大 量投資經驗,並開始在中國進行投資。彼目 前於中國食品及餐飲業累積逾19年管理經 驗。

洪先生接管本集團的整體業務發展,並持續 監督本集團的營運及業務管理。自接管本集 團的業務發展以來,彼領導本集團的營運及 業務,堅守營運質量及創新。

洪先生持有上海比鄰美車堂汽車美容有限公司(「美車堂」)的控股權益,該公司主要於中國從事汽車美容業務。二零一二年,洪先生出售其於美車堂的權益予獨立第三方,目前於美車堂保留約5.4%的少數權益。洪先生亦為美車堂一間控股公司的董事。

In 2011, Mr. Hung and Dragonfair International Limited ("Dragonfair"), a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability and the entire issued share capital of which was held by Mr. Hung, were investigated by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong and subsequently charged for failure to perform a duty of disclosure within the specific period without reasonable excuse contrary to sections 310(1)(a), 313(1)(b), 316(2)(a), 324, 325(1)(a) and 328(a)(ii) of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO"), which arose from certain transactions involved the dealing in shares of Kaisun Energy Group Limited ("KEG") (now known as "Kaisun Holdings Limited"), a company listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 8203). Such dealings happened on 11 December 2009 when Dragonfair disposed of 7,000,000 shares of KEG, and the shareholdings in KEG of Mr. Hung (being the sole shareholder of Dragonfair) and Dragonfair fell to below 5%, hence ceased to have a notifiable interest. However, pursuant to sections 310(1)(a), 313(1) (b), 324 and 325(1)(a) of the SFO, Mr. Hung and Dragonfair came under a duty to disclose to the Stock Exchange and KEG the cessation of his/its notifiable interest as a result of such disposal within the specific period under the SFO, but due to miscommunication with agents who were asked to prepare the disclosure forms for Dragonfair and Mr. Hung, such disclosure of interest notifications were not filed with the Stock Exchange and KEG until 31 August 2010. The summonses were heard at the Eastern Magistracy and Mr. Hung and Dragonfair pleaded guilty to the relevant charges, and each of them was fined HK\$4,000 and ordered to pay legal costs of HK\$6,396, which had been fully settled by Mr. Hung and Dragonfair.

Mr. Hung is the sole shareholder and the sole director of Shui Chak Group Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability and the controlling Shareholder (as defined in the Listing Rules). Mr. Hung is deemed, by virtue of his interest in Shui Chak Group Limited, to be interested in 49,882,462 Shares under the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong), representing approximately 50.84% of the issued share capital of the Company. 洪先生及龍輝國際有限公司(「龍輝」)(於英屬 處女群島註冊成立之有限公司,其全部已發 行股本由洪先生持有)於二零一一年遭香港 證券及期貨事務監察委員會調查,隨後被控 訴違反香港法例第571章《證券及期貨條例》 (「證券及期貨條例」)第310(1)(a)、313(1)(b)、 316(2)(a)、324、325(1)(a)及328(a)(ii)條,在沒 有合理辯解的情形下,於特定期間內並無就 涉及買賣凱順能源集團有限公司(「凱順」)(現 稱為「凱順控股有限公司」)(聯交所GEM上市 公司,股份代號:8203)股份的若干交易履行 披露責任。該等買賣於二零零九年十二月十 一日進行, 龍輝出售凱順的7,000,000股股 份,而洪先生(為龍輝的唯一股東)及龍輝於 凱順的股權下降至少於5%,因此不再持有 須申報權益。然而,根據證券及期貨條例第 310(1)(a)、313(1)(b)、324及325(1)(a)條,洪先 生及龍輝有責任於證券及期貨條例所規定的 期限內向聯交所及凱順披露彼等因該等出售 而不再持有須申報權益,惟由於與代理人溝 通出错,彼等要求代理人編備龍輝及洪先生 的披露表格,相關權益披露延至二零一零年 八月三十一日才向聯交所及凱順報備。傳訊 令狀已於東區裁判法院聆訊,洪先生及龍輝 承認有關控訴,各方須繳付4,000港元的罰款 另加法律費用6,396港元,洪先生及龍輝已悉 數繳款。

洪先生為瑞澤集團有限公司(在英屬處女群 島註冊成立的有限公司及控股股東(定義見 上市規則))的唯一股東及唯一董事。洪先生 根據其於瑞澤集團有限公司擁有的權益而被 視為根據香港法例第571章《證券及期貨條 例》,於49,882,462股股份中擁有權益,佔本 公司已發行股本約50.84%。

**Mr. So Kam Chuen ("Mr. So")**, aged 42, was appointed as an executive Director on 6 July 2018. He is also a director of a subsidiary of the Company and the supervisor of a subsidiary of the Company.

Mr. So is responsible for overseeing the overall management, dayto-day operation and production of the Group. He joined the Group in 2004 and is serving as the Executive Chef and Brand General Manager of Faigo (輝哥) and Xiao Faigo (小輝哥) and has over 20 years of experience in the catering industry and operations management. He joined the catering business in Hong Kong after finishing school education in Hong Kong in 1997. During his service with the Group, Mr. So is responsible for overseeing the operations of all the restaurants of the Group, developing new cuisine, controlling the quality of food and services of Faigo (輝哥) and Xiao Faigo (小輝哥) to ensure the upscale of food and services.

Mr. So is personally interested in 860,934 shares and 87,299 underlying shares of the Company, representing approximately 0.97% of the issued share capital of the Company.

**Mr. Yuan Mingjie ("Mr. Yuan")**, aged 43, was appointed as an executive Director and an authorised representative of the Company on 6 July 2018.

Mr. Yuan is responsible for overseeing the overall financial management and reporting and corporate finance matters of the Group. He has over 20 years of experience in auditing and accounting in various industries. He was the Vice President and Corporate Secretary of CY Oriental Holdings Ltd., a company listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange (stock code: CYO:APH), from 2004 to 2008. He also served as an auditor at PricewaterhouseCoopers Zhong Tian CPAs Limited Company from 2001 to 2003. Mr. Yuan served as the Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer of Carsone from 2012 to 2018. Mr. Yuan was awarded a Bachelor Degree in English Language and Literature from Shanghai International Studies University (上海外國語大學) in 2001 and a Master Degree in Business Administration from Shanghai Jiao Tong University (上海交通大學) in 2012.

Mr. Yuan is personally interested in 751,360 shares of the Company, representing approximately 0.77% of the issued share capital of the Company.

蘇錦存先生(「蘇先生」),42歲,於二零一八 年七月六日獲委任為執行董事。彼亦為本公 司一間附屬公司之董事及本公司一間附屬公 司之監事。

蘇先生負責監督本集團的整體管理、日常營 運及生產。彼於二零零四年加入本集團及擔 任輝哥及小輝哥的行政總廚及品牌總經理, 在餐飲業以及營運管理方面累積逾20年經 驗。彼於一九九七年在香港完成學業後投身 香港餐飲業。蘇先生任職於本集團期間,負 責監督本集團所有食店的營運、開發新菜式、 控制輝哥及小輝哥的食品及服務質素,確保 食品及服務的優質水平。

蘇先生於本公司860,934股股份及87,299股相 關股份中擁有個人權益,佔本公司已發行股 本約0.97%。

**袁明捷先生(「袁先生」)**,43歲,於二零一八 年七月六日獲委任為本公司執行董事及授權 代表。

袁先生負責監督本集團的整體財務管理及報 告與企業融資事宜。彼於不同行業累積超過 20年核數及會計經驗。彼自二零零四年至二 零零八年擔任CY Oriental Holdings Ltd. (一家 多倫多證券交易所上市公司,股份代號: CYO:APH)的副總裁及公司秘書。彼自二零零 一年至二零零三年於普華永道中天會計事務 所有限公司任職核數師。袁先生自二零一二 年至二零一八年於美車堂任職執行副總裁 前有限公司任職核數師。袁先生自二零一二 年至二零一八年於美車堂任職執行副總 載兼 首席營運官。袁先生於二零零一年取得上海 外國語大學的英國語文及文學學士學位,於 二零一二年取得上海交通大學的工商管理碩 士學位。

袁先生於本公司751,360股股份中擁有個人權 益,佔本公司已發行股本約0.77%。



#### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

**Mr. Tam Bing Chung Benson ("Mr. Tam")**, aged 59, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 1 March 2019. He is the chairman of the remuneration committee (the "**Remuneration Committee**") and a member of the audit committee (the "**Audit Committee**") of the Company.

Mr. Tam is a member of The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. He holds a Master of Science degree from University of Oxford and a Bachelor of Science (Engineering) degree in civil engineering from Imperial College of University of London.

Mr. Tam is the founder and chief executive officer of Venturous Group, China's first Citytech™ Group with a mission to make cities smarter, since April 2019. From 2002 to 2012, he was a partner of Fidelity Growth Partners Asia (formerly named Fidelity Asia Ventures), an Asian venture capital firm with a principal focus on China. Prior to joining Fidelity Growth Partners Asia, Mr. Tam was an investment banker and a private equity investor in Europe and Asia with leading financial institutions. He is currently a director of several private companies. Mr. Tam is an independent non-executive director of Yeahka Limited (stock code: 9923), the issued shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange. He is an independent director of Hello Group Inc. (stock symbol: MOMO), the shares of which are listed on the NASDAQ Stock Exchange. Mr. Tam is also a director of Podinn Hotel Zhejiang Co., Ltd (NEEQ: 839121), the shares of which are listed on the National Equities Exchange and Quotations.

**Mr. Cheung Ting Pong ("Mr. Cheung")**, aged 43, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 30 June 2020. He is the chairman of each of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee and a member of the Remuneration Committee.

Mr. Cheung has over 15 years of experience in financial operations. He obtained a bachelor's degree in business administration (accountancy) from the City University of Hong Kong and a master's degree in business administration from the University of Manchester in the United Kingdom. He has been a fellow member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, and a fellow member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

### 獨立非執行董事

**譚秉忠先生(「譚先生」)**,59歲,於二零一九 年三月一日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼為 本公司薪酬委員會(「**薪酬委員會**」)主席及審 核委員會(「**審核委員會**」)成員。

譚先生為英格蘭及威爾士特許會計師公會會 員。彼持有牛津大學理學碩士學位及倫敦大 學帝國學院土木工程系理學(工程)學士學 位。

譚先生自二零一九年四月起 擔任 Venturous Group的創辦人及首席執行官,該集團是中 國第一家以使城市更智慧為使命的Citytech™ 集團。由二零零二年至二零一二年,彼為 Fidelity Growth Partners Asia (前稱 Fidelity Asia Ventures)(一家主要著重中國的亞洲創業 基金公司)的合夥人。在加入Fidelity Growth Partners Asia之前, 譚先生為領先的金融機 構出任歐洲及亞洲投資銀行家及私募股權投 資商。彼目前為數間私營公司的董事。譚先 生為移卡有限公司(股票代號:9923)的獨立 非執行董事,其已發行股份於聯交所上市。 彼為Hello Group Inc. (股票代碼: MOMO)的 獨立董事,其股份於納斯達克聯交所上市。 譚先生亦為布丁酒店浙江股份有限公司 (NEEQ:839121)的董事,其股份於全國中小 企業股份轉讓系統上市。

張霆邦先生(「張先生」),43歲,於二零二零 年六月三十日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼 為審核委員會及提名委員會之主席及薪酬委 員會之成員。

張先生於財務營運方面擁有逾15年經驗。彼 獲得香港城市大學工商管理學士(會計)學位, 並獲得英國曼徹斯特大學工商管理碩士學 位。彼為英格蘭及威爾斯特許會計師公會資 深會員及香港會計師公會資深會員。

Mr. Cheung is currently an independent non-executive director of each of AVIC Joy Holdings (HK) Limited (stock code: 260) and Hope Life International Holdings Limited (stock code: 1683). He was a joint company secretary of Future Data Group Limited (stock code: 8229) from July 2021 to August 2021, the finance and investor relations director and a joint company secretary of Dalipal Holdings Limited (stock code: 1921) from September 2021 to December 2021, an executive director and a non-executive director of Sanbase Corporation Limited (stock code: 8501) from July 2017 to May 2018 and from May 2018 to October 2019, respectively, the company secretary of Munsun Capital Group Limited (now known as Bay Area Gold Group Limited) (stock code: 1194) from November 2016 to January 2017 and an executive director, chief financial officer and company secretary of Modern Dental Group Limited (stock code: 3600) from March 2011 to October 2016. The issued shares of these companies are listed on the Stock Exchange.

**Mr. Shum Kei Yiu Daniel ("Mr. Shum")**, aged 43, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 31 August 2021. He is a member of each of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee.

Mr. Shum holds a bachelor's degree in business administration from The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology. He is a Chartered Financial Analyst (CFA), a Fellow Chartered and Certified Accountant (FCCA) and a Financial Risk Manager (FRM). Mr. Shum is a responsible officer of Sunfund Securities Limited, a licensed corporation which carries out Type 1 (dealing in securities) and Type 4 (advising on securities) regulated activities under the SFO. He is also a responsible officer of Sunfund Fund Management Limited, a licensed corporation which carries out Type 9 (asset management) regulated activity under the SFO. Mr. Shum has extensive experience in corporate finance, financial and accounting fields. 張先生現為幸福控股(香港)有限公司(股份 代號:260)及曠逸國際控股有限公司(股份代 號:1683)各自之獨立非執行董事。彼於二零 二一年七月至二零二一年八月擔任Future Data Group Limited (股份代號: 8229)的聯席公司 秘書,於二零二一年九月至二零二一年十二月 擔任達力普控股有限公司(股份代號:1921) 的財務及投資者關係總監及聯席公司秘書, 並分別於二零一七年七月至二零一八年五月 和二零一八年五月至二零一九年十月於莊皇 集團公司(股份代號:8501)擔任執行董事及 非執行董事,於二零一六年十一月至二零一 七年一月於麥盛資本集團有限公司(現稱灣區 黃金集團有限公司)(股份代號:1194)擔任公 司秘書,以及於二零一一年三月至二零一六 年十月擔任現代牙科集團有限公司(股份代 號:3600)的執行董事、財務總監及公司秘 書。該等公司的已發行股份於聯交所上市。

**沈其耀先生(「沈先生」)**,43歲,於二零二一 年八月三十一日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。 彼為審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會 之成員。

沈先生持有香港科技大學工商管理學士學 位。彼為特許金融分析師(CFA)、特許公認會 計師(FCCA)及金融風險管理師(FRM)。沈先生 為東皓證券有限公司的負責人員,該公司為 根據證券及期貨條例進行第1類(證券交易)及 第4類(就證券提供意見)受監管活動的持牌 法團。彼亦為東皓基金管理有限公司的負責 人員,該公司為根據證券及期貨條例進行第 9類(資產管理)受監管活動的持牌法團。沈 先生在企業融資、金融及會計領域擁有豐富 的經驗。

#### SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Ms. Bi Jia (畢佳女士) ("Ms. Bi"), aged 42, is the Public Affair Manager of the Group. She is primarily responsible for managing the public and external affairs, coordination between departments and handling brands related matters of the Group. Ms. Bi joined the Group on 1 September 2012. She has over 11 years of experience in secretarial duties. Prior to joining the Group, Ms. Bi served as the Chairman Assistant at Carsone from 2010 to 2012. Prior to it, she was the Finance Manager of Carsone from 2005 to 2010. She obtained a bachelor's degree in Financial Management (財務管理) from East China University of Science and Technology\* (華東理工大 學) in January of 2008.

Mr. Yu Jun (余俊先生) ("Mr. Yu"), aged 40, is the Manager of Information Technology of the Group. He is primarily responsible for managing IT related matters of the Group. Mr. Yu joined the Group on 18 October 2013. He has over 10 years of experience in managing IT operations. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Yu served as IT Manager at Shanghai Longbong Clothing Company Limited\* (上 海隆邦服飾有限公司) from 2012 to 2013. He was the IT Manager at Shanghai Baishihao Electronic Business Company Limited\* (上海百 世好電子商務有限公司) from 2007 to 2012. He obtained a Bachelor degree in Mathematics and Applied Mathematics from Donghua University (東華大學) in 2005.

\* For identification purposes only

### 高級管理層

**畢佳女士(「畢女士」)**,現年42歲,為本集團 的公關經理。畢女士主要負責管理公關及外 部事宜、部門協調及處理本集團品牌方面事 宜。畢女士於二零一二年九月一日加入本集 團,於秘書工作有逾11年經驗。加入本集團 前,畢女士曾於二零一零年至二零一二年擔 任美車堂主席助理。此前,在二零零五年至 二零一零年間,彼為美車堂的財務經理。彼 於二零零八年一月獲華東理工大學頒授財務 管理學士學位。

**余俊先生(「余先生」)**,現年40歲,為本集團 的資訊科技經理,主要負責管理本集團的資 訊科技方面事宜。余先生於二零一三年十月 十八日加入本集團,於資訊科技方面有逾10 年經驗。加入本集團前,余先生在二零一二 年至二零一三年間任職上海隆邦服飾有限公 司的資訊科技經理。彼於二零零七年至二零 一二年為上海百世好電子商務有限公司的資 訊科技經理。余先生於二零零五年獲東華大 學頒授數學與應用數學學士學位。

\* 僅供識別

# COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Directors recognise the importance of incorporating the elements of good corporate governance in the management structures and internal control procedures of the Group so as to achieve effective accountability to the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

Throughout the year, to the best knowledge of the Board, the Company has applied the principles and complied with all the applicable code provisions as out in the Corporate Governance Code to the Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules in force during the year (the "**CG Code**") except for the deviation as mentioned below.

**Code Provision C.2.1** 

Pursuant to the code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

The role of the chairman of the Board is performed by Mr. Hung Shui Chak who possesses essential leadership skills and has extensive knowledge in the business of the Group. The Board believes that vesting the role of the chairman in Mr. Hung provides the Company with strong and consistent leadership, facilitates effective and efficient planning, implementation of business decisions and strategies, and ensures the generation of benefits to the shareholders of the Company.

Although the appointment of the chief executive officer of the Company remains outstanding, the overall management of the Company is performed by the executive Directors and the senior management of the Group whom have extensive experience in the business of the Group. Their respective areas of profession spearhead the Group's overall development and business strategies.

# 遵從企業管治守則

董事認同為達致向本公司整體股東有效的問 責性,在本集團管理架構及內部控制程序引 進良好企業管治元素非常重要。

於整個年度,據董事會所深知,本公司已應 用原則,並遵守上市規則附錄十四所載於年 內有效的企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」)的 適用守則條文,惟下文所述者除外。

#### 守則條文第C.2.1條

根據企業管治守則的守則條文C.2.1規定,主 席及行政總裁應有所區分,不應由同一人兼 任。

由洪瑞澤先生擔任董事會主席,彼具備必要 的領導技能,並對本集團業務擁有深入的了 解。董事會認為,主席一職由洪先生擔任, 令本公司之領導強勢及貫徹一致,可促進有 效及快速計劃及實行業務決策及策略,確保 本公司股東的整體利益。

儘管尚未委任本公司行政總裁,本公司的整 體管理由對本集團業務具備豐富經驗的執行 董事及本集團高級管理層實施。彼等各自的 專業範圍引導了本集團整體發展及業務策 略。

# MODEL CODE FOR DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions with terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "**Model Code**") in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules.

All Directors have confirmed, following the specific enquiry by the Company, that they complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code during the year ended 31 December 2022 and up to the date of this Annual Report.

# **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The Board possesses a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the businesses of the Group. The Directors with a variety and a balance of skills and experience in restaurant management, business development, auditing, accounting, financial management and corporate finance which is relevant in managing the businesses in which the Group is engaged.

To the best of the knowledge of the Company, there is no financial, business, family or other material or relevant relationships between Board members and the Chairman.

The Board has established the Group's purpose, value and strategy, and has satisfied itself that these and the Group's culture is aligned. The Directors have acted with integrity, lead by example(s), and promote the desired culture to support the Group's pursuit of success. The fairness, impartiality, honesty, integrity and ethical long-term business practices should be stated as one of the core values of the Group.

# 董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已就董事的證券交易採納一套行為準則,其條款不遜於市規則附錄十所載《上市 發行人董事進行證券交易之標準守則》(「標準 守則」)所規定之準則。

全體董事已經確認,經本公司特定查詢後, 彼等於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度及直至本年報日期,已遵從標準守則所載 的要求標準。

# 董事會

董事會擁有適合本集團業務要求的技能、經 驗及觀點的多樣化平衡。董事在餐廳管理、 業務發展、審計、會計、財務管理及企業融 資等方面具有豐富和平衡的技能及經驗,與 管理本集團所從事的業務有關。

據本公司所深知,董事會成員之間及主席之 間不存在財務、商業、家庭或其他重大或相 關關係。

董事會已確立本集團的宗旨、價值及策略, 並確信其與本集團的文化是一致的。董事誠 信行事,以身作則,促進理想的文化,支持 本集團追求成功。公平、公正、誠實、正直 及有道德的長期商業慣例皆屬本集團的核心 價值。

During the year, the Group has adopted anti-corruption policy (the "Anti-Corruption Policy") and whistleblowing policy (the "Whistleblowing Policy") to provide the platforms for reporting issues and concerns on any misconduct, and to uphold business integrity in the operations. These two policies are the core of establishing a healthy corporate culture and promoting high ethical standards in the Group.

The Group will continuously oversee the day-to-day implementation of these policies, and consider and approve changes to these policies, if necessary. The Group believes that a healthy corporate culture is very important for good corporate governance, which is essential for achieving the long-terms success and fostering the sustainability of the Group.

Appropriate liability insurance for the Directors has been arranged for indemnifying their liabilities arising out of corporate activities.

#### Functions of the Board

The principal function of the Board is to consider and approve strategies, financial objectives, annual budget, investment proposals of the Group and to assume the responsibilities of corporate governance of the Group. The Board delegates the authority and responsibility for implementing day-to-day operations, business strategies and management of the Group's businesses to the executive Directors, management of the Company and certain specific responsibilities to the Board committees.

As at the date of this Annual Report, the Board currently comprises six Directors, of whom three are executive Directors and three are independent non-executive Directors.

#### **Executive Directors:**

Mr. Hung Shui Chak *(Chairman)* Mr. So Kam Chuen Mr. Yuan Mingjie

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Tam Bing Chung Benson Mr. Cheung Ting Pong Mr. Shum Kei Yiu Daniel 年內,本集團採納了反貪污政策(「**反貪污政** 策」)及舉報政策(「**舉報政策**」),提供平台以 舉報任何不當行為,並在營運中維護商業誠 信。該兩項政策為本集團建立健康企業文化 及促進高道德標準的核心。

本集團將持續監督該等政策的日常實施,並 在必要時考慮及批准該等政策的修訂。本集 團認為,健康的企業文化對良好企業管治至 關重要,其為實現本集團長期成功及促進可 持續發展之關鍵。

本公司已為董事安排適當之責任保險,就彼 等因企業活動須承擔之責任給予彌償。

董事會的職能

董事會的主要職能為考慮及批核本集團的策略、財務目標、年度預算及投資建議,以及 承擔本集團企業管治的責任。董事會將執行 日常運作、業務策略及本集團業務管理的權 力及責任授予執行董事及本公司管理層,並 將若干具體責任授予董事會屬下委員會。

於本年報日期,董事會目前由六名董事組成, 其中三名為執行董事,三名為獨立非執行董 事。

#### 執行董事

洪瑞澤先生(*主席)* 蘇錦存先生 袁明捷先生

獨立非執行董事

譚秉忠先生 張霆邦先生 沈其耀先生

The names of the Directors in office during 2022 and up to the date of this Annual Report and details of retiring Directors to be reelected at the 2023 AGM are set out in the section headed 'Report of the Directors' in this Annual Report. The biographical details of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" in this Annual Report. Updated list of Directors identifying their role and function are maintained on the websites of the Stock Exchange at http://www. hkexnews.hk and the Company at http://www.cre8ir.com/longhui/.

#### **Chairman and Chief Executive**

The Chairman takes primary responsibility for ensuring that good corporate governance practices and procedures are established, and is responsible for the management of the Board and ensures that all Directors receive adequate, complete and reliable information in a timely manner and appropriate briefing on issues arising at Board meetings. The Chief Executive Officer is primarily responsible for the overall management of the Group and oversight of the management. The management is responsible for the day-to-day operations of the Group. The roles and division of responsibilities between the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer are clearly established.

Presently, Mr. Hung Shui Chak is the Chairman of the Company. The Chairman is primarily responsible for leading the Board and ensuring that the Board functions effectively.

Up to the date of this Annual Report, the Board has not appointed any individual to the post of Chief Executive Officer. The responsibilities of the Chief Executive Officer have been performed by all executive Directors, including the Chairman and the senior management of the Group.

The reasons for the deviation from the code provision C.2.1 under the CG Code are set out in the section headed "Compliance with the Corporate Governance Code" in this Annual Report. 於二零二二年及直至本年報日期的在任董事 姓名,以及將於二零二三年股東週年大會上 重選的退任董事資料載列於本年報「董事會 報告書」一節。董事的履歷詳情載於本年報 「董事及高級管理層履歷」一節。列明其角色 及職能的最新董事名單已於聯交所網站 (http://www.hkexnews.hk)及本公司網站 (http://www.cre8ir.com/longhui/)上公佈。

#### 主席及行政總裁

主席主要負責確保建立良好的公司管治慣例 及程序,並負責董事會的管理,確保所有董 事及時收到充分、完整及可靠的資料,並就 董事會會議上出現的問題進行適當的通報。 行政總裁主要負責本集團的整體管理及對管 理層的監督。管理層負責本集團的日常運作。 主席及行政總裁之間的角色及職能分工明確。

目前,洪瑞澤先生為本公司的主席。主席主 要負責領導董事會並確保董事會有效運作。

截至本年報日期,董事會並無委任任何個人 擔任行政總裁的職務。行政總裁的職責一直 由所有執行董事(包括主席和本集團的高級 管理層)履行。

偏離企業管治守則守則條文第C.2.1條的原因 載於本年報「遵守企業管治守則」一節。

#### **Independent of Non-executive Directors**

All Directors, including independent non-executive Directors, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning. Independent non-executive Directors are invited to serve on the audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee. The Company has complied with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive director, with at least one of them has appropriate accounting and related financial management expertise as required by the Listing Rules. The total number of independent non-executive Directors represented half of the Board members so that there is a strong independent element on the Board, which can effectively exercise independent judgement.

The Company has received an annual confirmation of independence from each of the independent non-executive Directors. The Company is of the view that all of the independent non-executive Directors meet the guidelines for assessing independence as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and considers them to be independent.

#### **Board Meetings**

Board meetings are held regularly and at least four times a year at approximately quarterly intervals to approve, among other things, the financial results of the Company. Regular Board meetings are scheduled in advance to give the Directors an opportunity to attend. All Directors are invited to include matters in the agenda for regular Board meetings. For all other Board meetings, reasonable notices are given to Directors. Directors can attend Board meetings either in person or by electronic means of communication.

During the year, a total of six Board meetings were held. There was satisfactory attendance for Board meetings, which evidences prompt attention of the Directors to the affairs of the Company.

The company secretary of the Company (the "**Company Secretary**") is responsible for taking minutes of all Board and Board committee meetings. Draft minutes are circulated to Board or Board committee members unless a conflict of interest arises and the final version of minutes are open for inspection by the Directors upon reasonable notice.

All Directors have accessed to the Company Secretary who is responsible for ensuring that Board procedures are complied with and all applicable rules and regulations are followed.

#### 非執行董事的獨立性

全體董事,包括獨立非執行董事,皆為董事 會帶來廣泛而寶貴的商業經驗、知識及專業 精神,使其能夠高效且有效地運作。獨立非 執行董事獲邀請擔任審核委員會、薪酬委員 會及提名委員會成員。本公司已遵從上市規 則第3.13條有關委任最少三名獨立非執行董 事,而其中最少一名獨立非執行董事須具備 上市規則規定之適當會計及相關財務管理員 的半數,使董事會在很大程度上保持獨立, 從而能夠有效作出獨立判斷。

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事的年度獨立 性確認函。本公司認為,全體獨立非執行董 事均符合上市規則第3.13條規定的獨立性評 估準則,並認為彼等具有獨立性。

#### 董事會會議

董事會會議定期舉行,每年至少四次,大約 每季度一次,以批准(其中包括)本公司財務 業績。定期董事會會議日期均預先按排,以 便讓董事有機會參與。全體董事均獲邀請在 董事會定期會議的議程上加入議題。就所有 其他董事會會議而言,則會向董事發出合理 通知。董事可親身出席董事會會議,亦可通 過電子通訊方式出席。

年內,共舉行六次董事會會議。董事會會議 的出席率令人滿意,證明董事均積極關注本 公司事務。

本公司的公司秘書(「**公司秘書**」)負責記錄所 有董事會及董事會委員會的會議記錄。除非 出現利益衝突,否則會議記錄的草稿會分發 董事會或董事會委員會成員,而會議記錄的 最終版本會在合理通知下公開供董事查閱。

全體董事均可接觸到公司秘書,公司秘書須 確保董事會程序獲遵行及所有適用規則及規 例均獲遵守。

If a substantial Shareholder or a Director has a conflict of interest in a matter to be considered by the Board which the Board has determined to be material, the matter will be dealt with by a physical Board meeting rather than by a written resolution. Independent non-executive Directors who have no material interest in the transaction will be present at such Board meeting.

Attendance at Board Meetings and General Meetings

During the year, the attendance records of the Directors at Board meetings, Annual General Meeting ("**AGM**") and Extraordinary General Meeting ("**EGM**") (attendance by either in person or by electronic means of communication) are as follows:

倘主要股東或董事在董事會審議的事項中存 在利益衝突,且董事會認為該事項重大,則 該事項將通過實際的董事會會議而不非書面 決議處理。在交易中並無重大利益的獨立非 執行董事將出席該董事會會議。

董事會會議及股東大會的出席情況

年內,董事於董事會會議、股東週年大會 (「股東週年大會」)及股東特別大會(「股東特 別大會」)的出席記錄(親身或通過電子通訊 方式出席)如下:

|  | Number of meetings during the year<br>Attended/Eligible to attend<br>年內出席/有資格出席的會議次數 |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  | Board<br>Meetings<br>董事會會議   | AGM<br>held on<br>28 June<br>2022<br>於二零二二年<br>六月二十八日<br>舉行之<br>股東週年大會 | EGM<br>held on<br>28 June<br>2022<br>於二零二二年<br>六月二十八日<br>舉行之<br>股東特別大會 |  |  |
| Executive Directors                            | NE STATAS DATAS  | 以後に対象に   | TY MILLY   |  |  |
| A 行董事  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mr. Hung Shui Chak<br>洪瑞澤先生                    | 6/6  | 1/1  | 1/1  |  |  |
| Mr. So Kam Chuen<br>蘇錦存先生                      | 6/6  | 1/1  | 1/1  |  |  |
| Mr. Yuan Mingjie<br>袁明捷先生                      | 6/6  | 1/1  | 1/1  |  |  |
| Independent Non-executive Directors<br>獨立非執行董事 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mr. Tam Bing Chung Benson<br>譚秉忠先生             | 4/6  | 1/1  | 1/1  |  |  |
| Mr. Cheung Ting Pong<br>張霆邦先生                  | 5/6  | 1/1  | 1/1  |  |  |
| Mr. Shum Kei Yiu Daniel<br>沈其耀先生               | 5/6  | 1/1  | 1/1  |  |  |

The attendance of a Director is stated by reference to the number of meetings held during his/her tenure if he/she was appointed part way during the year.

就於年內中途獲委任的董事而言,其出席記 錄乃參照其任內所舉行之會議次數而列出。

Induction and Continuous Professional Development of Directors

Newly appointed Directors are provided with induction training. Each of them will receive a Director's Handbook which contains the terms of reference of the Board's committees, the information on the duties and responsibilities of directors under statutory regulations and the Listing Rules, and other information on corporate governance matters. They will also receive the materials on the operations and businesses of the Group. The Directors should participate in continuing professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant.

During the year, all Directors have participated in appropriate continuous professional development training to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills pursuant to code provision C.1.4 of the CG Code. Reading materials on relevant topics are sent to the Directors where appropriate.

Each of the Directors participated in the following trainings during the year:

董事之入職及持續專業發展

新委任董事將獲提供入職培訓。各位董事將 收到董事行為手冊,當中載有董事會委員會 職能、董事於法定法規及上市規則下之職責 資料,以及企業管治事宜相關之其他資料。 彼等亦將收到有關本集團之運營及業務材 料。董事應參與持續專業發展以發展並更新 其知識及技能,確保其繼續在具備資訊及切 合所需的情況下對董事會作出貢獻。

年內,全體董事參與適當的持續專業發展培 訓,以根據企業管治守則守則條文第C.1.4條 發展及更新其知識和技能。相關主題的閱讀 材料將於適當時候發送予董事。

年內,各董事參與以下培訓:

| Attending seminars | Reading materials      |
|--------------------|------------------------|
| or giving talks of | relating to directors' |
| seminars/webinars/ | development and        |
| conferences/forums | duties                 |
| 出席講座或在研討會/         |                        |
| 網絡研討會/會議/          | 閱讀有關董事發展               |
| 論壇上發表演講            | 及職務之材料                 |

| Executive Directors                 |                 |             |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|
| 執行董事                                |                 |             |
| Mr. Hung Shui Chak                  | 10-11-07-07 See | 1           |
| 洪瑞澤先生                               |                 |             |
| Mr. So Kam Chuen                    | 机动物 计子子机 机制     | 1           |
| 蘇錦存先生                               |                 |             |
| Mr. Yuan Mingjie                    |                 | 1           |
| 袁明捷先生                               |                 |             |
| Independent non-executive Directors |                 |             |
| 獨立非執行董事                             |                 |             |
| Mr. Tam Bing Chung Benson           | 1               | the section |
| 譚秉忠先生                               |                 |             |
| Mr. Cheung Ting Pong                | 1               | 1           |
| 張霆邦先生                               |                 |             |
| Mr. Shum Kei Yiu Daniel             | 1               | 1           |
| 沈其耀先生                               |                 |             |

# 6

## Appointment, Re-election and Retirement of the Directors

Directors should be nominated by the members of the Board to fill casual vacancies or as an addition to the existing Board. The Nomination Committee, in consultation with the Board, determines the selection criteria and identifies candidates with the appropriate expertise and experience for the appointments of new Directors. The Nomination Committee then nominates the most suitable candidate to be appointed to the Board.

By virtue of article 83(3) of the Articles of Association of the Company (the "**Articles of Association**"), the Directors shall have the power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy on the Board or as an addition to the existing Board. Any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office until the first general meeting of Shareholders after his appointment and be subject to reelection at such meeting and any Director appointed by the Board as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next following AGM of the Company and shall then be eligible for reelection.

Code provision B.2.2 of the CG Code states that every director, including those appointed for a specific term, shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

Furthermore, pursuant to the article 84(1) of the Articles of Association, at each annual general meeting one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three (3), the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement at an annual general meeting at least once every three years.

Each of Mr. Hung Shui Chak, Mr. So Kam Chuen and Mr. Yuan Mingjie, the executive Directors, has entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial term of 3 years and shall continue thereafter until terminated by either party by giving three (3) months' notice in writing at any time after such initial term to the other. Moreover, each of Mr. Tam Bing Chung Benson, Mr. Cheung Ting Pong and Mr. Shum Kei Yiu Daniel, being the independent non-executive Directors, has entered into an appointment letter with the Company for an initial term of 3 years which may be terminated by either party by giving three (3) months' notice in writing at any time after such initial term to the other.

## 董事委任、膺選連任及退任

董事須獲董事會成員提名以填補臨時空缺或 加入現時董事會。提名委員會諮詢董事會 後,釐定甄選準則及物色具適當專長及經驗 之人選,從中委任新董事。提名委員會屆時 提名最適合的人選委任加入董事會。

根據本公司的章程細則(「章程細則」)第83(3) 條,董事有權不時及隨時委任任何人士為董 事以填補臨時董事空缺或增添董事。獲委任 填補臨時空缺的任何董事須一直擔任該職 務,直至本公司舉行其獲委任後的首屆股東 大會為止,並於該大會上膺選連任,而獲委 任新加入現行董事會的任何董事,則須擔任 該職務直至本公司舉行下屆股東週年大會為 止,並於該大會上合資格膺選連任。

企業管治守則守則條文第B.2.2條規定各董 事,包括獲委任指定任期之董事須至少每三 年輪席退任。

此外,根據章程細則第84(1)條,在每屆股東 週年大會上,當時三分之一的董事(若其人數 並非三(3)的倍數,則以最接近但不超過三分 之一的人數)將輪流退任,惟每位董事必須 最少每三年於股東週年大會上退任一次。

執行董事洪瑞澤先生、蘇錦存先生及袁明捷 先生各自與本公司訂立服務合約,初步為期 三年,其後將持續有效,直至任一方於有關 初始期間後任何時間向另一方發出三(3)個月 書面通知終止為止。此外,餘下的獨立非執 行董事,即譚秉忠先生、張霆邦先生及沈其 耀先生各自與本公司訂立委任函,初步為期 三年,可由任一方於有關初始期間後任何時 間向另一方發出三(3)個月書面通知終止。

#### **Delegation of Powers**

The Board delegates the day-to-day operations of the Group to executive Directors and management of the Company responsible for different aspects of the business/functions, while reserving certain key matters in making strategic decision for its approval. When the Board delegates aspects of its management and administration functions to management, it gives clear directions as to the powers of management, in particular, with respect to the circumstances where management need to report back and obtain prior approval from the Board before making decisions or entering into any commitments on behalf of the Company.

## **BOARD COMMITTEES**

## **Audit Committee**

The Company has established the Audit Committee with specific written terms of reference in accordance with the CG Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules.

The main duties of the Audit Committee are, inter alia, (i) to review half-yearly and annual results of the Group; (ii) to review the risk management and internal control systems, the effectiveness of the internal audit function of the Group; (iii) to review the effectiveness of the internal audit function of the Company; (iv) to ensure the objectivity and credibility of the Company's financial reporting and internal control procedures as well as to maintain an appropriate relationship with the external auditor of the Company; and (v) to review the coverage and effectiveness of the Whistleblowing Policy and to investigate the reports submitted through the channels described in the Whistleblowing Policy.

As at the date of the Annual Report, the Audit Committee comprises all three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Cheung Ting Pong (Chairman of the Audit Committee), Mr. Tam Bing Chung Benson and Mr. Shum Kei Yiu Daniel, at least one of whom with appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise as required in the Listing Rules. All members of the Audit Committee possess appropriate professional qualifications and experience necessary to give advice on the Board's strategies and other related matters. All members of the Audit Committee have complete and unrestricted access to the external auditor of the Company and all employees of the Company.

## 授權

董事會授權執行董事及本公司管理層負責本 集團的日常營運,負責不同的業務職責,惟 若干重大事項的策略決定仍須經董事會批 准。董事會授權管理層負責管理及行政職務 時會對管理層的權力作出明確指示,特別是 代表本公司作出決定或訂立任何承擔前須向 董事會報告並獲董事會事先批准。

## 董事委員會

#### 審核委員會

本公司已根據上市規則附錄十四中所載企業 管治守則成立審核委員會,並制定具體書面 職權範圍。

審核委員會的主要職責包括:(i)審閲本集團 的半年及全年業績;(ii)審閲本集團的風險管 理及內部監控系統以及內部審計職能的有效 性;(iii)審閲本公司內部審計職能的有效性; (iv)確保本公司的財務報告及內部監控程序的 客觀性及可信性,並與本公司的外聘核數師 保持適當關係;及(v)檢討舉報政策的覆蓋面 及有效性,並調查通過舉報政策中所述渠道 提交的報告。

於年報日期,審核委員會由三名獨立非執行 董事組成,即張霆邦先生(審核委員會主席)、 譚秉忠先生及沈其耀先生。其中至少有一名 成員具有上市規則規定的適當專業資格或會 計或相關財務管理專業知識。審核委員會的 所有成員均具備適當的專業資格和經驗,足 以就董事會的策略及其他相關事項提供意 見。審核委員會的全體成員可完全不受限制 地接觸本公司的外聘審計師及本公司的所有 僱員。 During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Audit Committee held two meetings.

The attendance records of the members of the Audit Committee are 審 set out below:

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度, 審 核委員會舉行了兩次會議。

審核委員會成員的出席記錄載列如下:

| Members of the Audit Committee<br>審核委員會成員    | Audit Committee<br>Meeting(s)<br>attended/held<br>已出席/舉行審核<br>委會員會議 |  |
|--|---|--|
| Mr. Cheung Ting Pong (Chairman)<br>張霆邦先生(主席) | 2/2   |  |
| Mr. Tam Bing Chung Benson<br>譚秉忠先生           | 2/2   |  |
| Mr. Shum Kei Yiu Daniel<br>沈其耀先生             | 2/2   |  |

During the year, the work performed by the Audit Committee included: (i) reviewing together with senior management and external auditor of the Company, the annual audit plan, the risk management and internal control system, the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and other financial matters; (ii) considering and approving the Company's annual financial results and annual report for the year ended 31 December 2021 and the interim results and interim report for the six months ended 30 June 2022 of the Group, and confirmed that the preparation of such complied with the applicable accounting standards and practices adopted by the Company, the requirements of the under the Listing Rules and other applicable statutory and regulatory requirements and adequate disclosures has been made.

The Audit Committee has recommended to the Board the re-appointment of HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited as the Company's external auditor subject to the Shareholders' approval at the forthcoming AGM.

年內,審核委員會進行的工作包括:(i)與本 公司高級管理層及外聘核數師審閱年度審核 計劃、風險管理及內部監控系統、本集團採 納之會計原則及慣例以及其他財務事宜:(ii) 考慮並批准本公司截至二零二一年十二月三 十一日止年度的年度財務業績及年度報告以 及本集團截至二零二二年六月三十日止六個 月的中期業績及中期報告,並確認有關業績 及報告之編製已遵守本公司採納之適用會計 原則及慣例、上市規則項下之規定以及其他 適用法定及監管規定,並已作出充分之披 露。

審核委員會已建議董事會續聘國衛會計師事 務所有限公司為本公司外聘核數師,須待股 東於應屆股東週年大會上批准後方可作實。

#### **Remuneration Committee**

The Company has established the Remuneration Committee with specific written terms of reference in accordance with the CG Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules.

The main duties of the Remuneration Committee are: (i) to make recommendations to the Directors on the policy and structure for all remuneration of the Directors and senior management and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing policies on such remuneration; (ii) to assess performance of executive Directors' and approving the terms of executive Directors' service contracts; (iii) to review remuneration package including the performance-based bonus and incentive rewards for the executive Directors and the senior management of the Group by reference to corporate goals and objectives resolved by the Directors from time to time and make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of non-executive Directors; (iv) to review and make recommendations to the Board the compensation, if any, payable to the executive Directors and senior management in connection with any loss or termination of their office or appointment; and (v) to review and approve the matters relating to the share schemes under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.

As at the date of the Annual Report, the Remuneration Committee comprises all three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Tam Bing Chung Benson (Chairman of the Remuneration Committee), Mr. Cheung Ting Pong and Mr. Shum Kei Yiu Daniel.

The remuneration of the Directors is based on the performance and experience of individuals and is determined with reference to the Group's performance, the remuneration benchmark in the industry and the prevailing market conditions.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Remuneration Committee held one meeting.

## 薪酬委員會

本公司已根據上市規則附錄十四中所載企業 管治守則成立薪酬委員會,並制定具體書面 職權範圍。

薪酬委員會的主要職責包括:(i)就全體董事 及高級管理層的薪酬政策及結構,以及就制 訂該等薪酬政策設立正式而具透明度的程 序,向董事作出建議:(ii)評估執行董事的表 現及批准執行董事服務合約的條款;(iii)透過 參照董事不時議決的公司目標及宗旨,檢討 本集團執行董事及高級管理層的薪酬待遇(包 括按表現為基準的花紅及獎勵計劃),並就 非執行董事的薪酬向董事會作出推薦建議; (iv)檢討有關執行董事及高級管理層免職或 離職或獲委任時應付予彼等之酬金(如有)並 向董事會作出推薦建議;及(v)檢討及批准上 市規則第17章下與股份計劃有關的事宜。

於年報日期,薪酬委員會由三名獨立非執行 董事組成,即譚秉忠先生(薪酬委員會主席)、 張霆邦先生及沈其耀先生。

董事的薪酬乃根據個人表現及經驗,以及參 考本集團的表現、行內薪酬基準及當前市況 釐定。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,薪 酬委員會舉行了一次會議。 The attendance records of the members of the Remuneration 薪酬委員會成員的出席記錄載列如下: Committee are set out below:

| Members of the Remuneration Committee<br>薪酬委員會成員  | Remuneration<br>Committee<br>Meeting(s)<br>attended/held<br>已出席/舉行薪酬<br>委員會會議 |
|---|---|
|   |   |
| Mr. Tam Bing Chung Benson (Chairman)<br>譚秉忠先生(主席) | 1/1   |
| Mr. Cheung Ting Pong                              | 1/1   |
| 張霆邦先生   |   |
| Mr. Shum Kei Yiu Daniel                           | 1/1   |
| 沈其耀先生   |   |

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the work performed by the Remuneration Committee included: (i) reviewing the remuneration policy and structure of the Directors and the senior management of the Group, including those retired and re-elected at the AGM. The Company has adopted the model to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management; (ii) reviewing the performance-based remuneration package of each individual executive Directors, and his/her terms of services contracts and recommending to the Board; (iii) reviewing matters relating to share schemes under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules; and (iv) reviewing the terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee.

Remuneration Policy for Directors and Senior Management

The emolument policy of the employees of the Group is determined on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence.

The emoluments of the Directors are recommended and determined by the Remuneration Committee, having regard to the corporate goals and objectives resolved by Directors from time to time. Directors are entitled to an aggregate annual basic salary. In addition, each of the Directors is also entitled to a discretionary bonus as determined by the Remuneration Committee by reference to the performance of the Group. 於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度, 薪酬委員會進行的工作包括:(i)審閱本集團 董事及高級管理層(包括於股東週年大會上 退任及重選的董事)的薪酬政策及結構。本 公司已採用該模式就個別執行董事及高級管 理層的薪酬待遇向董事會作出推薦建議;(ii) 審閱各個別執行董事基於表現的薪酬待遇及 其服務合約條款並向董事會作出推薦建議; (iii)審閱與上市規則第17章項下的股份計劃有 關的事項;及(iv)審閱薪酬委員會的職權範 圍。

董事及高級管理層的薪酬政策

本集團僱員的薪酬政策按彼等的價值、資質 及能力而釐定。

董事酬金乃經考慮董事不時議決的公司目 標,由薪酬委員會建議及釐定。董事有權享 有基本年薪總額。此外,各董事亦可有權享 有薪酬委員會經參考本集團業績而釐定的酌 情花紅。

The Company adopted the Share Option Scheme on 2 June 2021. The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to enable the Company to grant options to selected eligible participants as incentives or rewards for their contribution or potential contribution to the Group and/or to enable the Group to recruit and retain high-calibre employees and attract human resources that are valuable to the Group.

## **Nomination Committee**

The Company has established the Nomination Committee with written terms of reference of the Company in accordance with the CG Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules.

The main duties of the Nomination Committee are, (i) to review the structure, size and diversity (including without limitation, gender, age, culture and educational background, skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least annually, and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy; (ii) to identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships; (iii) to assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors; and (iv) to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors.

As at the date of the Annual Report, the Nomination Committee comprises all three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Cheung Ting Pong (Chairman of the Nomination Committee), Mr. Hung Shui Chak and Mr. Shum Kei Yiu Daniel.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the work performed by the Nomination Committee included: (i) reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board; (ii) assessing the independent of the independent non-executive Directors; (iii) assessing the appropriate mix of skills, experience, knowledge, expertise and diversity on the Board; (iv) recommending to the Board on the selection of members of the Board; and (v) reviewing the board diversity policy (the "**Board Diversity Policy**"), the nomination policy of the Company (the "**Nomination Policy**") and terms of reference of the Nomination Committee. 本公司於二零二一年六月二日採納購股權計 劃。購股權計劃旨在使本公司能向選定合資 格參與者授出購股權作為彼等所作貢獻或可 能對本集團作出貢獻的獎勵或獎賞及/或有 助本集團招聘及挽留優秀僱員及吸引對本集 團而言屬寶貴的人力資源。

## 提名委員會

本公司已根據上市規則附錄十四中所載企業 管治守則成立本公司的提名委員會,並制定 書面職權範圍。

提名委員會的主要職責包括:(i)至少每年檢 討董事會的架構、人數及多元化程度(包括但 不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育程度、技 能、知識及經驗),並就任何為配合本公司策 略而擬對董事會作出的變動提出建議:(ii)物 色具備合適資格可擔任董事的人士,並挑選 提名有關人士出任董事或就此向董事會提供 意見:(iii)評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性;及 (iv)向董事會提呈下列事項的建議:委任或重 新委任董事及董事繼任計劃。

於年報日期,提名委員會由三名獨立非執行 董事組成,即張霆邦先生(提名委員會主席)、 洪瑞澤先生及沈其耀先生。

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度, 提名委員會進行的工作包括:(i)審閲董事會 的結構、規模及組成:(ii)評估獨立非執行董 事的獨立性;(iii)評估董事會中技能、經驗、 知識、專長及多樣性的適當組合;(iv)就董事 會成員的甄選向董事會作出推薦建議;及(v) 審閲董事會多元化政策(「董事會多元化政 策」)、本公司的提名政策(「提名政策」)及提 名委員會的職權範圍。

### **Nomination Policy**

The Board has approved and adopted the Nomination Policy which sets out the selection criteria, nomination procedures and process in the nomination and appointment of Directors. Details of the Nomination Policy are set out below:

## 1. Criteria

The Nomination Committee and/or the Board shall consider the following criteria in evaluating and selecting candidates for directorships:

- Character and integrity.
- Qualifications including professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience that are relevant to the Company's business and corporate strategy.
- Willingness to devote adequate time to discharge duties as a Board member and other directorships and significant commitments.
- Requirement for the Board to have independent directors in accordance with the Listing Rules and whether the candidates would be considered independent with reference to the independence guidelines set out in the Listing Rules.
- Board Diversity Policy and any measurable objectives adopted by the Company for achieving diversity on the Board.
- Such other perspectives appropriate to the Company's business.

## 提名政策

董事會已批准及採納提名政策,其列明提名 及委任董事的甄選準則、提名程序及流程。 提名政策的詳情載列如下:

## 1. 準則

提名委員會及/或董事會在評估及甄 選候任董事時應考慮以下因素:

- 品格及誠信。
- 資格,當中包括與本公司業務及 公司策略相關之專業資格、技能、 知識及經驗。
- 願意投入充足時間履行作為董事 會成員及其他董事職責以及重大 承擔。
- 根據上市規則規定為董事會設立 獨立董事,以及候選人是否會根 據上市規則所載獨立指引被視為 獨立董事。
- 董事會多元化政策及本公司為實 現董事會成員多元化而採取之任 何可計量目標。
- 適用於本公司業務之其他範疇。

#### 2. Nomination Process

- 2.1 Appointment of New Director
  - 2.1.1 The Nomination Committee and/or the Board shall, upon receipt of the proposal on appointment of new director and the biographical information (or relevant details) of the candidate, evaluate such candidate based on the criteria as set out in section 1 to determine whether such candidate is qualified for directorship.
  - 2.1.2 If the process yields one or more desirable candidates, the Nomination Committee and/or the Board shall rank them by order of preference based on the needs of the Company and reference check of each candidate (where applicable).
  - 2.1.3 The Nomination Committee shall make recommendation to the Board in respect of the appointment of appropriate candidate for directorship.
  - 2.1.4 For any person that is nominated by a shareholder for election as a director at the general meeting of the Company, the Nomination Committee and/or the Board shall evaluate such candidate based on the criteria as set out in section 1 to determine whether such candidate is qualified for directorship and where appropriate, the Nomination Committee and/or the Board shall make recommendation to shareholders in respect of the proposed election of director at the general meeting.

- 2. 提名程序
  - 2.1 委任新董事
    - 2.1.1 提名委員會及/或董事會應 在接獲有關委任新董事的建 議及候選人的履歷(或相關 詳情)後,根據第1節所列之 準則評估該候選人,以確定 該候選人是否合資格擔任董 事。
    - 2.1.2 倘提名程序產生一個或多個 理想的候選人,則提名委員 會及/或董事會應根據本公 司的需要及各候選人的資歷 查核結果(如適用)將彼等按 優先順序排名。
    - 2.1.3 提名委員會應就委任合適人 選擔任董事向董事會提出建 議。
    - 2.1.4 就任何股東在本公司股東大 會上就董事選舉提名之候選 人而言,提名委員會及/或 董事會應根據第1節所列之 準則對該候選人進行評估, 以確定該候選人是否合資格 擔任董事,如有需要,提名 委員會及/或董事會應在股 東大會上就建議選舉董事向 股東提出推薦建議。

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## 2.2 Re-election of Director at General Meeting

- 2.2.1 The Nomination Committee and/or the Board shall review the overall contribution and service to the Company of the retiring director including his/her attendance of Board meetings and, where applicable, general meetings, and the level of participation and performance on the Board.
- 2.2.2 The Nomination Committee and/or the Board shall also review and determine whether the retiring director continues to meet the criteria as set out in section 1.
- 2.2.3 The Nomination Committee and/or the Board shall then make recommendation to shareholders in respect of the proposed re-election of director at the general meeting.

## **Board Diversity Policy**

Since 31 March 2016, the Board has adopted Board Diversity Policy setting out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board.

In assessing the Board composition, the Nomination Committee takes into account various aspects as well as the factors concerning the Board diversity as set out in the Board Diversity Policy, as follows:

## (i) Purpose and Policy

This policy aims to set out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board. The Company recognises and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board to enhance the quality of its performance.

A truly diverse Board will include and make good use of differences in the skills, regional and industry experience, background, race, gender and other qualities of Directors. These differences will be taken into account in determining the optimum composition of the Board. All Board appointments will be based on merit while taking into account diversity (including gender diversity).

## 2.2 在股東大會上重選董事

- 2.2.1 提名委員會及/或董事會應 審查退任董事對本公司的整 體貢獻及其服務,當中包括 其出席董事會會議以及(如 適用)股東大會的次數以及 其在董事會的參與程度及表 現。
- 2.2.2 提名委員會及/或董事會亦 應審查並確定退任董事是否 繼續符合第1節所列準則。
- 2.2.3 提名委員會及/或董事會應 就建議在股東大會上重選 董事向股東提出推薦建議。

董事會成員多元政策

自二零一六年三月三十一日起,董事會已採 納董事會成員多元化政策,列載為達致成員 多元化之方針。

於評估董事會成員組成時,提名委員會考慮 董事會成員多元化政策所載董事會成員多元 化的各方面及因素,詳情如下:

(i) 目的及政策

本政策旨在訂定實現董事會成員多元 化的方法。本公司確認及接受董事會 成員多元化的裨益,以提升其表現質 素。

一個真正多元化的董事會應包括並善用董事於技能、地區及行業經驗、背景、種族、性別及其他素質等方面之差異。公司在制定董事會成員的最佳組合時,將考慮上述的差異。所有董事 會成員之任命,均以用人唯才為原則, 並考慮多元化(包括性別多元化)。

## (ii) Measurable Objectives

The Nomination Committee will discuss and agree annually measurable objectives for implementing diversity on the Board and recommend them to the Board for adoption.

The Company aims to build and maintain a Board with a diversity of Directors, in terms of skills, experience, knowledge, expertise, culture, independence, age and gender.

## (iii) Monitoring and Reporting

The Nomination Committee will report annually, in the corporate governance report, on the Board's composition under diversified perspectives, and monitor the implementation of this policy.

With a view to achieving a sustainable and balanced development, the Company sees increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in supporting the attainment of its strategic objectives and its sustainable development. In designing the Board's composition, Board diversity has been considered from a number of aspects including, but not limited to, educational background, professional experience, skills and knowledge. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

The Nomination Committee has reviewed the structure, size and diversity of the Board, it ensures that the Board composition is in compliance with the Listing Rules. Also, it reflects an appropriate mix of Board's specific skills, experiences and knowledge and diversity of perspectives, and contribute to the Board's effectiveness and efficiency to achieve the Company's strategy and corporate governance issues. The Nomination Committee considered that an appropriate balance of diversity perspectives of the Board (include the industry or professional knowledge and experience, gender, technical skill and management experience) is maintained.

As at 31 December 2022, the Board comprised six male Directors, and the percentage of male and female employees of the Group are approximately 44% and 56% respectively. While the Board has a domination of male composition, the Company will appointed at least one female director on or before 31 December 2024 to achieve a female representation in the Board in compliance with Listing Rules.

## (ii) 可計量目標

提名委員會每年會討論及同意用作推 行董事會多元化的可計量目標,並會建 議董事會採納該等可計量目標。

本公司旨在建立及維持董事在技能、經 驗、知識、專長、文化、獨立性、年齡 及性別方面多元化之董事會。

(iii) 監察及匯報

提名委員會將每年於企業管治報告內 匯報董事會於多元化層面的組成及監 察本政策之執行。

為達致持續及平衡之發展,本公司視提升董 事會層面之成員多元化方針為達到其策略目 標及持續發展為之主要元素。在策劃董事會 之組成架構方面,董事會成員多元化會考慮 眾多因素,包括但不限於教育背景、專業經 驗、技能及知識。董事會所有委任均以用人 唯才為原則,並參照客觀標準及審慎考慮董 事會成員多元化的裨益下,以甄別各候選人。

提名委員會已審查董事會的結構、規模及多 樣性,確保董事會的組成符合上市規則。此 外,其還反映董事會特定技能、經驗及知識 的適當組合以及多元化的視角,並有助於董 事會有效和高效地實現本公司的戰略及企業 管治事宜。提名委員會認為,董事會的多元 化視角(包括行業或專業知識及經驗、性別、 技術技能和管理經驗)維持適當的平衡。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,董事會包括 六名男性董事,而本集團男性及女性僱員的 百分比分別約為44%及56%。儘管董事會的 男性組成佔主導地位,但本公司將於二零二 四年十二月三十一日或之前委任至少一名女 性董事,以遵從上市規則達致董事會有女性 代表。

The Board considers that the Group's workforce (including Directors) are diverse in terms of gender. The Group will continue to apply the principle of appointments based on merits with reference to our Board Diversity Policy as a whole, and we have also taken, and will continue to take steps to promote gender diversity at all levels of our Company.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Nomination Committee held one meeting.

The attendance records of the members of the Nomination Committee are set out below: 董事會認為,本集團的員工(包括董事)在性 別方面屬多元化。本集團將繼續參照董事會 多元化政策,實行任人唯賢的原則,我們也 已經並將繼續採取措施,在本公司的各個層 面促進性別多元化。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,提 名委員會舉行了一場會議。

提名委員會成員的出席記錄載列如下:

| Members of the Nomination Committee<br>提名委員會成員 | Nomination Committee<br>Meeting(s)<br>attended/held<br>已出席/舉行提名<br>委員會會議 |
|--|--|
| Mr. Cheung Ting Pong (Chairman)<br>張霆邦先生(主席)   | 1/1  |
| Mr. Hung Shui Chak<br>洪瑞澤先生                    | 1/1  |
| Mr. Shum Kei Yiu Daniel<br>沈其耀先生               | 1/1  |

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

The Company Secretary reports to the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer while all Directors have access to the advice and services of her to ensure that Board procedures, and all applicable law, rules and regulations, are followed. The Company Secretary is also responsible for supporting the Board by ensuring good information flow within the Board and that Board policy and procedures are followed, advising the Board through the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer on corporate governance matters and facilitate induction and professional development of Directors.

Ms. Hau Hei Man Sonya ("**Ms. Hau**") resigned as the Company Secretary on 16 September 2022. Ms. Li Wing Wah ("**Ms. Li**") has been engaged and appointed by the Company from an external secretarial services provider as its Company Secretary, in place of Ms. Hau, with effect from 16 September 2022. During the year, each of Ms. Li and Ms. Hau attended over 15 hours of professional training as required under Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

#### 公司秘書

公司秘書須向主席及行政總裁匯報,而所有 董事均能獲得公司秘書之建議及服務,以確 保董事會程序以及所有適用法律、規則及法 規獲得遵守。公司秘書亦負責支援董事會工 作,確保董事會內信息流動暢順、遵守董事 會政策及程序、透過主席及行政總裁就企業 管治事務向董事會提供建議以及促進對董事 之指導及其專業發展。

侯琋文女士(「**侯女士**」)於二零二二年九月十 六日辭任公司秘書。李穎華女士(「**李女士**」) 獲本公司向外部秘書服務供應商聘用並委任 為公司秘書,以取替侯女士,自二零二二年 九月十六日起生效。年內,李女士及侯女士 各自參加上市規則第3.29條規定的15小時以 上專業培訓。

## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS**

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties as set out in the code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code which include:

- (a) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board from time to time;
- (b) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management of the Group;
- (c) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (d) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to the Directors and the employees of the Group; and
- (e) to review the Company's compliance with the CG code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

## ANTI-CORRUPTION POLICY AND WHISTLEBLOWING POLICY

The Group has established the (i) policy and measures to support anti-corruption laws and regulations; and (ii) whistleblowing policy and measures for employees, suppliers and business partners to raise serious concerns, in confidence and anonymity, with the Board about possible improprieties in financial report or other matters of the Group. These polities can promote high probity standards and ethical business practices.

Further details of the Group's anti-corruption policy and whistleblowing policy, please refer to the Company's website.

## 企業管治職能

董事會負責履行企業管治守則守則條文第 A.2.1條載列的企業管治職責,其包括:

- (a) 制定及檢討本公司之企業管治政策及 常規,並不時向董事會提出建議;
- (b) 檢討及監察本集團董事及高級管理人員之培訓及持續專業發展;
- (c) 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管 規定方面之政策及常規;
- (d) 制定、檢討及監察董事及本集團僱員 之操守準則及合規手冊(如有);及
- (e) 檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則之情況 及在企業管治報告內之披露。

## 反貪污政策及舉報政策

本集團已制定了(i)支持反貪污法律及法規的 政策及措施:及(ii)舉報政策及措施,供員工、 供應商及商業夥伴在保密和匿名的情況下提 出深切關注,向董事會提出有關本集團財務 報告或其他事項中可能存在的不當行為。該 等政策可促進崇高操守標準及道德商業慣 例。

有關本集團反貪污政策及舉報政策之進一步 詳情,請參閱本公司網站。



## **DIVIDEND POLICY**

Under the dividend policy adopted by the Company with effect from 1 January 2019 (the "Dividend Policy"), dividends may be declared and paid to the Shareholders by way of cash or by other means that the Board considers appropriate. It is the policy of the Board, in recommending dividends, to allow the Shareholders to participate in the Company's profits, and at the same time, to ensure the Company to retain adequate reserves for future growth. The Company's decision to declare or to pay any dividends in the future, and the amount of such dividends will depend upon, among other things, the current and future operations, financial condition, liquidity position and capital requirements of the Group, as well as dividends received from the Company's subsidiaries and associates, which in turn will depend on the ability of those subsidiaries and associates to pay a dividend. In addition, any final dividends for a financial year will be subject to the approval of the Shareholders. The declaration and payment of dividends by the Company is also subject to any restrictions under the laws of the Cayman Islands, the laws of Hong Kong, the Company's articles of association and any applicable laws, rules and regulations.

The Board will continue to review the Dividend Policy from time to time and the Board may exercise its sole and absolute discretion to update, amend and/or modify the Dividend Policy at any time as it deems fit and necessary.

## ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

Directors' and Auditors' Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

The Board acknowledges its responsibility to prepare the Group's financial statements for each financial period to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the results and cash flows for that period. In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022, the Board has selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently, made judgments and estimates that are prudent, fair and reasonable and prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis. The Directors are responsible for taking all reasonable and necessary steps to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

## 股息政策

根據本公司採納的股息政策(「股息政策」), 自二零一九年一月一日起,股息可以現金方 式或董事會認為適當的其他方式宣派及派付 予股東。董事會於推薦派付股息方面的政策 乃為允許股東分享本公司溢利,並同時確保 本公司留存充足儲備作未來發展。本公司宣 派或派付任何未來股息的決定及有關股息的 數額將取決於(其中包括)本集團的現時及未 來營運業務、財務狀況、流動資金狀況及資 本需求,以及收取自本公司附屬公司及聯營 公司的股息(這反而將取決於該等附屬公司 及聯營公司派付股息的能力)。此外,財政年 度的任何末期股息將須遵守股東批准規定。 本公司的股息宣派及派付亦須受開曼群島法 例、香港法律、公司細則及任何適用法律、 規則及法規項下的任何限制規限。

董事會將繼續不時審閲股息政策,且董事會 可行使其全權絕對酌情權於其認為適當且必 須的任何時間更新、修訂及/或修改股息政 策。

## 問責及審核

董事及核數師對財務報表的責任

董事會知悉有責任編製本集團各財政期間的 財務報表,以真實而公允地呈列本集團該期 間的財務狀況及業績與現金流量。編製截至 二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度的財務報 表時,董事會已選取適用會計政策並貫徹使 用,並審慎、公允而合理地作出判斷及估計, 以及按持續經營基準編製財務報表。董事有 責任作出一切合理而必要的步驟,保護本集 團的資產,並且防止及偵查欺詐及其他不正 常情況。 The statement of the external auditor of the Company, HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited ("**HLB**"), with regard to their reporting responsibilities on the Company's financial statements is set out in the section headed "Independent Auditors' Report" in this Annual Report.

The Directors were aware that the Group incurred a net loss of approximately RMB62,690,000 for the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by approximately RMB189,500,000. These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

Notwithstanding the above conditions, the financial statements were prepared based on the assumption that the Group can be operated as a going concern.

## **Auditors' Remuneration**

The remuneration in respect of audit and non-audit services for the year ended 31 December 2022 provided by the auditors of the Company, HLB are as follows:

本公司外部核數師國衛會計師事務所有限公司(「國衛」)關於其對本公司財務報表的申報 責任的聲明,載於本年報「獨立核數師報告」 一節。

董事們得悉本集團在截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度裡產生約人民幣62,690,000 元的淨虧損,本集團的流動負債超出其流動 資產約為人民幣189,500,000元。該等情況表 明存在著重大不確定性,可能對本集團持續 經營的能力產生重大疑問。

儘管存在上述情況,財務報表乃基於本集團 可持續經營的假設來編製。

#### 核數師酬金

有關本公司核數師國衛於截至二零二二年十 二月三十一日止年度提供核數服務及非核數 服務之酬金如下:

| Type of Services<br>服務類別             |               | <b>RMB′000</b><br>人民幣千元 |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Audit services<br>Non-audit services | 核數服務<br>非核數服務 | 1,050<br>130            |
| Total                                | 總計            | 1,180                   |

## RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL 風險管理及內部監控

The Board acknowledges that it is their responsibility to maintain effectiveness of the Group's internal control and risk management systems. Internal control designs are implemented to manage rather than eliminate risks of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss. Such controls cover major areas such as corporate governance, revenue and receipt cycle, expenses and payment cycle, financial reporting and compliance management. The Audit Committee evaluates the effectiveness of the internal control and risk management systems of the Group on behalf of the Board. 董事會認同其有責任維持本集團內部監控與 風險管理系統行之有效。實行內部監控設計 旨在管理而非杜絕未能達致業務目標的風 險,並僅可就重大失實或損失提供合理而非 絕對的保證。有關監管涵蓋例如企業管治、 收益及收款周期、開支及付款周期、財務報 告及合規管理等重要範疇。審核委員會代表 董事會評估本集團的內部監控風險管理系統 的效能。

The Group's risk management process includes identification, evaluation, implementation of mitigation measures and review. In order to further ensure compliance with relevant statutory requirements, the Group engages external professional advisers, such as consultancy firms, auditors and external legal advisers to render professional advice so as to comply with statutory requirements (including PRC rules and regulations and the Listing Rules) as applicable to the Group from time to time. The Group had provided Directors with training, development programs and/or updates regarding the legal and regulatory requirements applicable to the business operations of the Group.

During the year, the Group engaged a professional internal control consultant to conduct a review of the Group's internal control design effectiveness, including the compliance risk management control, financial reporting and disclosure control, and controls and procedures over expenditure and payment cycle and human resources cycle of the Group.

The internal control consultant reported directly and primarily to the Audit Committee and assist the Board in monitoring and managing the risks and internal controls of the Group. Internal control design weaknesses and recommendations for areas of improvements have been reported to the Audit Committee. The Group has established management action plan to implement the internal control enhancement measures recommended by the internal control consultant.

The Audit Committee concluded that there were no significant internal control failings, weaknesses or significant areas of concern identified during the year which might affect our shareholders. It opined that an adequate and effective internal control system is maintained to safeguard the shareholders' investment and the Group's assets. 本集團的風險管理程序包括辨別、評估、實 行緩解程序及審議。為了進一步確保遵從相 關法定規例,本集團委聘外部專業顧問如顧 問公司、核數師及外部法律顧問提供專業意 見,讓本集團不時遵從適用的法定規例(包 括中國法例及法規和上市規則)。本集團亦 為董事提供培訓、發展課程及/或適用於本 集團業務營運的法律及監管規定的最新進 展。

年內,本集團已委聘一名專業內部監控顧問 檢討本集團的內部監管設計效能,包括合規 風險管理控制、財務報告及披露控制,及本 集團開支及付款週期以及人力資源週期方面 的控制及程序。

內部監控顧問直接及主要向審核委員會匯 報,並協助董事會監察和管理本集團的風險 及內部監控。有關內部監控設計的缺陷和改 善範圍的建議,已向審核委員會匯報。本集 團已設立管理層行動方案,執行內部監控顧 問所建議的提高內部監控措施。

審核委員會的得出的結論為於本年度,內部 監控並無重大缺點、弱點或察覺到可能影響 股東的重大關注所在範圍。審核委員會認 為,本集團維持充及有效的內部監控系統, 保障股東投資及本集團資產。

## SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHT

Procedures for Shareholders to Convene an Extraordinary General Meeting

Pursuant to the article 58 of the Articles of Association, the Board may whenever it thinks fit call extraordinary general meetings. Any one or more members holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the secretary of the Company, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two (2) months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one (21) days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

Shareholders may put forward their proposals or inquiries to the Board by sending their written request to the principal place of business in Hong Kong.

#### Sending Enquiries to the Board

Shareholders may send their enquiries to the Board by addressing them to the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong, presently at Suite 301, 3/F., Hale Weal Industrial Building, 22–28 Tai Chung Road, Tsuen Wan, New Territories, Hong Kong, by post.

## 股東權益

股東召開股東特別大會之程序

根據章程細則第58條,董事會可於其認為適 當的任何時候召開股東特別大會。任何一位 或以上於遞呈要求當日持有本公司有權於股 東大會上投票之繳足股本不少於十分之一的 股東,有權隨時透過向本公司董事會或秘書 發出書面要求,要求董事會召開股東特別大 會,以處理有關要求她指明的任何事項;上 述會議應於相關要求遞呈後兩(2)個月內舉 行。倘遞呈後二十一日(21)內董事會未有召開 該大會,則遞呈要求人士可自行以同樣方式 召開大會而合理產生的所有開支應由本公司向 要求人士作出償付。

股東可將書面要求發送至本公司在香港的主 要營業地點,藉此向董事會提交建議或諮 詢。

向董事會作出查詢

股東可以郵寄方式向本公司在香港的主要營業地點(目前位於香港新界荃灣大涌道22-28 號合福工業大廈3樓301室)向董事會作出查 詢。 Procedures for Shareholders to Propose a Person for Election as a Director

Pursuant to article 83(2) of the Articles of Association, subject to the Articles of Association and the Law, the Company may by ordinary resolution elect any person as to be a Director either to fill a casual vacancy on the Board, or as an addition to the existing Board.

Pursuant to article 85 of the Articles of Association, no person other than a Director retiring at the meeting shall, unless recommended by the Directors for election, be eligible for election as a Director at any general meeting unless a notice signed by a member (other than the person to be proposed) duly qualified to attend and vote at the meeting for which such notice is given of his intention to propose such person for election and also a notice signed by the person to be proposed of his willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the head office or at the Registration Office provided that the minimum length of the period, during which such notice(s) are given, shall be at least seven (7) days and that (if the Notices are submitted after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election) the period for lodgement of such notice(s) shall commence on the day after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than seven (7) days prior to the date of such general meeting.

# The Procedures for Putting Forward Proposals at Shareholders' Meeting

There is no provision allowing Shareholders to make proposals or move resolutions at the general meetings under the Articles of Association or the laws of the Cayman Islands other than to propose a person for election as a director. Shareholders who wish to make proposals or move a resolution may, however, follow the procedures set out in "Procedures for Shareholders to Convene an Extraordinary General Meeting" above by written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary to convene an extraordinary general meeting for putting forward proposals at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong, presently at Suite 301, 3/F., Hale Weal Industrial Building, 22–28 Tai Chung Road, Tsuen Wan, New Territories, Hong Kong 股東提名候選人參選董事之程序

根據章程細則第83(2)條,在細則及法例規限 下,本公司可透過普通決議選出任何人士出 任董事,以填補董事會臨時空缺或出任現任 董事會新增股東。

根據章程細則第85條,除非獲董事推薦參 選,否則除會上退任董事外,概無任何人士 合資格於任何股東大會上參選董事,除非由 正式合資格出席大會並於會上投票的股東(並 非擬參選人士)簽署通知,其內表明建議署 名該人士參選的意向,以及獲提名人士簽選 的意向,以及獲提名人士簽 3. 新事處或過戶登記處,惟該等通知的最短 辦事處或過戶登記處,惟該等通知的最短 知期限為至少七(7)日,倘該等通知是於寄 有關該推選之股東大會通知後才呈交,則呈 交該會通知之期間由寄發有關該推選之股東 大會通知翌日起計至不遲於該股東大會舉行 日期前七(7)日止。

#### 在股東會議提呈決議案之程序

根據章程細則或開曼群島法律,除了提名候選人參選董事外,概無任何條文允許股東於 股東大會上提呈建議或動議。然而,希望提 呈建議或動議的股東可按照上述「股東召開 股東特別大會之程序」載列的程序,向董事 會或公司秘書提出書面請求,本公司在香港 的主要營業地點(目前位於香港新界荃灣大 涌道22-28號合福工業大廈3樓301室)召開特 別股東大會,以提呈決議案。

## **INVESTORS RELATIONS**

The Company has established a shareholders' communication policy (the "**Shareholders' Communication Policy**") to ensure the Shareholders' questions and concerns are the appropriately addressed. The Board shall review it on a regular basis to ensure its effectiveness.

In summary, the Shareholders' Communication Policy set out the provisions with the objective of ensuring that the Shareholders are provided with ready, equal and timely access to balanced and understandable information about the Company in order to promote effective communication with the Shareholders so as to enable them to engage actively with the Company and exercise their rights as Shareholder in an informed manner. The Shareholders' Communication Policy is available on the Company's website (http://www.cre8ir.com/longhui/) and sets out the maintenance of an effective ongoing communication with the Shareholders.

The Board strives to encourage and maintain constant dialogue with its shareholders through various means includes: (1) financial reports and other corporate communications. The publication of the financial reports (interim and annual reports) and other corporate communications including but not limited to announcements, circulars, notices, proxy forms and other regulatory disclosure will be provided to Shareholders in accordance with the Listing Rules and any other relevant laws and regulations to facilitate Shareholders' understanding; (2) Shareholders' meetings. (i.e. annual general meeting, extraordinary general meeting or any other Shareholders' meetings); and the members of the Board, in particular, either the chairmen of Board committees or their delegates, appropriate management executives will attend annual general meetings to answer Shareholders' questions in normal circumstances; and (3) Company's Website. The availability of latest information of the Group on the Company's website (http://www.cre8ir.com/longhui/) which is an effective communication platform to the shareholders and the investors as well as the general public.

The Company is committed to maintaining a high level of transparency and employs a policy of open and timely disclosure of relevant information to its shareholders and investors and discloses information in compliance with the Listing Rules, and publishes periodic reports and announcements to the public in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations.

## 投資者關係

本公司已制定股東溝通政策(「**股東溝通政** 策」),確保股東的問題及關注所在均獲恰當 處理。董事會將定期檢討以確保其成效。

概括而言,股東溝通政策載列條文,旨在確 保股東能夠隨時、平等和及時獲得有關本公 司不偏不倚及容易理解的資料,促進與股東 的有效溝通,從而使彼等能夠積極參與本公 司事務,並在知情情況下行使彼等作為股東 的權利。股東溝通政策可於本公司網站 (http://www.cre8ir.com/longhui/)查閱,以及 載列與股東保持有效的持續溝通。

董事會透過各種途徑致力鼓勵及維持與股東 持續對話,包括(1)財務報告及其他公司通 記。財務報告(中期報告及年度報告)及其他 公司通訊,包括但不限於公告、通函根 公司通訊,包括但不限於公告、通函根 法。代表委任表格及其他監管披露,將根發 告、代表受任有其他相關法律及法規則及任何其他相關法律及法規則及任何其他相關法律及法規則 使股東大會、以方便股東瞭解;(2)股東大會或根 (即股東太會);而董事會成員,特別是會式人會 (即股東大會);而董事會成員,特別是重人國 全國年大會,在正常情況下回答股東 的提問;及(3)本公司網站。本集團於本公司 網站(http://www.cre8ir.com/longhui/)發放 新資料,此為與股東及投資者以及公眾的有 效溝通平台。

本公司致力維持高水平之透明度,並採納向 其股東及投資者公開及適時披露有關資料之 政策及遵照上市規則披露資料,以及根據相 關法律法規向公眾發佈定期的報告及公告。 During the year, the Board has reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Shareholders' Communication Policy for enhancing the investors relations, and the investors understanding of the Group's business performance and strategies.

## **CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS**

There have been no changes in the Company's constitutional documents during the year ended 31 December 2022 and up to the date of this Annual Report.

年內,董事會已審視股東溝通政策的落實情 況及成效,以加強投資者關係,讓投資者了 解本集團的業務表現及策略。

## 憲章文件

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度及 直至本年報日期,本公司之憲章文件並無任 何變動。

## **CONCEPTS AND PRINCIPLES**

Reporting period of this section covers the period from 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022 with certain content beyond such period.

Longhui International Holdings Limited ("Longhui International") issues its ESG report regularly on an annual basis.

Report content covers the business performance of Longhui International's headquarter and its subsidiaries, including the 12 restaurants under the brand of Faigo ("輝哥") and Xiao Faigo Hotpot ("小輝哥火鍋") in Shanghai and Wuxi, China, as well as its administration office.

This section is prepared in accordance with the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide (the "Guide") set out in Appendix 27 to the Listing Rules issued by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange ("HKEx"). This report covers the same period as the Group's fiscal year.

The figures and data in this section are from our archived files, records and statistics. If you have any feedback about this section, please email to jyuan@faigo.com.cn, to help us improve and keep abreast of the times.

## **OUR COMMITMENT TO SUSTAINABILITY**

As a renowned hotpot chain in the PRC, Longhui International has always upheld the right business operation and business ethics. We are committed to replicating the successful business model into various regions of China to become an outstanding hotpot restaurant chain in the PRC.

## 內容概念及匯報原則

本概覽匯報時間範圍二零二二年一月一日至 二零二二年十二月三十一日,部分內容超出 上述範圍。

龍輝國際控股有限公司(「龍輝國際」)環境、 社會及管治報告為年度報告,每年定期發 佈。

報告內容覆蓋龍輝國際總部及旗下企業業務 表現,包括中國上海市和無錫12家「輝哥」和 「小輝哥火鍋」餐廳及行政辦公室。

本概覽乃根據香港交易所(「港交所」)所發出 的上市規則附錄二十七所載的《環境、社會 及管治報告指引》(「指引」)之要求而撰寫。本 報告涵蓋期與本集團財政年度相同。

本概覽的數據及資料均源於我們各項存檔文件、記錄及統計。如 閣下對本概覽有任何 反饋,歡迎發送電郵至jyuan@faigo.com.cn, 以推動我們邁步向前,與時並進。

## 對可持續發展的承諾

作為中國知名連鎖火鍋品牌之一, 龍輝國際 一直推崇正確的營運模式及商業操守, 致力 將成功的業務模式複製到中國各地, 成為全 國首屈一指的連鎖火鍋食店。

We believe that outstanding environmental, social and governance management is the cornerstone of sustainable development. The whole world is slowly realizing the huge impact climate change is having on humanity. In addition, the continuous outbreak of the novel coronavirus pandemic ("COVID-19") in the past three undoubtedly placed the catering and tourism industries at the epicenter. Due to the uncertainty of the pandemic, Longhui International, as a catering enterprise, actively engaged in the fight against the pandemic at the call of the Central Government and maintained its brand competency through cost control. In 2022, we reassured impacted staff and offered priority employment pledges even though the Group shuttered several restaurants. We are deeply aware of the effects that climate change and the pandemic bring to every person, business, and country.

We have taken preemptive measures to nearly switch to all low carbon and clean induction stoves in response to climate change. In the future, the Group will gradually replace other energy consumption with cleaner energy, such as using electric vehicles in transportation to reduce overall carbon emission.

Through communication between the Group and its employees, suppliers and other stakeholders, the most important issues for the Group in 2022 were still the health and safety of employees and the food safety and quality management. Therefore, in 2022, the Group had been concerned about the health and safety of its employees and the provided reassurance for the resigned employees from the closed restaurants. Meanwhile, the Group enhanced the quality of restaurants and the supplier management to improve the efficiency and quality of our operation.

Longhui International promises that while pursuing stable development, it will also actively cooperate with the needs of the environment and society to make appropriate adjustments, and will formulate corresponding measures as the situation of the climate and pandemic changes. It is committed to sustainable development planning by continuously renewing its environment, society and governance practices. First, in terms of environmental responsibility, we actively respond to climate change, continuously monitor energy consumption, explore the use of clean energy, strictly cooperate with waste control, and raise the awareness of environmental protection among our employees. 我們堅信優秀的環境、社會及管治是企業長 期可持續發展的基石。全球各界都認識到近 年的氣候變化對全人類的深遠影響。加上持 續3年多的新型冠狀病毒肺炎疫情(下稱「新 冠疫情」)對餐飲和旅遊業更無疑是首當其所 愛飲企業,龍輝國際響應國家號召,積極 餐飲企業,龍輝國際響應國家號召,積極 資,盡力通成本控制保存品牌實力。二 案 ,盡力安撫受影響的員工,並對他們做出優先 聘請的承諾。我們深刻體會到氣候變化 以及。

我們為應對氣候變化已儘早佈局,幾乎全面 轉用低碳清潔的電磁爐。未來,在其他能源 消耗方面,本集團將逐步用更清潔的能源代 替,例如採用電動車進行運輸等,以降低整 體的碳排放。

透過本集團與員工、供應商及集團其他持份 者的溝通,二零二二年對本集團而言,最重 要的議題依然是:員工健康安全和食品的安 全品質管理。因此,本集團在二零二二年繼 續關注員工健康、員工安全工作以及對關店 後離職員工的安撫工作。同時,本集團加強 了餐廳的品質和供應商的管理,令營運更高 效和高質素。

龍輝國際承諾在追求穩定發展的同時也會積 極配合環境和社會方面的需要而作出適當的 調整,並且會隨著氣候及疫情的變化制定相 應措施,務求在環境、社會及管治三大方面 不斷滌故更新,做好可持續發展規劃,為全 球的可持續發展的長遠貢獻作出努力。第一, 環境責任方面,積極應對氣候變化;持續監 管能源消耗;探索清潔能源的使用;嚴謹配 合廢棄物監管;並提高員工的環保意識。

Second, in terms of social responsibility, during the pandemic, we place priority to employees' safety and care for their well-being; we combine customer needs and quality management to create "efficient and high quality" restaurants; at the same time, we keep community needs in mind and continue to give back to the community on a regular basis to help each other and build a harmonious community.

Third, in terms of corporate governance responsibilities, we strictly comply with all laws and ethical standards; strictly monitor our suppliers and establish long-term amicable relationships; establish and implement a fair and effective employment system to ensure the rights and safety of employees and retain talents; manage quality and build mutual trust with customers.

## **BOARD STATEMENT**

While pursuing its business development, the Board of Longhui International attaches great importance to ESG and sustainability management.

The Board of the Group strictly complies with the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide issued by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange to formulate strategies and targets related to ESG and sustainability, review the progress of the target and take overall responsibility for the ESG strategies and reporting of the Company.

Every year, the Board is involved in all processes of discussing, assessing, prioritising and finalizing significant ESG issues. Business risks are assessed based on the Group's internal and external risks and the importance of stakeholders and their potential risks are analysed and studied in order to formulate medium and long-term ESG strategies.

During the reporting period, the Board has discussed and approved the significant ESG issues identified and formulated ESG strategies, objectives, risk control and management approaches based on the relevant issues. The Board regularly reviews the relevant ESG work, updates the risk assessment, optimizes the ESG governance structure, and proposes and implements the future sustainable development direction. 第二,社會責任方面,在疫情期間,將保障 及關愛員工的身心健康放在第一位;將顧客 需求和品質管理相結合打造「高效和高質素」 門店。同時,我們不忘社區需求,持續做好 恆常社區回饋,互幫互助,共同打造和諧社 區。

第三,企業管治責任方面,嚴格遵守各項法 律以及道德操守標準;嚴謹監管合作供應 商,並同時建立長期友好合作關係;建立及 執行公平有效的僱傭制度,確保員工的權利 及安全,並努力保留人才;品質管理,與顧 客建立互信關係。

## 董事會聲明

龍輝國際於發展業務的同時,董事會高度重 視ESG及可持續發展管理。

本集團董事會嚴格依照香港聯交所的《環境、 社會及管治報告指引》,對ESG及可持續發展 制定相關策略與目標,檢討目標進度,及對 公司的ESG策略和匯報負上總體責任。

每年,董事會參與對ESG重大議題的討論、 評估、排序及最終定案的所有過程。根據集 團內外風險來評估業務風險,對利益相關方 的重要性及其潛在風險進行分析研究,以制 定中長期ESG策略。

報告期內,董事會已討論及審批所識別的重 大ESG議題,並根據相關議題制定ESG戰略、 目標、風控與管理方針。董事會定期對相關 ESG工作進行回顧,更新風險評估,優化ESG 治理架構,提出及落實未來可持續發展方 向。

## **PERFORMANCE IN 2022**

Due to efforts to prevent the outbreak of COVID-19, most of our restaurants experience intermittent closures in 2022. In addition, due to the public's concern about eating out comparing to 2021, 2022 was still a difficult year for the catering industry. On the premise of maintaining its own specialty hot pot, Longhui International closed a number of restaurants without hesitation to retain the entire brand and maintain the normal operation of the Group. By the end of 2022, Longhui International reduced its scale to 12 outlets.

Despite the tough market operating conditions, food safety and quality remained a top priority for Longhui International. The Group took food safety and quality management seriously and insisted on putting customers first. During the pandemic, the Group strived to innovate services and menu items, empowered food safety management with technology, and utilized special services such as digital ordering to meet different customer requirements and enhance customer satisfaction.

As the pandemic continues, the health and safety of employees particularly concerns us. Longhui International has taken effective measures to protect the physical and mental health and safety of employees and to meet their daily needs. The Group's emphasis on safety not only protects employees, but also provides a safe, clean and tidy dining environment for customers. It is one of the manifestations of a catering enterprise's social responsibility that employees are offered a secured job while the enterprise can grow healthily and provide services to the community. The Group's persistence has distinguished Longhui International from other hot pot restaurants and made it popular among customers.

## 二零二二年表現

由於新冠肺炎防疫工作的緣故,我們大部分 店鋪於二零二二年需要間歇性停業。加上市 民對外出就餐的顧慮心理,相比二零二一年, 二零二二年對於餐飲行業而言仍是困難重 重。在保持自身特色火鍋的前提下,龍輝國 際果斷關停多家店鋪以保留整個品牌並維持 本集團的正常營運。截止二零二二年年末, 龍輝國際將規模縮減到12家分店。

儘管市場經營環境嚴峻,食品安全與品質仍 是龍輝國際的重中之重。本集團認真做好食 品安全品質管理,並堅持顧客至上。在疫情 期間盡力創新服務和菜品,技術賦能食品安 全管理,並利用數字化點單等特色服務,滿 足顧客的不同要求,增强滿意度。

在疫情持續下,員工的身心健康和安全顯得 尤為重要。龍輝國際已採取有效措施保護員 工的健康和安全,滿足員工的日常需求。本 集團重視安全,不僅可保護員工,更為顧 提供安全、乾淨、及整潔的用餐環境。員工 有工作,企業能夠健康發展,為社會提供服 為,這是餐飲企業履行社會責任的表現之 一。本集團的堅持令龍輝國際在眾多火鍋店 中能夠繼續脱穎而出,深受顧客喜愛。

## **Environmental Responsibility**

As a food and beverage enterprise, the Group always adheres to the principle of environmental protection. To cater for the needs of environmental protection, the Group has used induction stoves in daily operation, which greatly reduced greenhouse gas emissions as compared to gas stoves. Meanwhile, we strictly comply with and adhere to the Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China (《中華人民共和國環境保護法》), Energy Conservation Law of the People's Republic of China (《中華人民共和國環境保護法》) and other relevant laws to conserve energy and restrain from wastage as well as promote the recycling of resources in an effort to protect and improve our environment. Pursuant to relevant laws, the Group has put in place strict supply chain management processes and strengthened its management of daily operation.

During the reporting period, given the nature of the Group's business, hotpot catering service, which does not involve any production or processing business, the Group's greenhouse gas emission mainly derived from the carbon footprint of electricity, water, gasoline and natural gas consumption in its 12 restaurants and delivery vehicles throughout Mainland China.

Longhui International's total greenhouse gas emissions in 2022 was 751.27 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent, representing a significant year-on-year decrease as compared with 2,085.42 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent in 2021. The main reason for such decrease was the continued economic impact of COVID-19 and the relevant prevention efforts, which led to the closure of 12 restaurant during the Year and the intermittent closure of most of our other restaurants. As a result, our greenhouse gas carbon dioxide emissions in 2022 also recorded a significant year-on-year decrease.

Among the greenhouse gas emissions, due to restaurant closures and business closures, purchased electricity that are indirect emissions decreased significantly by 72% year-on-year from 1,756.60 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent in 2021 to 489.17 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent in 2022.

Natural gas fuels in stationary sources in direct emissions also decreased by 28% year-on-year from 292.26 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent in 2021 to 210.87 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent in 2022. Due to the reduction of restaurants, customers can only go to our restaurants that are still in operation, resulting in an increase in the average natural gas consumption of each restaurant. Therefore, its year-on-year change is relatively moderate compared with purchased electricity.

### 環境責任

作為餐飲企業,本集團時刻秉承保護環境的 宗旨。為配合保護環境需要,本集團的日常 營運全部採用電磁爐,相比傳統的瓦斯氣 爐,可大大減少溫室氣體排放。同時,我們 嚴謹遵守及配合《中華人民共和國環境保護 法》、《中華人民共和國節約能源法》及其他之 相關法例去節約用能源、制止浪費的情況, 推動循環利用資源及為保護改善環境出力。 根據相關法例,本集團訂立了嚴格的供應鏈 管理流程,並強化了日常營運管理。

於報告期內,基於本集團業務的性質為火鍋 餐飲服務,當中不涉及任何生產或加工業務, 本集團的溫室氣體排放主要源自遍佈中國內 地12家店舖和送貨車輛的耗電、耗水、汽油 和天然氣消耗的碳足跡。

龍輝國際二零二二年的溫室氣體排放總量為 751.27噸二氧化碳當量,較二零二一年的 2,085.42噸二氧化碳當量按年大幅下跌。造 成下跌的主因來自於新冠肺炎對經濟的持續 影響以及相關的防疫工作導致我們於年內關 閉了12間店鋪,而其他大部分店鋪亦需要間 歇性停業。因此,我們二零二二年的溫室氣 體二氧化碳排放量也按年錄得大幅下降。

溫室氣體排放量之中,由於閉店及停業,屬 於間接排放的購電量由二零二一年的1,756.60 噸二氧化碳當量按年大幅減少72%至二零二 二年的489.17噸二氧化碳當量。

直接排放之中的天然氣固定源燃料也從二零 二一年的292.26噸二氧化碳當量按年減少28% 至二零二二年的210.87噸二氧化碳當量。由 於店鋪的減少,顧客只能到我們仍在營業中 的食店,引致每家店的平均天然氣使用量反 而提升,因此其按年變化與購電量相比相對 溫和。

Among the direct emissions, combustion of fuels for automobiles increased by 40% year-on-year from 36.57 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent in 2021 to 51.23 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent in 2022, mainly due to an increase in our delivery orders by car as a result of the pandemic measures.

而直接排放之中的汽車燃料燃燒則由二零二 一年的36.57噸二氧化碳當量按年上升40%至 二零二二年的51.23噸二氧化碳當量,主要由 於疫情措施增加了我們用車外賣送貨的訂 單。

| Greenhouse gas emissions (in tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent)   | 溫室氣體排放量<br>(噸二氧化碳當量)                        | 2022<br>二零二二年  | 2021<br>二零二一年  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Scope 1 (Direct Emissions)  | 範圍一(直接排放)                                   | 262.10   | 328.82   |
| Fuels in stationary sources   | 固定源燃料                                       | 210.87   | 292.26   |
| Combustion of fuels for automobiles   | 汽車燃料燃燒                                      | 51.23  | 36.57  |
| Scope 2 (Indirect Emissions) <sup>1</sup>   | 範圍二(間接排放)1                                  | 489.17   | 1,756.60 (updated) (更新)/<br>1,299.90 (not updated)<br>(未更新)  |
| Purchased electricity   | 購電  | 489.17   | 1,756.60 (updated) (更新)/<br>1,299.90 (not updated)<br>(未更新)  |
| Total (Scope 1 & Scope 2)<br>Greenhouse gas emission density  | 合計(範圍一與範圍二)<br>溫室氣體排放密度                     | 751.27   | 2,085.42 (updated)(更新)   |
| (Tonne of carbon dioxide equivalent/<br>square metre)   | (噸二氧化碳當量/平方米)                               | 0.106  | 0.184  |
| Energy consumption  | 能源消耗  |  |  |
| Gasoline  | 汽油  | 21,707.52 litres 升   | 16,188.00 litres 升   |
| Gasoline consumption density<br>(litre/square metre)  | 汽油消耗密度(升/平方米)                               | 3.073  | 1.426  |
| Electricity   | 電力  | 815,280.00 kWh 千瓦時   | 1,603,184.02 kWh 千瓦時   |
| Electricity consumption density<br>(kWh/square metre)   | 電耗密度(千瓦時/平方米)                               | 115.413  | 141.267  |
| Natural gas   | 天然氣   | <b>97,400.53 cubic metres</b><br>立方米   | 133,691.62 cubic metres<br>立方米   |
| Natural gas consumption density<br>(cubic metre/square metre)   | 天然氣消耗密度(立方米/<br>平方米)                        | 立方水<br>13.788  | 立力本<br>11.780  |
| Total water consumption   | 總耗水   |  |  |
| Water consumption (cubic metre)<br>Water consumption density  | <b>用水量(立方米)</b><br>耗水密度(立方米/平方米)            | 36,616<br>5.183  | 不適用<br>不適用   |
| (cubic metre/square metre)  |   |  |  |
| Waste disposal <sup>2</sup>   | 廢物棄置量²                                      |  | an south and a state   |
| Non-hazardous waste<br>General waste and waste water<br>(Food waste) disposal<br>(daily average of each restaurant) | <b>無害廢棄物</b><br>一般廢物和污水(廚餘)棄置量<br>(平均每家店每天) | An amount equivalent<br>to two full designated<br>rubbish bins (240 litres<br>per bin) or approximately    | An amount equivalent to two<br>full designated rubbish bins<br>(240 litres per bin) or<br>approximately 1,485 tonnes |
|   | 無害廢棄物密度(噸/平方米)                              | 742 tonnes per year<br>兩桶專用垃圾桶的數量<br>(每桶240公升)或全年約<br>742噸   | per year<br>兩桶專用垃圾桶的數量<br>(每桶240公升)或全年約<br>1,485噸  |
| Non-hazardous waste density<br>(tonne/square metre)   | 二百歲果初留良(戰/十万不)                              | 0.105  | 0.131  |
| Hazardous waste disposal  | 有害廢物棄置量                                     | No hazardous waste was<br>treated or generated<br>during the course of<br>business<br>業務中並無處理或產生<br>任何有害廢物 | No hazardous waste was<br>treated or generated during<br>the course of business<br>業務中並無處理或產生<br>任何有害廢物              |

- <sup>1</sup> The Group adopted the indirect emission factor of 0.5810 kg/kWh updated by the Ministry of Ecology and Environment of the PRC in 2022 for the year 2021.
- <sup>2</sup> The general waste generated by the Group is mainly food waste. As the official amount of food waste that are collected is currently not available, the industry norm (two barrels of food waste per day) is used in data disclosure. We will try to make more systematic disclosures when more relevant statistics are established in the future.
- \* The data shown above are from the self-operated restaurants under the respective brands of "Faigo" ("輝哥") and "Xiao Faigo Hotpot" ("小輝哥火鍋") of the Group and closed restaurants in the middle of the Year, as well as our administration office.

On top of greenhouse gas emissions, the Group also attaches great importance to the discharge of non-hazardous waste. Our strict and proactive waste monitoring highlights the Group's outstanding management capabilities, which established pride among our employees and trust among our customers, as well as pushed our suppliers to be more attentive.

## Reduce Food Waste and Strive for Zero Wastage

Longhui International is committed to reducing food waste. We have taken action in two directions in our daily operation management: (1) restaurant customers and (2) strict internal supervision.

1) Regarding restaurant customers, we have adopted a three-step approach, namely promotion, reminder and suggestion. For promotion, we have signs posted on eye-catching spots in the restaurants, reminding customers to order food based on their actual needs and not to waste food. For reminder, once customers are seated, we will inform them the portion of each serving as well as remind them there are various choices on the menu with small portion, such as platter etc. For suggestion, we will review customer's orders and suggest them to reduce the portion if they have over-ordered; we also serve certain dishes at a later time and if necessary, so as to avoid excessive serving and the subsequent wastage. 二零二一年的間接排放係數本集團採用了中國生 態環境部於二零二二年更新的0.5810千克/千瓦 時。

- 集團所產生的一般廢物主要為廚餘。由於集團現 時未有正式收集廚餘產生量,故暫以行業常態(每 日兩桶廚餘)為披露數據,待未來相關統計更有 規模,我們會盡量作更有系統性的披露。
- 以上數據均來自於本集團旗下「輝哥」和「小輝哥火鍋」自營店及年中的閉店,以及行政辦公室。

除了溫室氣體排放外,本集團對於無害廢棄物的排放亦特別重視,嚴謹且積極的廢棄物 監管更彰顯出本集團優異的管理能力,令本 集團的員工更自豪、顧客更信任、供應商更 仔細。

#### 減廚餘不浪費

1

龍輝國際力爭減廚餘不浪費。在管理日常營 運中,我們分兩步投放環保資源:(1)用餐顧 客;和(2)內部嚴謹監管。

 用餐顧客方面,我們採取了一宣傳、二 提示、三建議的方針。一宣傳:通過於 店舖當眼處貼上標示,提醒顧客在點 餐的時候要根據實際需要下單,教育 他們不要浪費食物:二提示:顧客落座 後我們會提示顧客每份食物的份量有 多少,告知他們餐單上有各式小份的選 擇,例如拼盤等;三建議:顧客完成點 單後,我們會幫忙檢視,如果過多,會 建議顧客相應少點,或者有些菜晚一 些有需要時再上,避免過多而造成浪 費。

2) In terms of strict internal supervision, we will standardize the amount of food plated, aiming to standardize the services at each restaurant and reduce food waste as much as possible. At the same time, in order to meet customers' desire to try new foods while preventing food waste, we add on our menu a variety of platters to cater for their demands. Moreover, we provide trainings for our employees to ensure that they know the amount of food in each dish of the restaurant, so that they can provide customers with appropriate instructions and suggestions, preventing customers from misestimating the amount of food and the subsequent wastage.

## Strict Monitoring on Food Waste

In respect of food waste management and disposal, we have established strict internal guidelines and staff codes, which strictly comply with the Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China, ensuring that employees deal with and dispose food waste and other waste in accordance with the requirements of the local governments and shopping malls. Meanwhile, we comply with the measures on kitchen waste, for instance the Measures on the Disposal of Kitchen Wastes in Shanghai (《上海市餐廚垃圾處理管理辦法》). Restaurants in Shanghai has reached an agreement with the shopping mall on the disposal methods of food waste: complying with relevant provisions, our staff should discard food waste into special containers and, assuring that the waste does not overflow the containers, leave them to the shopping mall for collection and follow-up treatment. The waste will then be transported away by the environment and hygiene department.

2) 內部嚴謹監管方面,我們會統一上菜份量,旨在統一每家店舖的服務準則之餘,盡量減少廚餘產生。同時,為了顧及顧客想嚐鮮的心態,同時避免浪費食物,我們在餐牌上增設多種拼盤形式的菜款,以滿足顧客的需要。此外,我們亦有對員工進行培訓,確保他們了解店舖內各菜品的份量,以便給予顧客適當的指導及建議,避免顧客錯誤估算食物的份量而造成浪費。

## 嚴格監控廢棄物

在廚餘處理及廢物棄置方面,我們設立了嚴格的內部指引及員工守則,嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國環境保護法》,確保店員已按當地政府及商場的規定,處理並丢棄廚餘及其他廢棄物。同時,我們會遵守當地的廚餘管理辦法,例如,《上海市餐廚垃圾處理管理辦法》,上海的店鋪會與商場就有關餐飲垃圾清運方法達成共識:我們的店員則必須履行相關條款,利用專用垃圾桶承載廚餘並蓋 好,在確保污物不外溢的狀況下,讓商場負 責運並作後續處理,再委託環境衛生部門 負責運出。

In addition, in respect of the disposal of hotpot soup base, the Group also strictly adheres to the requirements of the local governments, such as the Implementation Opinions of the General Office of the Shanghai Municipal People's Government on Further Tightening the Regulatory and Remediation of the Disposal of Waste Grease from Kitchens in Shanghai (《上海市人民政府辦公廳關於進 一步加強本市餐廚廢棄油脂從嚴監管整治工作的實施意見》). Waste grease is separated out from the used soup base in a grease trap in accordance with the relevant requirements and collected in designated sealed containers. Then, the waste grease collected will be transferred to professional recycling service providers for followup treatment. The treated waste broth will only be discarded after all these processes. To ensure that our employees fully comply with the regulatory requirements, each restaurant of our Group is required to sign relevant documents and contracts, such as Agreement for the Engagement of Recycling Waste Grease from Kitchens (《餐廚廢棄油脂委託回收協議》) and Labour and Services Agreement for Disposing and Cleaning of Grease Trap (Oil-water Separator) (《隔油池 (油水分離器) 清理、保潔勞務協議》), under which the penalties commensurate with the non-compliance cases are specified to ensure the implementation of the provisions.

## Efficient Use of Water Resources

The Group as a food and beverage enterprise utilizes a large amount of water. We are always concerned about escalating water shortage around the globe as well as other issues. We are therefore in the process of establishing a water-saving mechanism aiming for water conservation. For example, we reuse scouring water in an effort to reduce washing time with running water without compromising hygiene. 另外,針對火鍋湯底的棄置,集團亦嚴格根 據地方政府規定處理,例如《上海市人民政 府辦公廳關於進一步加強本市餐廚廢棄油脂 從嚴監管整治工作的實施意見》。我們會按 規定,把湯底用油水分離器去作分隔,並將 廢棄油脂存放在已設置好的密罐收集容器 內,再轉交具專業資質的環保回收服務公司 作後續處理,最後才會把已瀝清的湯水倒 掉。為了確保員工全面遵守法例要求,我們 旗下的每一家店舖均需簽署相關的文件及合 同,例如《餐廚廢棄油脂委託回收協議》和 《隔油池(油水分離器)清理、保潔勞務協議》 等,任何違規的情況都會有相應的罰則,保 障條例的切實執行。

## 有效使用水資源

作為餐飲企業,本集團需要使用大量的水。 我們時刻關注全球水資源的日益短缺等問 題,因此,我們正逐步建立節水機制,以期 達到節約用水的目的。例如,洗滌水重用, 在保證清潔的情況下減少流水洗滌的時間 等。

## **Social Responsibility**

## Making Employees our Priority

Employees are the greatest asset of a food and beverage enterprise, all of the Group's recent achievements should be attributed to our outstanding employees for their reliable and high-quality products and services. Therefore, we always place emphasis on talent management and consider it an integral part of the long-term and sustainable development of the Group. Longhui International offers a fair and auspicious development platform to the employees through effective talent acquisition and performance assessment and supervision. To achieve co-development between employee's capability and the Group's growth, we offer an enticing package to attract talents and provide various opportunities of training and promotion to make sure every employee may excel at their position and cultivate their sense of belonging and achievement.

Similar to 2021, 2022 was still a prolonged cold winter for food and beverage enterprises in the whole nation, and the business development of the Group was severely impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. The Group was forced to close certain restaurants and dismiss the relevant employees in order to maintain a sustainable operation capability. However, our employee reduction plan is conducted in full compliance with the Labor Contract Law, with no oppression of employees or unpaid wages whatsoever. We have retained as many employees as possible in relation to the size of the restaurants and businesses we have closed. In addition, we have added new human resources guidelines so that when our business improves, laid-off employees will have priority in hiring.

## 社會責任

## 以員工為先

餐飲企業最大的資本就是員工,而本集團近 年的成就都要歸功於優秀員工提供優質可靠 的產品和服務。因此,我們一直非常愛現 才管理,視之為本集團長遠及可持續發展可 引或缺的一部分。龍輝國際透過有效的人才 管理,視之為本集國國際透過有效的人才 可或缺的一部分。龍輝國際透過有效的人才 招機遇的發展平台。而為了能夠與人子 為發展能夠與本集團的發展步伐匹配,我育 提供良好待遇吸引人才加入的同時,亦 在提供良好待遇吸引人才加入的同時,亦 在提供良好待遇吸引人才加入的同時, 都 在提供良」等, 令員工享有歸屬及成 功感。

與二零二一年相約,二零二二年對全國餐飲 企業而言依舊是漫長的寒冬,新冠疫情對本 集團的業務發展衝擊巨大,為保存持續經營 能力,在不得已的情況下,集團關閉了一些 店鋪,同時也遣散了相應的員工。不過,我 們的員工縮減計劃完全依據《勞動合同法》進 行,絕不存在任何欺壓員工或拖欠薪酬。相 對於關閉的店鋪和業務規模,我們盡可能多 地保留了員工人數。此外,我們新增人事部 指引,待業務好轉時,被裁員工有優先錄取 權利。

僱員相關數據 Employee related data 2022 2021 二零二二年 二零二一年 Total number of employees 整體員工人數 350 522 Proportion of male employees 男性員工佔比 40.8% 43.71% 女性員工佔比 Proportion of female employees 56.29% 59.2% Age distribution of employees 員工年齡分佈 8.29% 14.56% Age 16-24 16-24歲 Age 25-40 25-40歲 40.00% 40.23% Age 41-59 41-59歲 43.30% 47.14% Age 60 or above 60歲或以上 4.57% 1.92% Employees by geographical region 員工按地區分佈 Hefei\* 合肥\* 4.29% 6.51% Shanghai 上海 90.86% 89.66% 無錫 Wuxi 4.86% 3.83% Employees by employment type 員工按僱傭類別分佈 全職 100% 100% Full time Part time 兼職 0 0 合肥店營業至二零二二年十二月中閉店 Hefei restaurant was closed in mid-December 2022

|                                      |                           | <b>2022</b><br>二零二二年  | 2021<br>二零二一年 |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|---|---------------|
| AND POINT AGENCY SAMPLES AND         | CONTRACTOR OF ANY ANY ANY | 194 - 194 - 194 - 194 - 194 - 194 - 194 - 194 - 194 - 194 - 194 - 194 - 194 - 194 - 194 - 194 - 194 - 194 - 194 | 0.40 160 1000 |
| Overall turnover rate                | 整體員工流失率                   | 12.00%  | 7.47%         |
| Proportion of male employees         | 男性員工佔比                    | 4.00%   | 3.58%         |
| Proportion of female employees       | 女性員工佔比                    | 8.00%   | 3.89%         |
| Turnover rate by age distribution    | 員工流失率年齡分佈                 |   |               |
| Age 16-24                            | 16-24歲                    | 1.71%   | 3.52%         |
| Age 25-40                            | 25-40歲                    | 3.14%   | 2.64%         |
| Age 41-59                            | 41-59歲                    | 6.29%   | 1.31%         |
| Age 60 or above                      | 60歲或以上                    | 0.86%   | 0.00%         |
| Turnover rate by geographical region | 員工流失率按地區分佈                |   |               |
| Hefei*                               | 合肥*                       | 3.71%   | 0.18%         |
| Shanghai                             | 上海                        | 8.00%   | 7.08%         |
| Wuxi                                 | 無錫                        | 0.29%   | 0.21%         |
|                                      |                           |   |               |

\* Hefei restaurant was closed in mid-December 2022

合肥店營業至二零二二年十二月中閉店

## **Employment and Recruitment Practices**

The Group places strong emphasis on compliance and strictly complies with the national code and regulation of employment and Labour Contract Law in our talent acquisition procedures. A series of review procedures are in place to prevent any misstatement, discriminations and illegalities, such as the use of child labour and forced labour. We offered fair opportunities to our employees with a standardized policy, and they are assessed based on their work attitude and competency for any personnel affairs, including promotion and re-designation.

During the reporting period, the Group was not aware of any noncompliance in relation to regulations on employment or forced labour and child labour.

The Group attaches great importance to human resources affairs. The employment terms and conditions are expressly stipulated in employment contract, Employee Handbook, Role Description and Employee Attendance and Absence System, etc., and were explained to the employee prior to employment. In addition, with a view to ensuring fair and impartial recruitment of talent, the Group takes the initiative to create discrimination-free and respectful workplace for every employee. We guarantee fair treatment to employees and applicants regardless of their race, colour, gender or religious belief and adopt the same method in calculating remuneration for all employees.

In addition, we have a two-way communication mechanism with our employees, provide maternity leave for women and paternity leave for men, and offer human rights-related training.

## 僱傭招聘常規

本集團高度注重合法性,在開展人才招聘程 序時,嚴格遵守國家僱傭守則,勞動合同法 及規例並執行一系列審核過程,避免出現失 實陳述,歧視和使用童工和強制勞工等違法 情形。我們採用統一政策,給予員工平等機 會,根據個人的工作態度和能力作評估,其 中包括升遷等人事事務。

於報告期內,本集團沒有發現任何因違反有 關僱傭或強制勞工和聘用童工的法規的情 況。

本集團重視人力資源工作。於僱傭合約、《員 工手冊》、《工作崗位説明書》和《員工考勤休 假制度》等中均列明清楚各僱員工作條款跟 條件,在聘用前亦會明確向員工詳細講解。 另外,為了確保能夠公平及公正招聘可用人 才,本集團積極向全體僱員提供不受歧視且 備受尊重的環境工作。我們承諾公平看待任 何種族、虜色、性別或宗教信仰等界別的僱 員和申請者,對所有員工採用相同的薪酬水 平計算方法。

此外,我們設有與員工溝通的雙向機制,設 有女性產假和男性侍產假,還提供人權相關 的培訓等。

In order to retain talents, the Group upholds the principle of fairness and has put in place a polished reward and punishment mechanism to improve the enthusiasm of our employees and reward them for their contribution, while further boosting the efficiency and service quality of our restaurants or departments. The Group has a series of requirements on remuneration management which are expressly set out in the Requirements on Employee Reward and Disciplinary Action. Direct supervisors will report to department managers or directors on employees who satisfy the reward conditions for their review, then Reward Application Forms of relevant employees will be submitted to the personnel and administration department for final approval. Relevant reward will be distributed along with salary. Subsequently, such Reward Application Form will serve as a reference for career advancement of the employee. At the same time, the Group encourages education, training and instruction for any employee involved in minor disciplinary offences. Nevertheless, in more severe cases, instead of consultation, the employee will be subject to formal disciplinary actions for the offence and the employment contract may be terminated if necessary. Relevant employee shall compensate the Group for the losses suffered by the Group arising from such disciplinary offence. The system is applicable to every staff.

For job-related injuries or work-related deaths, the Group will pay social insurance for the employees uniformly, and in case of jobrelated injuries, the Group will report, identify, claim, appraise and settle for the employees. Employee injury matters will be handled by the human resources department of the Group and will be supervised and reviewed by the director and manager of the human resources department at each level, while relevant remuneration and expenses will be reviewed by the financial department. All departments and outlets will check their own safety hazards. The Group will assign experts for inspection, and once a safety hazard is found, the person involved will be ordered to rectify the situation and be punished in accordance with specific circumstances.

Despite the numerous challenges we have ahead in our operation, the Group will keep pace with the times and polish the existing policies to complement a more comprehensive range of disclosure in the future. 為留住人才,除了堅持公平原則,本集團訂 立了完善的員工獎罰機制,推動員工積極表 現並肯定員工付出同時,進而提高店舖或部 門之工作效率跟服務素質。本集團一系列薪 酬管理規定在《員工獎勵及違紀處罰規定》中 清楚列明,只要員工符合獎勵條件,員工直 屬上級就會提報,經過部門經理或總監審 核,就會把相關人員的《獎勵申請單》交到人 事行政部作最後覆核, 隨工資發放相關獎 金。之後這些《獎勵申請單》也會作為該員工 職務職級晉升的依據之一。同時,本集團提 倡對有輕微違紀現象的員工進行教育、培 訓、説明。但如果事件明顯較為嚴重,應停 止交談,並通知員工該事件將按正式的違紀 **處理方式處理**,在必要時本集團會解除勞工 合同,若違紀行為給本集團造成損失,相關 員工也要賠償本集團損失。此制度適用於全 體人員。

對於員工因工負傷或因工死亡情況,本集團 統一為員工繳納社會保險,一旦發生工傷, 本集團將為員工進行申報、認定、理賠、鑒 定、結算。員工工傷事宜由本集團人事部門 主辦,人事主管、人事經理逐級監督審核, 財務部門對於所涉及的薪資、費用進行覆 核。各部門、各門店自查安全隱患。本集團 委派專人進行巡店稽查,一旦發現安全隱 患,責令當事人進行整改並視具體情況進行 處分。

儘管前面的經營路上充滿挑戰,本集團會一 直與時並進,將完善現有政策,以配合未來 更詳細的披露範圍。

## Staff Training

Hygiene is essential to food and beverage industry, nonetheless, the brand image of an enterprise is directly determined by the service performance of its employees. Employees are provided specific trainings for each job position upon employment, equipping them with sufficient knowledge to discharge duties in their respective position. We also target to explore more potential of employees through on-the-job training, which enable us to adjust work assignation accordingly to align with the Group's sustainable development.

In 2022, each employee of the Group, including the management, undertook training. During the Year, we continued to be affected by the COVID-19 pandemic, and most of our restaurants had to be closed intermittently. Therefore, all training is conducted in video mode from the individual employees' homes. Despite this, we have tried our best to maintain an average of two to three hours of on the job training per week for our employees. In the future, we will continue to enhance our existing training system, provide more systematic training for our employees, enhance the quality of teamwork and promote employees' emergency handling abilities in daily operation, so as to provide our customers with services of highest quality and satisfaction.

#### Recognition and Appreciation to Our Staff

In addition to remuneration, promotion and medical insurance, we offer different kinds of rewards to our staff in recognition of their dedication and contribution, so as to increase their sense of belonging to the Group and to encourage our staff to share happiness with their family and friends. However, due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic in 2022, physical team building activities remained suspended and were replaced by web-based recognition. Compared to local recognition meetings, web-based meetings allow employees to receive attention from all branches across different regions nationwide, which further boosted their morale.

## 員工培訓

在餐飲業,衛生情況至關重要之餘,員工的 服務表現亦將直接決定企業的品牌形象。我 們在員工入職時,設立了各個崗位相對應的 培訓,從而讓員工在崗位上有足夠認識以處 理工作事務。透過在職培訓,我們也期望發 掘更多員工的潛能而作出工作調整以配合本 集團的可持續發展。

在二零二二年,本集團每位員工,包括管理 層都有接受培訓。於年內,我們繼續受新冠 疫情的影響,大部分店鋪更需要間歇性停業。 因此,所有培訓都於各員工家中以視頻模式 進行。儘管如此,我們已盡可能維持員工平 均在職培訓每週在2至3個小時。未來,我們 將持續改善現有的培訓系統,為員工提供更 具系統性的培訓,提升團隊質素,以提高日 常工作上處理狀況的能力,務求給予顧客最 高質和滿意的服務。

#### 認可與肯定員工

除了以薪酬、升遷、繳納醫保等方式外,為 了增加員工對本集團的歸屬感,我們會給予 各種獎勵,以肯定他們的辛勞與付出,同時 鼓勵員工與家人朋友分享喜悦。不過,受二 零二二年新冠疫情的持續影響,實體團建活 動仍維持暫停,以網絡表彰代替。相比本地 表彰會,網絡會議可令員工能獲得全國所有 分店地域的關注,進一步增加士氣。

### Ensuring Health and Safety of Employees

During the past three years, there were no case arising from jobrelated injuries or casualties.

Health and safety of employees are of utmost importance. We have strictly complied with the laws and requirements in the PRC to ensure our employees work in a safe environment. Pursuant to existing laws including Labour Contract Law of the People's Republic of China(《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》), Regulation on Paid Annual Leave for Employees (《職工帶薪年假條例》), Social Insurance Law of the People's Republic of China (《中華人民共和國社會保險法》) and Regulation on Labour Protection for Female Workers (《女職工 勞動保護辦法》), the Group has formulated a series of measures for relevant standards, ensuring that all of our employees are protected in respect of their health and occupational safety.

For job-related injuries or deaths, the Group will pay social insurance for the employees uniformly, and in case of jobrelated injuries, the Group will report, identify, claim, appraise and settle for the employees. All departments and outlets will check their own safety hazards. The Group will assign experts for inspection, and once a safety hazard is found, the person involved will be ordered to rectify the situation and be punished in accordance with specific circumstances.

## - Body checks for employees

In terms of employees' health, we believe that good health and safety are a prerequisite for our staff to provide the best service for our customers, therefore we arrange body checks for staff in the course of recruitment. The Group provides its employees with annual body checks so that they can understand their own health conditions and the Group can assign workload accordingly. Additionally, our catering staff is required to obtain a health card under the Group's specific Health Certificate Management System of Employees before they commence working. Accordingly, all of our restaurants are required to follow this system and shall require the staff to review and renew their health card regularly. The Group places high emphasis on annual body checks during recruitment and employment. We hope our dedication to employee health can be reflected in the high-quality service we give to customers of our brands

## 確保員工健康安全工作

過去三年,我們並沒有發生任何因工作關係 而受傷或死亡的個案。

員工的健康與安全是至關重要的。我們嚴守 國家法規以確保我們的僱員能夠在崗位上安 全工作,根據現有法律《中華人民共和國勞動 合同法》、《職工帶薪年假條例》、《中華人民 共和國社會保險法》及《女職工勞動保護辦法》 等,本集團就相關規範訂立一系列措施確保 員工的健康與職業安全都受相對應的保障。

對於員工因工受傷或死亡情況,本集團統一 為員工繳納社會保險,一旦發生工傷,本集 團將為員工進行申報、認定、理賠、鑒定、 結算。各部門、各門店自查安全隱患。本集 團委派專人進行巡店稽查,一旦發現安全隱 患,責令當事人進行整改並視乎具體情況進 行處分。

#### 員工健康檢查

於員工健康方面,我們深信員工需要自 身健康及於安全的情況下才能夠把最 好的服務給予我們的顧客,所以我們在 聘請員工的過程中會先做好他們健康 檢查工作。本集團為在職員工每年提 供一次健康體檢,讓員工對自己的健康 有定期了解,也讓本集團能就各人體質 及健康狀況分配工作量。此外,我們 的餐飲服務人員必須遵行本集團特有 的《員工健康證管理制度》,取得健康 證方能上崗,本集團旗下每家門店都 需要遵行並要求員工定時複檢及更換 健康證。從聘請到僱用,以及每年的 健康檢查,本集團都高度重視,並期望 我們對員工健康的執著能反映於光臨 我們旗下品牌顧客的高質服務上。

During the COVID-19 pandemic, we placed more emphasis on the health of our employees by requiring them to conduct nucleic acid tests and formulating a code of practice for services during the pandemic, such as wearing masks inside the restaurants, washing hands frequently, and not travelling to high-risk areas during non-duty hours for the sake of personal management.

## - Safety and protection measures for employees

We ensure a safe workplace for employees to achieve smooth daily operation for our business. Therefore, we arrange on-the-job guidance and training on daily operation for newly recruited employees in relation to understanding the requirement of their positions with an emphasis on the prevention of potential risks in relation to their health and safety. Upon induction, employees also receive regular instruction aiming to remind them of the importance of occupational health and safety.

We are in strict compliance with Fire Control Law of the People's Republic of China (《中華人民共和國消防法》) to regulate fire control at our restaurants. In order to set out regulations and response in a more systematic manner, we have also formulated the Training Manual on Fire Control over Safe Food Production (《消防食品生產安全培訓手冊》), which sets out common causes of restaurant fires such as improper operation or aging electric circuit. It raises the fire safety awareness of employees and educates them about firefighting equipment, standard of use and other points to note. Each department and outlet conduct its own safety review to identify loopholes. The Group also assigns a responsible personnel to conduct restaurant inspection and immediately rectify any loopholes identified, and impose disciplinary action on the person in charge of the venue in accordance with the specific situation. In addition, with a view to improving the contingency capability of our restaurants, we also arrange fire drill for employees to become more capable of responding to any emergency in a timely manner, thereby offering further safety protection for our customers and employees.

新冠疫情期間,我們對員工的健康更 為重視,不但規定員工定期進行新冠 核酸檢測,更制定了疫情期間的服務守 則,例如:餐廳範圍內帶口罩、經常清 潔雙手、非工作時間做好個人管理工作 不去高危地區等。

## 員工安全防護措施

要安心營運每天的業務,我們必須確 保員工在自身安全的情況下工作,故此 在日常營運上,本集團為新員工提供入 職在崗指導和培訓。培訓包涵了解崗 位需求,並會特別強調如何避免任何 潛在構成健康與安全的風險。入職後, 員工也會有固定的宣導,以提醒員工職 業健康和安全的重要性。

我們嚴格執行《中華人民共和國消防法》 以監管我們店舖的消防安全,同時撰 寫了《消防食品生產安全培訓手冊》,以 更有系統性解釋如何監管和應對。《消 防食品生產安全培訓手冊》中列明了操 作不當或電路老化引起火災等店舖平常 起火的大致原因,以引起員工對於火災 的重視,也教導他們滅火設備的知識、 使用標準和其他要注意事項。我們各 部門、各門店會自查安全隱患。本集團 也會委派專人進行巡店檢查,一旦發 現安全隱患,我們會立刻進行整改,並 根據具體情況處罰場地的負責人。另 外,為了增強店舖處理突發事故的反應 能力,我們也有安排消防安全演練的 機會,讓員工能夠更容易對任何緊急事 故做出及時反應,進一步保障顧客和員 工的自身安全。

#### Insurance coverage for employees

The health of employees is the key to success of an enterprise. The Group provides medical insurance pursuant to the regulations of its operating regions, so as to safeguard our employee's life effectively. We make contributions to social insurance for our employees in accordance with the law, providing protection for our employees at all time. For example, once an accident occurs, the personnel department of the Group will approve the work injury report from employee and calculate the salary and reimburse the medical expense during convalescence in accordance with the local law. After the convalescence, the personnel department will assess capacity for work of the employee and make reasonable work injury compensation based on respective injury severity.

On top of various insurances, the Group has put in place a comprehensive set of structures and terms to expressly stipulate the reasonable protection for employee rights. For example, Employee Attendance and Absence System clearly sets out a management guide that complements and protects employee rights. Overtime work shall be assessed and recorded by relevant person in charge and the calculation of overtime work should start after the end of regular work hour at 18:30. Various policies formulated by the Group require support by different measures, departments and structures and Longhui promises to provide continuous protection for each and every valued employee in an active manner.

The Group strictly complies with the Labor Contract Law and various local regulations and ordinances, and will take the following remedial measures in a timely manner if violations are found: for example, dismissing underage employees; truthfully informing job seekers of their working hours and remuneration package and honoring them; returning employees' deposits and all kinds of property; revising the content of job postings so that no discriminatory words (e.g. gender, ethnicity) are used, etc.

#### 員工保險保障

員工健康是企業致勝關鍵,本集團依 法提供符合業務運營地規定的醫療依 險,切實保障員工的生活。我們亦依 法替員工繳納社會保險,讓員工的作成 都能有保障。例如:當發生事故時,本 集團人事部更會將工傷僱員的申報作詞 定後,根據當地法律為工傷康復期員 工結束後,人事部會鑑定員工的勞動能 力,對員工受傷程度作出合理工傷理 賠。

除了各類保險,本集團也有一套完善的 架構和條款去進一步確保員工利益有 受合理的保護。例如:於我們的《員工 考勤休假制度》裡面列明清楚我們一套 管理模式去配合及保障員工利益,員工 加班工時要由相應負責人員去評定可 記錄,標準工時制於下午18:30後團可 計算在加班工時裡等。各種本集及 層加班工時裡等。各種本集及 調 和以配合,龍輝承諾會繼續 積 極提供保障給予我們每一位尊貴的員 工。

本集團嚴格遵照勞動合同法及所在地 各項法規、條例,如發現違規情況,將 及時採取下列補救措施:例如清退未成 年員工;如實告知求職者作息時間、薪 資待遇並予以兑現:退還員工押金及各 類財物;修改招聘信息內容,不得出現 任何歧視性字眼(例如性別、民族)等。

#### **Sustainable Supply Chain Management**

#### — Assessment and Recruitment of Suppliers

We are introducing the concept of sustainable development into our supply chain management, where we explore the possibility of promoting innovation and reform in business management as well as reform in industry development by way of sustainable supply chain innovation and reform, with a view to building a community where the interests of customers, enterprises and suppliers are aligned for a more sustainable future. We will integrate green practices and environmental protection into our procurement review standards, connecting them with considerations including safety, environmental protection, quality and risk management.

Number of suppliers by brands per area in 2022

#### 可持續發展的供應鏈管理

#### 一 考核及聘用供應商

我們正將可持續發展的理念引入到供 應鏈管理之中,探索以可持續供應鏈 創新與變革推動企業經營管理的創新 與變革、行業發展的變革,構建顧客、 企業、供應商共同組成的利益及命運 共同體,一同邁向更加可持續的未來, 將綠色環保納入採購審核標準,與安 全、環保、質量、風險管理等要素結 合。

#### *二零二二年品牌按地區劃分的* 供應商數目

|                    |       | Xiao Faigo<br>(Jiangsu)<br>小輝哥<br>(江蘇) | Xiao Faigo<br>(Shanghai)<br>小輝哥<br>(上海) | Da Faigo<br>(Shanghai)<br>大輝哥<br>(上海) |
|--------------------|-------|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Domestic Suppliers | 國內供應商 | 2                                      | 38                                      | 52                                    |

During the Year, the Group had an aggregate of 95 qualified suppliers, which were all domestic suppliers in the PRC.

As the Group engages in hot pot business, most of our operating risks lie on the quality of our food. Since we do not run our own production lines, therefore the Group places extremely strict requirements on supply chains.

Product quality, delivery timeliness, product price, purchase and transaction compatibility and stability are factors that the Group puts strong emphasis on when considering engagement of suppliers.

年內,本集團共有95家合格供應商,全部均 為中國內地供應商。

由於本集團的業務為火鍋餐飲,我們營運風 險大部分落於我們食物的質素。我們沒有自 營生產線,所以本集團對於供應鏈有極嚴格 的要求。

產品質量、交貨準時性、產品價格、採購往 來配合度和穩定性是本集團對於聘用供應商 非常重視的考慮因素。

#### **Technology-powered Food Safety Management**

The Group's restaurants cover Shanghai, Hefei and Wexi. In order to unify the quality of our food throughout the country, the Group has established a set of guidelines and procedures applicable to restaurants in different regions, enabling each region to identify available suppliers via standardized approach. Base on this, adjustments on the assessment process will be made according to the specific needs of each region, thereby promoting the efficiency and accuracy of such assessment. The general monitoring process in each region is as follows:

First, we make comparisons according to the market prices, and also consider cost factors such as procurement cycle, inventory and transportation to determine the allocation of orders. For quality inspection, the receiving department is responsible for the preliminary acceptance of products with the main duties of checking the product packaging, quantity and supplier's inspection report. The user department is responsible for tracking the use of products. If the quality is found to be unstable, the department should investigate the reasons. If such problem is found to be caused by suppliers, we would first warn the suppliers and request for return, and then help them conduct acceptance inspection pursuant to our delivery standard. In addition, the delivery time of suppliers is also of great importance. Our purchasing department is responsible for filling out the relevant orders according to the summary statement of their on-time delivery rate, while the warehouse was responsible for recording the delivery time and quantity. Each department works in coordination to achieve the most effective evaluation on the suppliers.

In addition, we have added indicators on suppliers' environmental and social risks. We have incorporated green and environmental protection into our procurement review standards, combined with safety, environmental protection, quality and risk management, to encourage suppliers to use more environmentally friendly products and focus on recycling, and continuously monitored suppliers' performance and progress.

In order to assure the quality of our suppliers as well as the stability of our products, contracts are generally entered into on an annual basis and will only be renewed if the suppliers have outstanding performance.

#### 技術賦能食品安全管理

本集團旗下的店舖覆蓋上海、合肥和無錫, 為了能夠統一我們全國的食品質量,本集團 訂立了一套適用於不同區域店舖的準則和流 程,以便各區能用統一方法辨別可用供應商, 在這個基礎上,可因應各區不同需要改制一 些考測過程,以提高效率和準確性。各地區 普遍的監測流程如下:

此外,我們加入了供應商環境及社會風險的 指標,將綠色環保納入採購審核標準,與安 全、環保、質量、風險管理等要素結合,鼓 勵供應商多用環保產品及注重回收再用,並 持續監察供應商的執行情況和進度。

為確保供應商的質素以保證我們的出品穩 定,我們的合同一般都是一年一簽,持續表 現良好的供應商才會續簽。

Under strict supplier management, our product quality maintained stable over the past year, achieving a satisfying operation performance. In addition, the quality of our suppliers is remarkable, which increased from only three suppliers with ISO certification in 2018 to 16 suppliers with ISO 9000 certification in 2022. In 2022, we had 15 suppliers possessing ISO certification. In the future, we will encourage our suppliers to optimize product quality and enhance their respective availability for further development by collaborating with suppliers in every respect for mutual prosperity.

Gain Popularity among Customers with Multiple levels of Supervision

During 2022, no product of the Group has been returned for safety and health reasons.

Customers always come first for the Group. Customer satisfaction is an important indicator for a restaurant's performance. We have in place an Express Hotline for Opinion Feedbacks and online evaluation platform, allowing customers to make direct conversation with our senior management and give feedbacks with only a call. For complaints we will investigate the cause down to employee level, and for appreciation, we will raise the performance evaluation of involved employees.

All restaurants under the Group's brands uphold the principle of customer orientation, safeguarding the quality of our dishes strictly. Quality is strictly monitored by kitchen staff and waitstaff so as to assure that no expired or unhealthy, stale food will be served on table. During the process of cutting and allocating the dishes by kitchen staff, the first round of food safety guarantee would be conducted. Our frontline staff is also responsible for receiving and checking the dishes before serving them to the customers. Once any improper quality is identified in a restaurant, the relevant restaurant staff has the responsibility to inform the receiving department and the purchasing department, and then investigate the cause of defections and use it as an evidence for follow-up actions.

Our Fire Prevention and Food Production Safety Training Handbook sets out explanations of food safety including causes, symptoms and precautions of food poisoning, as well as specifying the duty and structure of Safety Committee. It is the responsibility of the committee to research and solve any problems relating to food safety, organize and coordinate various departments within the Group for the inspection and monitor of food safety supervision and management. 在嚴格的供應商管理之下,我們的產品在過 去一年繼續保持穩定的質量,整體營運表現 良好。另外,旗下供應商的品質顯著,從二 零一八年僅3家有ISO認證到二零二二年的16 家供應商獲得ISO 9000認證,二零二二年具 備ISO認證的供應商達15家。未來,我們堅 持會在各方面配合供應商,跟它們一同進步, 致力推動鼓勵它們優化產品質量,提高各自 的可用性以致能夠有更長遠的發展。

多重把關,顧客青睞

二零二二年內,本集團沒有任何因安全或健 康理由而須回收的產品。

本集團以客為本,顧客是否滿意成為店鋪表 現的重要指標。我們設有《意見反饋電話直 通車》和網上評價平台,顧客直接致電就可 以與本集團的高級管理層直接對話,反饋意 見。顧客若是投訴,我們會查找原因落實到 員工;顧客若是讚揚,我們會提高相應員工 的績效。

本集團旗下所有餐廳,以顧客至上為原則, 旗下店舖嚴謹把守菜品高質量,並由後廚和 前台員工嚴格雙重把關,絕對不會允許出現 過期或不健康、不新鮮的食品上餐桌。菜品 會由廚房工作人員切配,過程會先作第一號 食品安全保證,我們的前台店員也有責任 接過菜品後檢查沒有問題才可以送到顧客桌 上。一旦店舖發現任何不妥當的質量,相關 店舖人員有責任告知收貨部門和採購部,然 後查明菜品變壞的原因,再以其作後續跟進 的證據。

在我們的《消防食品生產安全培訓手冊》裡 面,列有食品安全闡釋,也列有分辨食物中 毒的病因、症狀、還有預防措施,以及我們 的安全委員職責與架構等等。有關委員會有 責任研究並解決食品安全所發生的任何問 題,組織並協調本集團各部門以檢查督促食 品安管監管的落實。

#### **Further Protection and Respect of Our Customers**

#### - Respect Customer's Opinion

During the reporting period, the Group did not record any complaint from our customers in respect of food safety issue or required follow-up actions for a long period.

In addition to providing quality food in the catering industry, Longhui International, places special emphasis on customer experience. Each of our restaurants collect a large amount of customer opinion in our day-to-day operations. The scope of opinion is very broad, ranging from quality and taste of food, quality of service, to dining environment, and we may receive opinion in various aspects. The Group operates with customer oriented principle and renders quality service. Once a customer gives feedback, our restaurant staff would ask for the reason first, and manage to answer respective questions. If we fail to completely meet the customer's requirements, restaurant manager will also help address the issue, so as to properly handle the customer's opinion through discussion and negotiation.

In general, customers give their feedback in our restaurants immediately, and our staff will also communicate with customers and manage to satisfy their needs in accordance with our internal code. For instance, if a customer complains about the appearance or amount of our food, adhering to our customer-oriented principle, we will meet the customer's requirements as fully as possible, including return of the food or providing refunds. If customers' opinion is not well handled, they may contact the customer service department of the Group for further handling.

We hope to further improve the Group's policies in the future by collecting customer's feedback and complaint, understanding the inadequacies in different aspects by analysing customer's opinion, so as to enhance our service and food quality, which in turn improve customer satisfaction on our brand.

#### 進一步對顧客的保護與尊重

#### 一 尊重顧客意見

報告期內,本集團沒有記錄到任何因 食品安全問題或需要長期作出跟進的 顧客投訴。

餐飲行業除了提供優質食物, 龍輝國 際尤其重視顧客體驗。各店舖在日常 營運中均會收集到大量的顧客意見, 意 見內容範圍亦非常廣泛,從食物品質、 味道、服務質素到用餐環境,均有可能 收顧客為先的宗旨運作並提供優 個客為先的宗旨運作並最在店員會 先向顧客有所反饋,該食店店員會 先向顧客有所反饋,該食店店員會 規,如果未能夠完全處理顧客需要,相 關店舖經理亦會協助解決,務求透過 討論協商的方式,讓顧客的意見得到 應有的處理。

一般而言,顧客都會即時於店舖裡進 行意見反映,而店員亦會按內部設立的 守則,與顧客溝通協調,盡量滿足顧 客的要求。例如,若顧客對食品外觀 或份量進行投訴,我們本著顧客至上 的原則,會盡量滿足顧客的要求,包括 退菜或減免餐費等方式。若顧客的意 見得不到完善的解決,他們可聯絡至 本集團之顧客服務部,進行更深入的 後續處理。

透過收集顧客的意見反饋及投訴,我 們希望未來可以更完善本集團的政策, 透過分析顧客意見,了解到不同範疇的 不足之處,以提升我們服務和食品質 量,進而提高顧客對於我們品牌的滿 意度。

#### **Customer Privacy Protection**

During the reporting period the Group did not receive any complaint due to leakage of customer information.

When collecting customer information for the Group's record of premium membership, our staff will explain to them the purpose for which it is collected, and relevant personal information will only be collected with their prior consent. In the meantime, it is our policy that only authorized staff can get access to customer information. For example, modification of member information or processing of member's accumulated points are limited to the system administrator, store manager and cashier. Relevant name lists will be given in each restaurant and office for record with their respective authorization of staff expressly stipulated. Our frontline staff serving in each restaurant should follow our guideline when collecting personal information, which shall not be disclosed without authorization. After filing customer information in the Group's internal database, any access to the database shall be approved by relevant authorized persons and records thereof should be kept. We believe that under our close surveillance of privacy, we are able to protect customer information from unauthorized access by individual staff, thereby avoid customer information leakage. Other than that, the employment contract signed by our staff has set out relevant confidential clauses which stipulated that no leakage of the Group's information is allowed. Those who acted otherwise will be subject to punishment or termination of employment contract, and in extreme cases, be required to make up any loss incurred by the Group.

#### 保護顧客私隱

報告期內,本集團沒有收到因洩露顧客 資料而引致的投訴。

在收集顧客資料作為本集團高級會員 記錄的時候,我們員工會向他們解釋 其個人資料的用途,在取得他們同意後 才會收集相關個人資料。同時,我們 規定只有獲授權的員工才可接觸顧客資 料,例如系統管理員、店長和收銀員才 有權限修改會員資料或處理會員儲值 等,相關的名單亦會給予門店及辦公 室作為記錄,並清楚列明各分店授權 員工的權限。前線店舖服務員在收集 個人資料時必須根據指引處理,絕不 可未經授權對外透露有關資料。而顧 客的資料在存入本集團內部資料庫後, 任何查閱行為均有所記錄都需要得到 相關有權人士的批准。在我們的嚴密 隱私監測下,我們相信能夠防止個別 員工擅自取用顧客資料,避免顧客資料 的洩漏。同時,員工所簽訂的僱傭合約 上已列載有相關的保密條款,他們不 得向外洩漏任何有關本集團資料,否 則會受到相應懲罰,甚至終止跟他們 的雇傭合約並且賠償本集團相關損失。

Anti-Corruption and Building a Culture of Honesty and Integrity

During 2022, the Group did not record any case in relation to corruption.

All employees are required to read and sign the Rules on Staff Reward and Disciplinary Penalty upon induction, which sets out various scenarios of non-compliance by employees categorized into serious or less serious violations, while different degrees of penalties will be imposed for different levels of violations. Forging or fraudulent use of the Group's seal or any document, private transaction with clients or vendors through job advantages, bribery or profiteering or other activities detrimental to the Group's interests conducted by any employee is considered a serious case of violation. If any employee is found to violate such rules, upon investigation by various departments and the personnel and administration department, the Group shall terminate the labour contract and demand such employee to compensate for relevant losses of the Group. The Group wishes to enlarge the scale of group monitoring and promote overall awareness of anti-corruption in our Group through internal structure review combining with staff reporting.

In the future, we will further optimize the Group's anti-corruption mechanism with established policies, provide anti-corruption trainings for all the Directors and employees and to enhance preventive and deterrent measures against employees' non- compliance attempts, in order to minimize our operating and corporate management risks and lay a sound foundation for further business expansion going forward. With such measures, we hope to strengthen the faith of our management, stakeholders and the public in Longhui Group.

#### **CIVIC RESPONSIBILITY**

#### **Giving Back to Society**

The Group has been committed to giving back to society with our main business and holding various activities annually. However, due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic in 2020 and 2022, we have suspended activities for these three years in order to avoid cross-infection and put the health of our staff and stakeholders first. In the future, once the pandemic has stabilized, we will continue to carry out various activities to do our part for the community.

Looking ahead, the Group will continue to fulfil our corporate social responsibility by investing more resources in charity events and encourage all employees to participate so as to promote awareness for social care and thereby enhancing the corporate image of our Group.

反貪污,締造廉潔文化

二零二二年內,本集團沒有錄得任何有關貪 污的案件。

我們於員工入職時會閱讀並簽署《員工獎勵 及違紀處罰規定》。該規定列明了各類員工 運,對於各個層面的犯規,我們都有属之 罰程度。假設有員工偽造或密不嚴重違規範 罰程度。假設有員工偽造或密有集團和 之供者、借工作之便與顧客或客 和集團利益活動都被列為嚴重門和 一旦違反規定,經過各部門和行政 部違規員工賠償相關的本集團損失。相 調 者望透過自有審核架構和員工舉報相配 團 希望透過自有審核架構和員工舉報相 的形式,使監督可以更有規模並提高本集團 整體的廉潔意識。

未來,我們將進一步完善本集團的反貪污機 制,向所有董事及員工提供反貪污培訓,加 強對員工嘗試違規的阻嚇作用,降低本集團 的營運及企業管治風險,為之後進一步的業 務擴展打好基礎,也讓本集團管理層、持份 者、大眾能對我們更有信心。

#### 公民責任

回饋社會

本集團堅持以主營業務回饋社會,每年都組 織各類活動,但由於二零二零至二零二二年 新冠疫情的影響,為避免交叉感染,我們暫 停了這3年的活動,以員工和各持份者的健 康為先。未來,待疫情穩定後,我們會繼續 開展各類活動,為社會盡一分力。

展望未來,本集團將繼續積極履行企業公民 責任,投入更多資源於公益活動,鼓勵本集 團全體員工一同參與,推動社會關懷的認識, 進而提高本集團的企業形象。



The directors (the "**Directors**") of Longhui International Holdings Limited (the "**Company**", together with its subsidiaries, the "**Group**") present the annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022.

#### PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands and its principal place of business in Hong Kong is Suite 301, 3/F, Hale Weal Industrial Building, 22–28 Tai Chung Road, Tsuen Wan, New Territories, Hong Kong.

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The Company is an investment holding company. The activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on pages 102 and 103.

The Board resolved not to pay any final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2022.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The business review of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2022 is set out in the "Chairman's Statement" and "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 4 to 5 and pages 6 to 23 of this report respectively. Those sections form part of this "Report of the Directors".

#### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

For the year ended 31 December 2022, as a restaurant chain, the Group has a large and diverse customer base. The revenue derived from the top five largest customers accounted for less than 30% of the total revenue for the year ended 31 December 2022.

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the purchases of food ingredients and other supplies from the Group's top five largest suppliers together accounted for approximately 51.2% (2021: approximately 47.1%), with the largest supplier accounted for approximately 33.0% (2021: approximately 24.7%) of the Group's total purchases for the year.

龍輝國際控股有限公司(「本公司」,連同其附 屬公司統稱「本集團」)董事(「董事」)提呈本集 團截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度之 年度報告及經審核綜合財務報表。

#### 香港主要營業地點

本公司在開曼群島註冊成立為有限公司,其 於香港的主要營業地點位於香港新界荃灣大 涌道22-28號合福工業大廈3樓301室。

#### 主要業務

本公司為投資控股公司。其主要附屬公司之 業務載於綜合財務報表附註36。

#### 業績及股息

本集團截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度之業績載於第102及103頁之綜合損益及其 他全面收益表。

董事會議決不就截至二零二二年十二月三十 一日止年度派付任何末期股息。

#### 業務回顧

本公司截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度的業務回顧分別載於本報告第4至5頁的「主 席報告書」及第6至23頁的「管理層討論與分 析」等節。該兩節組成本「董事會報告書」的 一部分。

#### 主要客戶及供應商

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,作 為連鎖餐廳,本集團擁有龐大且多元化的客 戶基礎。源自五大客戶的收益佔截至二零二 二年十二月三十一日止年度總收益不足30%。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,採 購自本集團五大供應商的食材及其他供應品 合共佔本集團於年內採購總額約51.2%(二零 二一年:約47.1%),當中最大供應商佔約 33.0%(二零二一年:約24.7%)。



None of our Directors, any of their close associates or any Shareholders that, to the knowledge of our Directors, own more than 5% of the issued share capital of the Company had any interest in any of the Group's five largest customers and suppliers during the year ended 31 December 2022.

#### **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

Details of the movements during the year in the property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **SHARE CAPITAL**

Details of movements in the share capital, convertible bonds and share options of the Company during the year are set out in notes 23, 29 and 30 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively.

#### RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company during the year are set out in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

At 31 December 2022, the Company had no reserves available for distribution (2021: Nil).

#### FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the past five financial years is set out on page 220.

#### DIRECTORS

The Directors who held office during the year ended 31 December 2022 and up to the date of this report are as follows:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Hung Shui Chak *(Chairman)* Mr. So Kam Chuen Mr. Yuan Mingjie

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Tam Bing Chung Benson Mr. Cheung Ting Pong Mr. Shum Kei Yiu Daniel 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,概 無董事、任何彼等之緊密聯繫人或任何股東 (據董事所知擁有本公司已發行股本5%以上 者)於本集團五大客戶及供應商中擁有任何權 益。

#### 物業、廠房及設備

本集團物業、廠房及設備於年內之變動詳情 載於綜合財務報表附註16。

#### 股本

年內的本公司股本、可換股債券、購股權變 動詳情分別載於綜合財務報表附註23、29及 30。

#### 儲備

本公司儲備於年內之變動詳情載於綜合財務 報表附註35。

#### 本公司可供分派儲備

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司並無 可供分派儲備(二零二一年:無)。

#### 財務概要

本集團過去五個財政年度的業績及資產負債 概要載於第220頁。

#### 董事

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度, 在任董事列載如下:

執行董事

洪瑞澤先生(*主席)* 蘇錦存先生 袁明捷先生

獨立非執行董事

譚秉忠先生 張霆邦先生 沈其耀先生



Each of the independent non-executive Directors, are appointed for a specific term and are subject to retirement by rotation in accordance with the Articles of Association. According to the Articles of Association, all Directors are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the AGM.

None of the Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM has a service agreement with the Company which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

Pursuant to article 84 of the Articles of Association, Mr. Hung Shui Chak and Mr. Yuan Mingjie shall retire from office by rotation at the forthcoming AGM, and both retiring Directors are eligible and shall offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming AGM.

In accordance with the Nomination Policy, the Nomination Committee has reviewed the biographies of each of Mr. Hung Shui Chak and Mr. Yuan Mingjie, being executive Directors, who will be subject to retirement and re-election at the AGM, and taking into consideration their knowledge, experience, capability and various diversity aspects as set out in the board diversity policy of the Company as well as their overall contributions and services to the Company, including their attendance of Board/general meetings and the level of participation and performance on the Board over the years.

Taking into consideration of the above, recommendations to the Board for the proposal for re-election of each of Mr. Hung Shui Chak and Mr. Yuan Mingjie, being executive Directors, were made by the Nomination Committee and the Board accepted the nomination by the Nomination Committee and recommended Mr. Hung Shui Chak and Mr. Yuan Mingjie to stand for re-election by the Shareholders at the AGM.

The Company has received from each independent non-executive Director a confirmation of his independence pursuant to the independence guidelines under the Listing Rules, and considers that all independent non-executive Directors are independent. 獨立非執行董事各自按固定任期獲委任,且 須遵照本公司章程細則輪值退任。根據章程 細則,全體董事均須於本公司股東週年大會 上輪席退任並重選連任。

建議在應屆股東週年大會上重選連任之董 事,概無與本公司訂立一年內在不作賠償(法 定補償除外)下本集團不得終止之任何服務 協議。

根據章程細則第84條,洪瑞澤先生及袁明捷 先生將於應屆股東週年大會上輪流退任,兩 位退任董事均符合資格及將於應屆股東週年 大會上重選連任。

根據提名政策,提名委員會已經審視將在股 東週年大會上退任及重選連任的執行董事洪 瑞澤先生及袁明捷先生各自的履歷,並考慮 到彼等的知識、經驗、能力及本公司董事會 多元化政策中規定的各種多元化層面,以及 彼等對本公司總體貢獻及服務,包括彼等於 董事會/股東大會的出席記錄及歷年在董事 會的參與程度及表現。

基於上述情況,提名委員會分別向董事會推 薦重選執行董事洪瑞澤先生及袁明捷先生, 而董事會已接受提名委員會的提名,並推薦 洪瑞澤先生及袁明捷先生參與股東週年大會 的重選。

本公司已收到每位獨立非執行董事各自根據 上市規則規定的獨立性指引提交的獨立性確 認,並認為所有獨立非執行董事均為獨立。

#### **DIRECTORS' CHANGES IN INFORMATION**

Pursuant to Rule 13.51(B) of the Listing Rules, the changes in information of the Director(s) are set out below:

With effect from 3 November 2022, Mr. Cheung Ting Pong has been appointed as an independent non-executive director of AVIC Joy Holdings (HK) Limited (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, stock code: 260).

#### DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS IN SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2022, the interests or short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provision of the SFO) or as recorded in the register required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO, or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code, were as follows:

Long positions in the Shares and underlying Shares of the Company

#### 董事資料變更

根據上市規則第13.51(B)條,董事資料變更列 載如下:

由二零二二年十一月三日起,張霆邦先生獲 委任為幸福控股(香港)有限公司(該公司於 聯交所主板上市,股份代號:260)的獨立非 執行董事。

#### 董事及主要行政人員於本公司證券 的權益或淡倉

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,董事及本公 司主要行政人員概無於本公司及其相聯法團 (定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)股份、相關 股份及債權證中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第 XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所的權 益或淡倉(包括彼等根據證券及期貨條例的 有關條文被當作或視為擁有的權益或淡倉), 或根據證券及期貨條例第352條須記錄於該 條所述登記冊的權益或淡倉,或根據須知會 本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉如下:

於本公司股份及相關股份的好倉

| Name of Director            | Nature of interest/<br>Capacity                  | Number of<br>underlying<br>Shares held | Number of<br>Shares held        | Total number<br>of Shares and<br>underlying<br>Shares held | Approximate<br>percentage of<br>the total issued<br>share capital of<br>the Company <sup>(Note 2)</sup><br>佔本公司已發行 |
|-----------------------------|--|--|---------------------------------|--|--|
|                             |  | 所持相關                                   | 所持                              | 所持股份及  | 股本總數概約   |
| 董事姓名                        | 權益性質/身份  | 股份數目                                   | 股份數目                            | 相關股份總數   | 百分比(附註2)   |
| Mr. Hung Shui Chak<br>洪瑞澤先生 | Interest of controlled<br>corporation<br>受控制法團權益 | -                                      | 49,882,462<br>(Note 1)<br>(附註1) | 49,882,462   | 50.84%   |
| Mr. So Kam Chuen<br>蘇錦存先生   | Beneficial owner<br>實益擁有人                        | 87,299                                 | 860,934                         | 948,233  | 0.97%  |
| Mr. Yuan Mingjie<br>袁明捷先生   | Beneficial owner<br>實益擁有人                        |  | 751,360                         | 751,360  | 0.77%  |



#### Notes: (1) These 49,882,462 shares were held by Shui Chak Group Limited. Shui Chak Group Limited was wholly-owned by Mr. Hung Shui Chak. Thus, Mr. Hung was deemed to be interested in the 49,882,462 shares held by Shui Chak Group Limited pursuant to the SFO.

(2) The percentage has been calculated based on 98,109,624 Shares in issue as at 31 December 2022.

Save as disclosed above and so far is known to the Directors, as at 31 December 2022, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company had or was deemed to have any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

#### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS IN SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2022, the following persons or corporations (other than Directors or chief executive of the Company) had interests and/or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO:

#### 附註:

(1)

(2)

- 49,882,462股股份乃由瑞澤集團有限公司持有。 瑞澤集團有限公司由洪瑞澤先生全資擁有。故 此,根據證券及期貨條例,洪先生被視為於瑞 澤集團有限公司所持有的49,882,462股股份中 擁有權益。
- 該百分比已按於二零二二年十二月三十一日的 98,109,624股已發行股份之基準計算。

除上文所披露者外,據董事所知,於二零二 二年十二月三十一日,董事或本公司主要行 政人員並無於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見 證券及期貨條例第XV部)股份、相關股份或 債券中擁有或視為擁有根據證券及期貨條例 第352條須記錄於該條所述本公司登記冊的 任何權益或淡倉,或根據標準守則須知會本 公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉。

#### 主要股東及其他人士於本公司證 券的權益

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,以下人士或公 司(董事或本公司主要行政人員除外)於根據 證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部的條 文須向本公司披露,或於根據證券及期貨條 例第336條須記錄於該條所述本公司登記冊 的股份或本公司相關股份中擁有權益及/或 淡倉:

Long positions in the Shares and underlying Shares of 於本公司股份及相關股份的好倉 the Company:

| Name of Shareholder                 | Nature of interest/<br>Capacity | Number of<br>underlying<br>Shares held | Number of<br>Shares held        | Total number<br>of Shares and<br>underlying<br>Shares held | percentage of<br>the total issued<br>share capital of<br>the Company (Note 2) |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|--|---|
| 股東姓名                                | 權益性質/身份                         | 所持相關<br>股份數目                           | 所持<br>股份數目                      | 所持股份及<br>相關股份總數  | 佔本公司已發行<br>股本總數概約<br>百分比 <sup>(例註2)</sup>                                     |
| Shui Chak Group Limited<br>瑞澤集團有限公司 | Beneficial owner<br>實益擁有人       | -                                      | 49,882,462<br>(Note 1)<br>(附註1) | 49,882,462   | 50.84%  |
| Notes:                              |                                 | ß                                      | 符註:                             |  |   |

(1) These 49,882,462 Shares were held by Shui Chak Group Limited. Shui Chak Group Limited was wholly-owned by Mr. Hung Shui Chak. Thus, Mr. Hung was deemed to be interested in the 49,882,462 Shares held by Shui Chak Group Limited pursuant to the SFO.

(2) The percentage has been calculated on the basis of 98,109,624 Shares in issue as at 31 December 2022.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2022, no other person (other than the Directors and the chief executive of the Company) held any interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO or according to the information available to the Company.

#### SHARE OPTION SCHEME

At the annual general meeting of the Company held on 2 June 2021, the shareholders of the Company approved the adoption of the share option scheme (the "**Share Option Scheme**"). The relevant listing approval was granted by the Stock Exchange on 3 June 2021. A summary of the principal terms of the Share Option Scheme are as follows:

49,882,462股股份乃由瑞澤集團有限公司持有。 瑞澤集團有限公司由洪瑞澤先生全資擁有。故 此,根據證券及期貨條例,洪先生被視為於瑞 澤集團有限公司所持有的49,882,462股股份中 擁有權益。

.....

(2) 有關百分比已按二零二二年十二月三十一日有 98,109,624股已發行股份之基準計算。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二二年十二月三 十一日,概無其他人士(本公司董事及主要行 政人員除外)在本公司根據證券及期貨條例 第336條須存置的登記冊所記錄或根據本公 司可得資料於本公司股份及相關股份中持有 任何權益或淡倉。

#### 購股權計劃

(1)

在本公司於二零二一年六月二日舉行之股東 週年大會上,本公司之股東已批准採納購股 權計劃(「購股權計劃」)。聯交所已於二零二 一年六月三日授出相關上市批准。購股權計 劃之主要條款概要如下:

#### **Purpose of the Share Option Scheme**

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to enable the Company to grant options to selected eligible participants as incentives or rewards for their contribution or potential contribution to the Group and/or to enable the Group to recruit and retain high-calibre employees and attract human resources that are valuable to the Group.

#### **Participants of the Share Option Scheme**

The eligible participant(s) of the Share Option Scheme is/are, full time or part time employees of the Company (including any directors, whether executive or non-executive and whether independent or not, of the Company); and any consultants or advisers of the Company who, in the sole discretion of the Board, has contributed or may contribute to the Company.

#### Maximum number of Shares available for issue

The maximum number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not, in aggregate, exceed 10% of the Shares in issue as at the date of the approval of the Share Option Scheme.

#### Maximum entitlement of each eligible participant

The total number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to each eligible participant or grantee (including exercised and outstanding options) in any twelve (12)-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the Shares in issue.

#### 購股權計劃之目的

購股權計劃旨在使本公司能向選定之合資格 參與者授出購股權,以激勵及嘉許彼等所作 出或可能對本集團作出之貢獻及/或有助本 集團招聘及挽留優秀僱員及吸引對本集團而 言屬寶貴的人力資源。

#### 購股權計劃之參與者

購股權計劃之合資格參與者為本公司的全職 或兼職僱員(包括本公司任何董事,無論執 行或非執行及無論獨立與否);及董事會全權 酌情認為對本公司作出或可能作出貢獻的本 公司任何諮詢人或顧問。

#### 可供發行股份之最高數目

根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計 劃將予授出之全部購股權獲行使時可予發行 之最高股份數目,合共不得超過批准購股權 計劃當日已發行股份之10%。

每名合資格參與者可獲授權益上限

在截至授出當日止任何十二(12)個月期間內 授予每名合資格參與者或承授人之購股權(包 括已行使及尚未行使之購股權)獲行使時已 發行及將予發行之股份總數,不得超過已發 行股份之1%。

#### Time of exercise of options

Subject to the terms of the Share Option Scheme, an option may be exercised in whole or in part at any time during the period to be determined and notified by the Directors to the grantee thereof at the time of making an offer provided that such period shall not exceed the period of ten (10) years from the date of the grant of the particular option but subject to the provisions for early termination but subject to the early termination of the Share Option Scheme.

There is no specified minimum period under the Share Option Scheme for which an option must be held or the performance target which must be achieved before an option can be exercised under the terms of the Share Option Scheme.

#### Acceptance of options

An offer of the grant of an option shall be made to eligible participants in writing (and unless so made shall be invalid) in such form as the Board may from time to time determine and shall remain open for acceptance by the eligible participant concerned for a period of twenty-one (21) days inclusive of, and from the offer date provided that no such offer shall be open for acceptance after the earlier of the termination date or the termination of the Share Option Scheme.

A nominal consideration of HK\$1.00 is payable by the grantee upon acceptance of an option. An offer of the grant of an Option shall be deemed to have been accepted by an eligible participant concerned in respect of all Shares which are offered to such eligible participant when the duplicate letter comprising acceptance of the offer duly signed by the eligible participant with the number of Shares in respect of which the offer is accepted stated therein, together with a remittance in favour of the Company of HK\$1.00 by way of consideration for the grant thereof is received by the Company.

#### 購股權之行使時間

在購股權計劃條款之規限下,購股權可於董 事於作出要約時釐定及通知購股權承授人之 期間內隨時全數或部份行使,惟有關期間不 得超過特定購股權授出日期起計+(10)年, 並須受購股權計劃之提早終止條文所規限。

購股權計劃並無訂明購股權於可根據購股權 計劃之條款行使前必須持有之指定最短期 限,或必須達致之表現目標。

#### 接納購股權

授出購股權之要約應以董事會不時釐定之書 面格式(而並非以書面形式作出者屬無效)向 合資格參與者授出,有關合資格參與者仍可 於要約日期起計二十一(21)日期間內(包括首 尾兩日)接納,惟於終止日期或購股權計劃終 止(以較早者為準)後,概不可接納有關要 約。

承授人在接納購股權時須支付1.00港元的象 徵性代價。當本公司收到由合資格參與者正 式簽署的接受要約的信件副本,並註明接受 要約的股份數目,連同以本公司為受益人的 匯款1.00港元作為授出要約的代價時,有關 的授出購股權的要約將被視為已獲該合資格 參與者接受,涉及所有向該合資格參與者提 供的股份。

#### **Exercise price**

The subscription price for Shares under the Share Option Scheme may be determined by the Board at its absolute discretion, provided that it shall not be less than the highest of: (i) the closing price of the Shares on the Stock Exchange as shown in the daily quotations sheet of the Stock Exchange on the offer date, which must be a business day; (ii) the average of the closing prices of the Shares as shown in the daily quotations sheets of the Stock Exchange for the five (5) consecutive business days immediately preceding the offer date; and (iii) the nominal value of the Share on the offer date.

#### **Duration of the Share Option Scheme**

The Share Option Scheme shall continue in force for the period commencing from the adoption date and expiring at the close of business on the tenth anniversary thereof, after such period no further options will be granted but the provisions of the Share Option Scheme shall remain in full force and effect in respect of any options granted before its expiry or termination but not yet exercised.

As at 31 December 2022, a total of 7,010,962 Share Options were granted, 19,120,800 Share Options were exercised. Save and except for the aforesaid, no Share Option was cancelled, expired or lapsed during the year ended 31 December 2022.

As at 31 December 2022, there are no share available for issue by the Company under the Share Option Scheme.

#### 行使價

購股權計劃項下股份之認購價可由董事會全 權酌情釐定,前提是該價格不得低於以下三 項之最高者:(i)股份於要約日期(該日須為營 業日)在聯交所每日報價表所示於聯交所之 收市價:(ii)股份於緊接要約日期前五(5)個連 續營業日在聯交所每日報價表所示之平均收 市價;及(iii)股份於要約日期之面值。

#### 購股權計劃之年期

購股權計劃將由採納日期起至採納日期起計 第十週年當日營業時間結束時屆滿之期間內 一直有效,於該期間後,將不得再授出任何 購股權,惟購股權計劃之條文對在購股權計 劃屆滿或終止前授出但尚未行使之任何購股 權仍具十足效力及作用。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,已授出合併 7,010,962份購股權,而19,120,800份購股權 獲行使。除上文所述者外,於截至二零二二 年十二月三十一日止年度,概無註銷、過期 或失效的購股權。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司於購 股權計劃項下並無股份可予發行。

The following table summarised movements of the Company's share option under the Share Option Scheme during the year ended 31 December 2022 were as follows:

下表列載於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度,購股權計劃下本公司購股權變動概 要:

|  |   |   | Numb                            | per of Share O<br>購股權數目                       | ptions                                       |   |  |   |   |
|--|---|---|---------------------------------|---|--|---|--|---|---|
|  | Grantees/<br>Capacity                                 | Outstanding<br>as at<br>1 January<br>2022<br>於二零二二年 | Granted<br>during the<br>period | Exercised<br>during the<br>period             | Cancelled/<br>Lapsed<br>during the<br>period | Outstanding<br>as at<br>31 December<br>2022<br>於二零二二年 | Exercise<br>period   | Price of the<br>shares before<br>the date of<br>grant <sup>(Note 2)</sup> | Exercise<br>price <sup>(Note 1)</sup>   |
| 授出日期                                     | 承授人/身份  | 一月一日<br>尚未行使  | 期內授出                            | 期內獲行使   | 期內註銷/<br>失效                                  | 十二月三十一日<br>尚未行使                                       | 行使期間   | 授出日期前<br>股份價格 <sup>(附註2)</sup><br>Per share<br>每股                         | 行使價 <sup>(辨姓1)</sup><br>Per share<br>每股 |
| 2021                                     | Employees of<br>the Group<br>本集團僱員                    | 19,120,800  |                                 | 19,120,800<br><i>(Note 3)</i><br><i>(附註3)</i> | -  | -   | 19 October<br>2021 to<br>18 October<br>2031<br>二零二一年<br>十月十九日至<br>二零三一年<br>十月十八日                       | 0.1010  | 0.1014                                  |
| 30 December 1<br>2022<br>二零二二年<br>十二月三十日 | the Group<br>本集團僱員                                    |   | 6,309,864                       | -   | -  | 6,309,864   | 30 December<br>2022 to<br>29 December<br>2032<br>二零二二年<br>十二月三十日至<br>二零三二年<br>十二月二十九日                  |   | 0.814                                   |
|  | Consultant <sup>(Note 4)</sup><br>顧問 <sup>(所註4)</sup> |   | 701,098                         |   | -  | 701,098   | 1 二 万 二 十 八 日<br>30 December<br>2022 to<br>29 December<br>2032<br>二零二二年<br>十二月三十日至<br>二零三二年<br>十二月二十九日 | 0.840   | 0.814                                   |
|  |   | 19,120,800  | 7,010,962                       | 19,120,800                                    | -  | 7,010,962   | 1.   |   |   |



#### Notes:

- The exercise price of the Share Options is subject to adjustment in the case of capitalisation issue, rights issue, subdivision or consolidation of the shares of the Company, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.
- 2. The price of the shares of the Company before the date of the grant of the Share Options is the closing price of the shares of the Company as quoted on the Stock Exchange on the trading day immediately before the date on which the Share Options were granted.
- 3. The weighted average closing price of the Shares immediately before the Share Options were exercised is HK\$0.1190 per share.
- 4. The consultant possess extensive experience in, including but not limited to, strategic planning and implementation for information technology applied in food and beverage business. The grant of Share Options to the consultant is to provide them an incentive to share of their respective relevant experience, knowledge and network to improve the business operation system of the Group.

#### **CONVERTIBLE BONDS**

As at 31 December 2022, the Company had outstanding convertible bonds issued by the Company on 4 July 2008 of an aggregate principal amount of HK\$4,414,937 which could be converted into 252,282 Shares.

## DIRECTORS' RIGHT TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed above and other than the share option scheme of the Company, at no time during the financial year was the Company, or any of its holding companies, subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors and chief executives of the Company (including their spouses and children under 18 years of age) to hold any interest or short positions in the shares, or underlying shares, or debentures, of the Company or its associated corporations (with the meaning of Part XV of the SFO).

#### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the year, no Directors or their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) had any interest in a business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Company.

#### 附註:

1.

3.

- 在本公司資本化發行、供股、股份拆分或合併或 本公司股本的其他類似變動的情況下,購股權的 行使價可予以調整。
- 本公司股份在授出購股權日期前的價格為緊接授 出購股權日期前一個交易日在聯交所所報的本公 司股份的收市價。
  - 股份於緊接購股權行使前的加權平均收市價為每 股0.1190港幣。
- 該顧問在(包括但不限於)應用於餐飲業的資訊科 技的策略規劃及實施方面擁有豐富經驗。向該顧 問授予購股權旨在激勵彼等分享各自的相關經驗、 知識及網絡,以改善本集團的業務營運系統。

#### 可換股債券

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司有其 於二零零八年七月四日發行本金總額為 4,414,937港元之尚未行使可換股債券,可轉 換為252,282股股份。

#### 董事購買股份或債券的權利

除上文所披露者及本公司購股權計劃外,本 公司或其任何控股公司、附屬公司或同系附 屬公司於財政年度任何時間概無訂立任何安 排促使董事及本公司主要行政人員(包括彼等 的配偶及18歲以下子女)可於本公司或其相聯 法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)股份、 相關股份或債權證中持有任何權益或淡倉。

#### 董事於競爭業務之權益

年內,概無董事或彼等各自之聯繫人(定義 見上市規則)於與本公司業務直接或間接構 成競爭或可能構成競爭之業務中擁有任何權 益。

#### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in this Annual Report, no transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which any of the Company's subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries was a party, and in which a Director or an entity connected with a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at any time during the year or at the end of the year.

#### **EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS**

Save for the Share Option Scheme as disclosed in the section headed "Share Option Scheme" above, no equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Company, or existed during the year under review.

#### PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to Code Provision C.1.8 of the Corporate Governance Code set out under Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules and subject to the provisions of the Companies Ordinance, the Company has arranged for appropriate insurance cover for directors' and officers' liabilities in respect of any losses or liabilities incurred, or any legal actions brought against the directors and senior management of the Group which may arise out of corporate activities. The permitted indemnity provision is in force for the benefit of the directors as required by section 470 of the Companies Ordinance.

#### **MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS**

No contract concerning the management and administration of the whole and any substantial part of the business of the Company was entered into or in existence during the year.

#### **CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS**

Save as disclosed, the Company did not have any connected transactions which were subject to the reporting requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules for the year ended 31 December 2022.

#### 董事於交易、安排或合約之權益

除本年報所披露者外,概無本公司任何附屬 公司及同系附屬公司有份訂約並與本集團業 務有關,而董事或與董事有關連之實體直接 或間接擁有重大利益之重大交易、安排或合 約,於本年度任何時間或本年度末仍然存 續。

#### 股權掛鈎協議

除上文「購股權計劃」一節披露的購股權計劃 外,於回顧年度,本公司並無訂立任何股權 掛鈎協議,亦無現存此類協議。

#### 經准許彌償準備金

根據上市規則附錄十四所載企業管治守則守 則條文第C.1.8條及根據公司條例規定,本公 司已就本集團董事及高級管理層於經營業務 過程中可能招致之一切損失或責任或任何法 律行動投購合適董事及高級職員責任保險。 基於董事利益的獲准許彌償條文乃根據公司 條例第470條之規定生效。

#### 管理合同

年內概無訂立任何有關本公司整體業務及任 何重大部分的治理及行政管理的合同,或現 存此類合同。

#### 關連交易

除上文披露者外,截至二零二二年十二月三 十一日止年度,本公司概無任何須遵守上市 規則第14A章申報規定之關連交易。



# COMPLIANCE WITH RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

There was no material breach of or non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations by the Group during 2022 that has a significant impact on the business and operations of the Group.

#### EMOLUMENT POLICY AND RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The emolument policy of the senior employees of the Company is set and recommended by the Remuneration Committee to the Board on the basis of the employees' merit, qualifications and competence.

The emoluments of the Directors are formulated and recommended by the Remuneration Committee to the Board, having regards to the Company's operating results, individual performance of the Directors and comparable market statistics.

The Company has adopted the Share Option Scheme as an incentive to the Directors and eligible employees of the Company, details of which are set out in the section headed "Share Option Scheme" above.

Details of the Company's retirement benefit plans are set out in note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY**

The Company encourages environmental protection and promotes awareness towards environmental protection. The Group, as a food beverage enterprise, has used induction stoves in daily operation, which greatly reduced greenhouse gas emissions as compared to gas stoves. The Group also proactively monitored and reduced the food waste and strived to zero wastage by promoting, reminding and suggesting the importance of zero food waste to our valued customers. The Board will review the Company's environmental saving practices and identify other efficiency opportunities from time to time.

#### **RELATIONSHIPS WITH STAKEHOLDERS**

The Company recognises that employees are our valuable assets. Thus the Group provides competitive remuneration package to attract and motivate the employees. The Group regularly reviews the remuneration package of employees and makes necessary adjustments to conform to the market standard.

#### 遵守相關法律及法規

本集團於二零二二年概無適用法律及法規的 重大違反或不合規情況,而對本集團業務及 營運有重大影響。

#### 薪酬政策及退休福利

本公司高級僱員的薪酬政策由薪酬委員會按 僱員價值、資質及能力釐定,並向董事會作 出建議。

董事的薪酬乃由薪酬委員會按本公司經營業 績、董事個人表現及可資比較市場數據制定, 並向董事會作出建議。

本公司已採納購股權計劃,作為對本公司董 事及合資格僱員的獎勵,詳情載於上文「購 股權計劃」一節。

本公司退休福利計劃詳情載於綜合財務報表 附註9。

#### 環境政策

本公司鼓勵環保及提高環保意識。本集團作 為餐飲企業,在日常營運中使用電磁爐,較 燃氣爐大幅減少溫室氣體排放。本集團亦積 極監察及減少食物浪費,並透過向尊貴客戶 宣傳、提醒及建議食物零浪費的重要性,力 求做到零浪費。董事會將不時檢討本公司的 環保措施及物色其他提高效率的機會。

#### 與利益相關人士的關係

本公司認同,僱員乃其寶貴資產。因此,本 集團提供具競爭力之薪酬待遇,以吸引並激 勵僱員。本集團定期檢討僱員之薪酬待遇, 並會因應市場標準而作出必要調整。



The Group also understands that it is important to maintain good relationship with business partners to achieve its long-term goals. Accordingly, our management have kept good communication, promptly exchanged ideas and shared business update with them when appropriate. During the year, there was no material and significant dispute between the Group and its business partners.

#### **KEY RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES**

The Company has reviewed the possible risks and uncertainties which may affect its operations, financial position and prospects. The following are the key risks and uncertainties identified by the Company that may materially and adversely affect the Group: (i) future growth of the Group depends on its ability to open and profitably operate new restaurants; (ii) historical financial and operating results of the Group are not indicative of future performance and the Group may not be able to achieve and sustain the historical level of growth for revenue and profitability; and (iii) results of operations of the Group may fluctuate significantly due to low awareness of potential change in the business environment under outbreak of contagious diseases, such as novel coronavirus pandemic, which causes a significant economic downturn.

There may be other risks and uncertainties in addition to those shown below which are not known to the Company or which may not be material now but could turn out to be material in the future.

#### TAX RELIEF AND EXEMPTION

The Company is not aware of any tax relief and exemption available to shareholders of the Company by reason of their holding of the Company's securities.

#### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association or the laws of the Cayman Islands, being the jurisdiction in which the Company was incorporated.

### PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the financial year.

本集團亦明白,與商業夥伴保持良好商業關 係對達成其長遠目標而言屬至關重要。因 此,管理層會在適當情況下與彼等保持良好 溝通、適時交流想法及共享最新業務資料。 年內,本集團與其商業夥伴並無重大而明顯 之糾紛。

#### 主要風險及不確定因素

本公司已審閲可能對其營運、財務狀況及前 景構成影響之可能風險及不確定因素。以下 為本公司已識別之主要風險及不確定因素, 可能對本集團造成重大不利影響:(i)本集團 的未來增長視乎其開辦新餐廳並從經營中 類的能力:(ii)本集團的過往財務及經營業績 並非未來表現的指標,而本集團或許無法達 致及維持收益及盈利能力的歷史增長水平; 及(iii)本集團的經營業績或會因為對傳染病爆 發時商業環境的潛在變化(如新型冠狀病毒 疫情導致經濟大幅下滑)認識不足而大幅波 動。

除下文所示者外,本公司尚未知悉,或現時 並不重大但未來可能變得重大之其他風險及 不確定因素可能存在。

#### 税務寬免及豁免

本公司並不知悉本公司股東因持有本公司證 券可獲任何税務寬免及豁免。

#### 優先購股權

本公司章程細則及開曼群島(即本公司註冊 成立的司法權區)法例概無優先購股權條文。

#### 購買、贖回或出售本公司上市證券

於財政年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無 購買、贖回或出售任何本公司上市證券。

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#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

Full details on the Company's corporate governance practices are set out on pages 30 to 55.

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Audit Committee was established with written terms of reference which are in line with the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules and comprises three independent non-executive Directors.

The Audit Committee has reviewed the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022, was of the opinion that the preparation of such results are in compliance with the relevant accounting standards, rules and regulations and that adequate disclosures have been made.

#### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors the Company has maintained the sufficient public float of not less than 25% of the total issued share capital of the Company as required under the Listing Rules throughout the financial period under review and up to the date of this Annual Report.

#### **AUDITORS**

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 have been audited by HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited who will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution for their re-appointment as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming AGM.

By order of the Board Hung Shui Chak Chairman Hong Kong, 31 March 2023

#### 企業管治

本公司企業管治常規之全部詳情載於第30至 55頁。

#### 審核委員會

本公司已成立審核委員會,並制定符合上市 規則附錄十四所載企業管治守則之書面職權 範圍,並由三名獨立非執行董事組成。

審核委員會已審閲本集團截至二零二二年十 二月三十一日止年度的綜合財務報表,認為 該業績之編製,符合相關會計準則、規則及 法規,亦已作出充份披露。

#### 充足公眾持股量

根據本公司所獲資料及就董事所知,於整個 回顧財政期間及截至本年報日期,本公司已 維持充足公眾持股量於不少於本公司已發行 股本總額的25%,符合上市規則的規定。

#### 核數師

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度之綜 合財務報表已由國衛會計師事務所有限公司 審核,其將於應屆股東週年大會退任及符合 資格並願意膺選連任。於應屆股東週年大會 上將提呈一項決議案以續聘其為本公司核 數師。

承董事會命 *主席* **洪瑞澤** 香港,二零二三年三月三十一日



#### TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF LONGHUI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in Cayman Islands with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Longhui International Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 102 to 219, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (the "IASB") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

| 31/F, Gloucester Tower | 香港        |
|------------------------|-----------|
| The Landmark           | 中環        |
| 11 Pedder Street       | 畢打街11號    |
| Central                | 置地廣場      |
| Hong Kong              | 告羅士打大廈31樓 |

#### 致龍輝國際控股有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

#### 意見

吾等已審計龍輝國際控股有限公司(「貴公司」) 及其附屬公司(統稱為「貴集團」)載於第102 至219頁的綜合財務報表,其中包括於二零二 二年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表,與 截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全面收益 表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以 及綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概 要。

吾等認為,綜合財務報表已根據國際會計準 則理事會(「國際會計準則理事會」)頒佈的國 際財務報告準則(「**國際財務報告準則**」)真實 而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零二二年十二 月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及其截至該日止 年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已 遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為擬備。



#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("**HKSAs**") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("**HKICPA**"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "**Code**"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### MATERIAL UNCERTAINTY RELATED TO GOING CONCERN

We draw attention to Note 2.1 in the consolidated financial statements, which indicates that the Group incurred a net loss of approximately RMB62,690,000 during the year ended 31 December 2022 and, as of that date, the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by approximately RMB189,500,000. As stated in Note 2.1 to the consolidated financial statements, these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 2.1, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### 意見之基準

吾等根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」) 頒佈之香港審計準則(「香港審計準則」)進行 審核。在該等準則下,吾等之責任於報告內 「核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任」 一節進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會之專 業會計師道德守則(「守則」),吾等獨立於 貴 集團,並已遵循守則履行其他道德責任。吾 等相信,吾等獲得之審計憑證能充分及適當 地為吾等之意見提供基礎。

#### 有關持續經營之重大不確定因素

吾等提請注意綜合財務報表附註2.1,其顯示 於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度, 貴集團產生虧損淨額約人民幣 62,690,000元,及截至該日, 貴集團之流 動負債超出流動資產約人民幣189,500,000 元。誠如綜合財務報表附註2.1所述,該等事 件或狀況加上附註2.1所載之其他事宜,顯示 存在重大不確定因素,有可能對 貴集團持 續經營之能力構成重大疑慮。吾等就此事宜 並無修訂意見。

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional iudgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matter described in the "Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern" section, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Impairment of property, plant and equipment and rightof-use assets

#### Refer to Notes 16 and 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

| The key audit matter | How the matter was addressed in our audit |
|----------------------|---|
| 關鍵審計事項               | 吾等的審計如何處理有關事項                             |

RMB11,819,000 respectively as at 31 December 2022, use assets included but not limited to: and impairment loss amounting to RMB761,000 and 吾等有關管理層對物業、廠房及設備進行減值評估的程 RMB9,178,000 respectively were recognised for the year 序包括但不限於: ended 31 December 2022.

於二零二二年十二月三十一日, 貴集團分別錄得物業、 廠房及設備及使用權資產約人民幣398,000元及人民幣 11,819,000元, 並於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止 年度分別確認減值虧損人民幣761,000元及人民幣 9,178,000元。

We identified the impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets as a key audit matter • due to the significance of the balance on the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022 and the significant judgement and • estimates were involved in assessment of the recoverable amounts of property, plant and equipment and right-of- • use assets based on value-in-use calculations.

吾等將物業、廠房及設備及使用權資產減值識別為關 鍵審計事項,由於二零二二年十二月三十一日之綜合財 • 務狀況表有重大結餘以及根據使用價值計算評估物業、 廠房及設備及使用權資產之可收回金額涉及重大判斷 及估計。

#### 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據吾等的專業判斷,認為 對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事 項。這些事項是在吾等審計整體綜合財務報 表及出具意見時進行處理的。吾等不會對這 些事項提供單獨的意見。除「與持續經營相 關的重大不確定性」部分所述事項外,我們 將以下所述事項確定為須於報告中披露的關 鍵審計事項。

物業、廠房及設備及使用權資產減值

請參閱綜合財務報表附註16及17。

The Group recorded property, plant and equipment and Our procedures in relation to management's impairment right-of-use assets approximately of RMB398,000 and assessment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-

- Inquiring the management on their identification of impairment indication and their methodology used for the impairment assessment of properties, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets;
- 查詢管理層對減值跡象的識別以及物業、廠房及設 備及使用權資產減值評估所用方法;
- Assessing the appropriateness of the valuation methodology used in determining the recoverable amount;
- 評估釐定可收回金額所用的估值方法的合適性;
- Assessing the appropriateness of the discount rate used in determining the recoverable amount and using our valuation experts;
- 評估釐定可收回金額所用的貼現率及使用估值專家 的合適性;

| The key audit matter | How the matter was addressed in our audit |
|----------------------|---|
| 關鍵審計事項               | 吾等的審計如何處理有關事項                             |

- Assessing the appropriateness of other key assumptions and inputs, including the growth rate of revenue and major costs (include raw materials, consumables used and staff costs) to revenue ratio by comparing to historical performance and relevant operation plans;
- 評估其他關鍵假設及輸入數據的合適性,包括收益及主要成本(包括原材料、所用耗材及員工成本)的 增長率與收益比率之比,方法為比較歷史表現及相 關營運計劃;
- Checking, on a sampling basis, the accuracy and relevance of the input data used.
- 抽樣檢查所用輸入數據的準確性及相關性。

We found the key assumptions used by management in the impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets were supportable by available evidence.

吾等發現管理層進行物業、廠房及設備及使用權資產減 值評估所用的關鍵假設獲所得佐證支持。

#### **OTHER INFORMATION**

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditors' report thereon (the "**Other Information**").

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the Other Information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information and, in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the Other Information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS AND THE AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs issued by the IASB and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### 其他資訊

董事須對其他資訊負責。其他資訊包括年報 內的資訊,但不包括綜合財務報表及吾等的 核數師報告書(「**其他資訊**」)。

吾等對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資 訊,吾等亦不對該等其他資訊發表任何形式 的鑒證結論。

結合吾等對綜合財務報表的審計,吾等的責 任是閱讀其他資訊,在此過程中,考慮其他 資訊是否與綜合財務報表或吾等在審計過程 中所瞭解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在 重大錯誤陳述的情況。基於吾等已執行的工 作,如果吾等認為其他資訊存在重大錯誤陳 述,吾等需要報告該事實。就此方面,吾等 並無任何事項需要報告。

#### 董事及審核委員會就綜合財務報 表須承擔的責任

董事須負責根據國際會計準則理事會頒佈的 國際財務報告準則及公司條例的披露規定, 擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表,並對其認 為就使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐 或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控 制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴 集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露 與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營 為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤 或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

審核委員會須負責監察 貴集團之財務申報 過程。

### AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

#### 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承 擔的責任

在根據香港審計準則進行審計的過程中,吾 等運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。 吾等亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜 合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險, 設計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險, 以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證,作 為吾等意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉 及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述, 或淩駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發 現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風 險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大 錯誤陳述的風險。
- 瞭解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計 適當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集 團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及 作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當 性作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證, 確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重 大不確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團 的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果 吾等認為存在重大不確定性,則有必 要在核數師報告書中提請使用者注意 綜合財務報表中的相關披露。假若有 關的披露不足,則須修訂意見。吾等的 結論是基於核數師報告書日期止所取 得的審計憑證。然而,未來事項或情況 可能導致 貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、 結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財 務報表是否中肯反映交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務資 訊獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對 綜合財務報表發表意見。吾等負責 貴 集團審計的方向、監督和執行。吾等 為審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,吾等與審核委員會溝通了計 劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現 等,包括吾等在審計中識別出內部控制的任 何重大缺陷。

吾等還向審核委員會提交聲明,說明吾等已 符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與 他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響吾等獨 立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的 情況下,為消除威脅採取的行動或應用的保 障措施。

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement director on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Hon Koon Fai, Alex.

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,吾等確定哪 些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重 要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。吾等在核數師 報告書中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允 許公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況 下,如果合理預期在吾等報告中溝通某事項 造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,吾等 決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告書的審計項目董事是 韓冠輝。

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited Certified Public Accountants

Hon Koon Fai, Alex Practising Certificate Number: P05029

Hong Kong, 31 March 2023

#### 國衛會計師事務所有限公司 香港執業會計師

**韓冠輝** 執業證書編號: P05029

香港,二零二三年三月三十一日

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 综合損益及其他全面收益表 For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

|  |  | Notes<br>附註 | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 |
|--|--|-------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Revenue<br>Foods and beverage and other  | 收益<br>食品及飲料以及已用其他                        | 7           | 72,279                            | 162,883                           |
| materials consumables used<br>Employee benefit and related   | 耗材<br>僱員福利及相關開支                          | 9           | (24,235)                          | (58,424)                          |
| expenses<br>Property rentals and related expenses<br>Utilities expenses  | 物業租金及相關開支<br>公共設施開支                      |             | (38,807)<br>(11,835)<br>(2,402)   | (58,123)<br>(13,548)<br>(4,078)   |
| Depreciation, amortisation,<br>impairment and written-off of<br>property, plant and equipment,<br>right-of-use assets and intangible | 物業、廠房及設備、使用權<br>資產以及無形資產的<br>折舊、攤銷、減值及撒銷 | 16, 17, 18  | (_,,                              | (1,010)                           |
| asset<br>Other operating expenses  | 其他營運開支                                   |             | (20,138)<br>(15,748)              | (51,605)<br>(16,104)              |
| Other income, other gains and losses,  | 其他收入、其他收益及虧損                             | 8           |                                   |                                   |
| net  | 淨額                                       |             | 5,446                             | 9,417                             |
| <b>Loss from operating activities</b><br>Finance expenses, net   | <b>來自經營活動的虧損</b><br>融資開支淨額               | 10<br>11    | (35,440)<br>(2,959)               | (29,582)<br>(3,595)               |
| Loss before tax<br>Income tax expenses   | <b>除税前虧損</b><br>所得税開支                    | 12          | (38,399)<br>(24,291)              | (33,177)<br>(1,068)               |
| Loss for the year  | 年內虧損                                     |             | (62,690)                          | (34,245)                          |
| Loss attributable to:  | 以下各方應佔虧損:                                |             |                                   |                                   |
| Owners of the Company  | 本公司擁有人                                   |             | (62,305)                          | (33,954)                          |
| Non-controlling interest   | 非控股權益                                    |             | (385)                             | (291)                             |
|  |  |             | (62,690)                          | (34,245)                          |
| <b>Loss for the year</b><br>Other comprehensive loss, net of   | <b>年內虧損</b><br>其他全面虧損,<br>扣除所得税          |             | (62,690)                          | (34,245)                          |
| income tax<br>Item that may be reclassified<br>subsequently to profit or loss:   | 扣除刑侍祝<br>其後可能重新分類至損益之<br>項目:             |             |                                   |                                   |
| Currency translation differences   | 貨幣匯兑差異                                   |             | (5,791)                           | (184)                             |
| Total comprehensive loss for   | 年內全面虧損總額                                 |             |                                   | <i></i>                           |
| the year   |  |             | (68,481)                          | (34,429)                          |

## Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 综合損益及其他全面收益表 For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

|  |                              | Notes<br>附註 | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 |
|--|------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Total comprehensive loss<br>attributable to: | 以下各方應佔全面虧損<br>總額:            |             |                                   |                                   |
| Owners of the Company                        | 本公司擁有人                       |             | (68,096)                          | (34,138)                          |
| Non-controlling interest                     | 非控股權益                        |             | (385)                             | (291)                             |
|  |                              |             |                                   |                                   |
|  |                              |             | (68,481)                          | (34,429)                          |
|  |                              |             |                                   |                                   |
|  |                              |             |                                   | (Restated)<br>(經重列)               |
| Loss por chara                               | 每股虧損                         | 13          |                                   |                                   |
| Loss per share<br>— Basic (RMB cent)         | <b>→</b> 版 間 預<br>一 基本(人民幣分) | CI          | 77.2                              | 55.0                              |
| — Diluted (RMB cent)                         | — 攤薄(人民幣分)                   |             | 77.2                              | 55.0                              |

## **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

综合財務狀況表 As at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年十二月三十一日

|   |  | Notes<br>附註          | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元           | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元            |
|---|--|----------------------|---|--|
| Assets<br>Non-current assets<br>Property, plant and equipment<br>Right-of-use assets<br>Prepayments, deposits and other<br>receivables<br>Deferred tax assets | <b>資產<br/>非流動資產</b><br>物業、廠房及設備<br>使用權資產<br>預付款項、按金及其他應收<br>款項<br>遞延税項資產 | 16<br>17<br>20<br>28 | 398<br>11,819<br>4,611<br>—<br>16,828       | 2,898<br>13,874<br>6,889<br>24,333<br>47,994 |
| <b>Current assets</b><br>Inventories<br>Trade receivables<br>Prepayments, deposits and other<br>receivables<br>Cash and cash equivalents                      | <b>流動資產</b><br>存貨<br>貿易應收款項<br>預付款項、按金及其他應收<br>款項<br>現金及現金等價物            | 21<br>19<br>20<br>22 | 15,088<br>1,955<br>8,330<br>1,701<br>27,074 | 12,658<br>2,883<br>24,792<br>2,196<br>42,529 |
| Total assets  | 資產總值   |                      | 43,902                                      | 90,523                                       |
| <b>Capital and reserves</b><br>Share capital<br>Reserves  | <b>資本及儲備</b><br>股本<br>儲備   | 23                   | 332<br>(185,809)                            | 230<br>(137,274)                             |
| Deficiency attributable to owners<br>of the Company<br>Non-controlling interest   | 本公司擁有人應佔虧絀<br>非控股權益  |                      | (185,477)<br>(2,022)                        | (137,044)<br>(1,637)                         |
| Capital deficiency  | 資本虧絀   |                      | (187,499)                                   | (138,681)                                    |

### **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

综合財務狀況表 As at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年十二月三十一日

|  |  | Notes<br>附註                      | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元                       | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元                           |
|--|--|----------------------------------|---|---|
| <b>Liabilities</b><br><b>Non-current liabilities</b><br>Lease liabilities<br>Convertible bonds<br>Deferred tax liabilities   | <b>負債</b><br><b>非流動負債</b><br>租賃負債<br>可換股債券<br>遞延税項負債                         | 17<br>29<br>28                   | 14,801<br>—<br>26<br>14,827                             | 15,198<br>3,178<br>75<br>18,451                             |
| <b>Current liabilities</b><br>Trade payables<br>Other payables and accruals<br>Contract liabilities<br>Convertible bonds<br>Lease liabilities<br>Borrowings<br>Income tax payables | <b>流動負債</b><br>貿易應付款項<br>其他應付款項及應計費用<br>合約負債<br>可換股債券<br>租賃負債<br>借貸<br>應付所得税 | 24<br>25<br>26<br>29<br>17<br>27 | 24,603<br>128,751<br>40,244<br>3,780<br>14,196<br>5,000 | 29,551<br>114,600<br>45,365<br><br>14,755<br>4,800<br>1,682 |
| Total liabilities  | 負債總額   |                                  | 216,574<br>231,401                                      | 210,753<br>229,204  |
| Total equity and liabilities<br>Net current liabilities  | 總權益及負債<br>流動負債淨額   |                                  | 43,902<br>(189,500)                                     | 90,523<br>(168,224)   |

The consolidated financial statements on pages 102 to 219 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 31 March 2023 and are signed on its behalf by:

第102至219頁之綜合財務報表乃於二零二三 年三月三十一日經董事會批准及授權刊發, 並由以下董事代表簽署:

Hung Shui Chak 洪瑞澤 Director 董事

Yuan Mingjie 袁明捷 Director 董事

## **Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity**

综合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

|  |                                  |                        |                          | Def                                | ficiency attribut<br>本公                                       | able to owners<br>司擁有人應佔盧           |                                     | ny                       |                          |                        |                                 |                          |
|--|----------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
|  |                                  | Share<br>Capital       | Share<br>premium         |                                    | Share<br>based-<br>payments<br>reserve<br>(Note 30)<br>以股份為基礎 | Statutory<br>reserve<br>(Note (a))  | Capital<br>reserve<br>(Note (b))    | Exchange<br>reserve      | Accumulated<br>losses    | Sub-total              | Non-<br>controlling<br>interest | Capital<br>deficiency    |
|  |                                  | 股本<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | 股份溢價<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | 債券儲備<br>(附註29)<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | 付款儲備<br>(附註30)<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元                            | 法定儲備<br>(附註(a))<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | 資本儲備<br>(附註(b))<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | 匯兑儲備<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | 累計虧損<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | 小計<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | 非控股權益<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元       | 資本虧絀<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 |
| As at 1 January 2021   | 於二零二一年一月一日                       | 109                    | 566,637                  | 1,069                              | _   | 10,491                              | (118,137)                           | 3,982                    | (611,879)                | (147,728)              | (1,346)                         | (149,074)                |
| Loss for the year<br>Other comprehensive loss:<br>Currency translation | 年內虧損<br>其他全面虧損:<br>貨幣匯兑差異        | _                      | -                        | -                                  | -   | -                                   | _                                   | -                        | (33,954)                 | (33,954)               | (291)                           | (34,245)                 |
| difference<br>Total comprehensive loss for                             | 年內全面虧損總額                         | -                      | -                        | -                                  | -   | -                                   | -                                   | (184)                    | -                        | (184)                  | -                               | (184)                    |
| the year<br>Recognition of equity-settled                              | 確認以權益結算以股份為基礎                    | -                      | -                        | -                                  | -   | -                                   | -                                   | (184)                    | (33,954)                 | (34,138)               | (291)                           | (34,429)                 |
| share-based payments<br>Issue of shares upon rights                    | 唯论以催益前昇以版切為至呢<br>付款<br>供股時發行股份淨額 | -                      | -                        | -                                  | 3,199   | -                                   | -                                   | -                        | -                        | 3,199                  | -                               | 3,199                    |
| issue, net<br>Exercise of share options                                | 行使購股權                            | 106<br>15              | 36,937<br>6,768          |                                    | (2,203)   |                                     |                                     |                          |                          | 37,043<br>4,580        | -                               | 37,043<br>4,580          |
| As at 31 December 2021<br>and 1 January 2022                           | 於二零二一年十二月三十一日<br>及二零二二年一月一日      | 230                    | 610,342                  | 1,069                              | 996   | 10,491                              | (118,137)                           | 3,798                    | (645,833)                | (137,044)              | (1,637)                         | (138,681)                |
| Loss for the year<br>Other comprehensive loss:<br>Currency translation | 年內虧損<br>其他全面虧損:<br>貨幣匯兑差異        | _                      | -                        | -                                  | -   | -                                   | -                                   | -                        | (62,305)                 | (62,305)               | (385)                           | (62,690)                 |
| difference<br>Total comprehensive loss                                 | 年內全面虧損總額                         | _                      | -                        | -                                  | -   | -                                   | -                                   | (5,791)                  | -                        | (5,791)                | -                               | (5,791)                  |
| for the year<br>Recognition of<br>equity-settled                       | 確認以權益結算以股份為基礎<br>付款              | -                      | -                        | -                                  | -   | -                                   | -                                   | (5,791)                  | (62,305)                 | (68,096)               | (385)                           | (68,481)                 |
| share-based payments   |                                  | -                      | -                        | -                                  | 2,599   | -                                   | -                                   | -                        | -                        | 2,599                  | -                               | 2,599                    |
| Placing of shares, net<br>Exercise of share options                    | 配售股份淨款<br>行使購股權                  | 96<br>6                | 15,389<br>2,569          |                                    | (996)   |                                     | _                                   |                          |                          | 15,485<br>1,579        |                                 | 15,485<br>1,579          |
| As at 31 December 2022   | 於二零二二年十二月三十一日                    | 332                    | 628,300                  | 1,069                              | 2,599   | 10,491                              | (118,137)                           | (1,993)                  | (708,138)                | (185,477)              | (2,022)                         | (187,499)                |

Notes:

#### (a) Statutory reserve

In accordance with the Articles of Association of all subsidiaries established in the People's Republic of China ("**PRC**"), those subsidiaries are required to transfer 10% of the profit after taxation to the statutory reserve until the reserve reaches 50% of the registered capital. Transfer to this reserve must be made before distributing dividends to equity holders. The statutory reserve can be used to make up for previous years' losses, expand the existing operation or convert into additional capital of the subsidiaries.

#### (b) Capital reserve

It represents the difference between the issued share capital and share premium of the Company and the share capital of Longhui International Catering Management Holdings Limited (the accounting acquirer) immediately before the acquisition of Longhui International Catering Management Holdings Limited.

#### 附註:

#### (a) 法定儲備

根據所有在中華人民共和國(「中國」)成立的附屬 公司之組織章程細則,該等附屬公司須將10%除 税後溢利撥至法定儲備,直接該儲備達到註冊資 本的50%為止。撥入該儲備必須在向權益持有人 派發股息前進行。法定儲備可用於彌補以往年度 的虧損、擴充現有營運或轉換為附屬公司額外資 本。

#### (b) 資本儲備

其指本公司已發行股本及股份溢價與龍輝國際餐 飲管理控股有限公司(會計收購人)於緊接收購龍 輝國際餐飲管理控股有限公司前的股本之差額。

## **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

综合現金流量表 For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

|   |                                       | Notes<br>附註 | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 |
|---|---------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities  | 經營活動所得現金流量                            |             |                                   |                                   |
| Loss before tax   | 除税前虧損                                 |             | (38,399)                          | (33,177)                          |
| Adjustments for:  | 已就以下項目調整:                             |             |                                   |                                   |
| Finance expenses, net   | 財務開支淨額                                | 11          | 2,959                             | 3,595                             |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment                                     | 物業、廠房及設備折舊                            | 10          | 1,165                             | 7,583                             |
| Impairment of property, plant and equipment                                       | 物業、廠房及設備減值                            | 10          | 761                               | 11,358                            |
| Gain on disposal of property plant and equipment,                                 | 出售物業及設備之<br>收益                        | 8           | (173)                             | (205)                             |
| Written-off on property, plant and  | 撇銷物業、廠房及設備                            | 10          |                                   | 2 7 6 0                           |
| equipment   | 体田博次文长菇                               | 10          | 328                               | 2,769                             |
| Depreciation of right-of-use assets<br>Impairment of right-of-use assets          | 使用權資產折舊<br>使用權資產減值                    | 10<br>10    | 8,706<br>9,178                    | 22,231<br>7,660                   |
| Amortisation of intangible asset  | 無形資產攤銷                                | 10          | 5,176                             | 4                                 |
| Allowance for/(reversal of<br>allowance for) expected credit<br>loss on trade and | 貿易及其他應收款項<br>預期信貸虧損撥備/<br>(撥備撥回)      | 10          |                                   | ·                                 |
| other receivables   |                                       |             | 221                               | (1,575)                           |
| Equity-settled share-based<br>payments  | 以權益結算以股份<br>為基礎付款                     | 9, 30       | 2,599                             | 3,199                             |
| Rental concession   | 租金優惠                                  | 8           | · - ·                             | (1,808)                           |
| Gain on lease modification  | 租賃修訂收益                                | 8           | (946)                             | (3,908)                           |
| Operating cash flows before   | 扣除營運資金變動前之經                           |             |                                   |                                   |
| movements in working capital  | 營現金流                                  |             | (13,601)                          | 17,726                            |
| (Increase)/decrease in inventories  | 存貨(增加)/減少                             |             | (2,430)                           | 1,428                             |
| Decrease in trade receivables<br>Decrease in prepayments, deposits                | 貿易應收款項減少<br>預付款項、按金及其他                |             | 616                               | 55                                |
| and other receivables   | 應收款項減少                                |             | 18,831                            | 14,114                            |
| Decrease in trade payables  | 貿易應付項減少                               |             | (4,948)                           | (14,815)                          |
| Increase/(decrease) in other  | 其他應付款項及應計費用                           |             | (1)-1-1                           | (,,                               |
| payables and accruals   | 增加/(減少)                               |             | 12,858                            | (18,502)                          |
| Decrease in contract liabilities  | 合約負債減少                                |             | (5,121)                           | (2,457)                           |
| Cash generated from/(used in)   | 營運所得/(所用)                             |             |                                   |                                   |
| operations<br>Income tax (paid)/refund  | 現金<br>(已付)/已退所得税                      |             | 6,205<br>(1,682)                  | (2,451)<br>785                    |
| Not sole approached from (loss of to)   | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |             |                                   |                                   |
| Net cash generated from/(used in)<br>operating activities                         | 經宮活動所侍/(所用)<br>現金淨額                   |             | 4,523                             | (1,666)                           |

## **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows** 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

|  |                             | Notes<br>附註 | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Cash flows from investing  | 投資活動所得現金流量                  |             |                                   |                                   |
| activities<br>Purchases of property, plant and<br>equipment                          | 購買物業、廠房及設備                  | 16          | (500)                             | (5,852)                           |
| Proceeds from disposal of property,<br>plant and equipment                           | 出售物業、廠房及設備之<br>所得款項         |             | 919                               | 4,328                             |
| Interest received  | 已收利息                        |             | 17                                | 8                                 |
| Net cash generated from/(used in)<br>in investing activities                         | 投資活動所得/(所用)<br>現金淨額         |             | 436                               | (1,516)                           |
| Cash flows from financing<br>activities  | 融資活動所得現金流量                  |             |                                   |                                   |
| Proceeds from issue of shares from rights issue                                      | 供股發行股份所得款項                  |             | _                                 | 37,043                            |
| Proceeds from placing of shares<br>Proceeds from exercise of share                   | 配售股份所得款項<br>行使購股權所得款項       |             | 15,485                            |                                   |
| options<br>Proceeds from borrowings  | 借貸所得款項                      |             | 1,579<br>5,000                    | 4,580<br>4,800                    |
| Loans from independent third<br>parties  | 向獨立第三方貸款                    |             | 2,500                             | 10,247                            |
| Interest expense on borrowings<br>Repayment of borrowings<br>Repayment of loans from | 借貸利息開支<br>償還借貸<br>償還獨立第三方貸款 | 11          | (139)<br>(4,800)                  | (142)<br>(3,000)                  |
| independent third parties<br>Repayment of lease liabilities                          | 償還租賃負債                      | 17          | (6,597)<br>(18,385)               | (22,591)<br>(28,681)              |
| Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities                               | 融資活動(所用)/所得<br>現金淨額         |             | (5,357)                           | 2,256                             |
| Net decrease in cash and cash  | 現金及現金等價物減少淨額                |             |                                   |                                   |
| equivalents<br>Cash and cash equivalents at the                                      | 年初現金及現金等價物                  |             | (398)                             | (926)                             |
| beginning of the year<br>Effects of exchange rate changes                            | 現金及現金等價物的匯率變                |             | 2,196                             | 3,177                             |
| on cash and cash equivalents   | 動影響                         |             | (97)                              | (55)                              |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year                                     | 年末現金及現金等價物                  | 22          | 1,701                             | 2,196                             |

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### 1. **GENERAL**

Longhui International Holdings Limited (the "**Company**") is a limited company incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 15 October 2009, and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. According to the register of substantial shareholders maintained by the Company as at 31 December 2022, Shui Chak Group Limited ("**Shui Chak Group**") is the substantial corporate shareholder of the Company. The ultimate controlling party of Shui Chak Group Limited is Mr. Hung Shui Chak ("**Mr. Hung**").

The address of the registered office of the Company is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands. The principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong is Suite 301, 3/F., Hale Weal Industrial Building, 22–28 Tai Chung Road, Tsuen Wan, New Territories.

The Company acts as an investment holding company. Its subsidiaries are engaged in restaurants operation located in the People's Republic of China (the "**PRC**").

## 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") (which include all International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards ("IASs") and Interpretations) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules (the "Listing Rules") Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB"), and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand ("RMB'000") except otherwise indicated. RMB is the Company's presentation currency and the functional currency of the principal operating subsidiaries of the Group. The functional currency of the Company is Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"). The Directors consider the choosing RMB as the presentation currency best suits the needs of the shareholders and investors.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "**Group**").

## 1. 一般資料

龍輝國際控股有限公司(「本公司」)為於 二零零九年十月十五日在開曼群島註冊 成立之有限公司,其股份於香港聯合交 易所有限公司上市。根據截至二零二二 年十二月三十一日本公司所存置之主要 股東名冊,瑞澤集團有限公司(「瑞澤集 團有限公司之最終控股方為洪瑞澤先 生(「洪先生」)。

本公司註冊辦事處地址為Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands。本 公司之主要營業地點為香港新界荃灣 大涌道22-28號合福工業大廈3樓301 室。

本公司作為投資控股公司行事,其附屬 公司於中華人民共和國(「**中國**」)從事餐 廳業務。

## 2.1 編製基準

綜合財務報表已遵照國際會計準則理 事會(「**國際會計準則理事會**」)頒佈的國 際財務報告準則(「**國際財務報告準則**」) (包括所有國際財務報告準則、國際會 計準則(「國際會計準則」)及 詮釋) 編 製。此外,綜合財務報表包括香港聯 合交易所有限公司(「**聯交所**」)證券上市 規則(「上市規則」)及香港公司條例要求 的適用披露資料。綜合財務報表以人 民幣(「人民幣」)計值,除非另有所指, 所有數值均四捨五入至最接近的千位 數(「人民幣千元」)。人民幣為本公司之 呈列貨幣及本集團主要營運附屬公司之 功能貨幣。本公司之功能貨幣為港元 (「港元」)。董事認為選擇人民幣作為呈 列貨幣,最適合股東及投資者之需要。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 之綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬 公司(統稱為「**本集團**」)。

## 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

## 2.1 編製基準(續)

Going concern basis

The Group reported a consolidated net loss of approximately RMB62,690,000 (2021: RMB34,245,000) for the current year and net current liabilities of approximately RMB189,500,000 (2021: RMB168,224,000) at 31 December 2022.

The cash and cash equivalent balance amounted to approximately RMB1,701,000 (2021: RMB2,196,000) at 31 December 2022. These circumstances may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

During the year, the directors of the Company ("**Directors**") have taken various measures with an aim to improve the Group's liquidity position. The Directors have prepared a cash flow forecast of the Group for the next twelve months from the date of approval of the consolidated financial statements based on the existing situation, the future events and commitments of the Group. The Directors considered that the Group will have adequate working capital to meet its obligations, therefore the consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared under a going concern basis. Measures and estimations have been taken into consideration by the Directors, including but not limited to:

- the substantial shareholders of the Company have given their consent to provide continuous financial support to the Group to enable the Group to meets its obligations when due;
- (ii) negotiating with banks and other financial institution for new banking facilities;
- (iii) management has been endeavoring to improve the Group's operating results and cash flows through various cost control measures and will slow down the opening of new restaurants or will close underperforming restaurants in the future;

#### 持續經營基準

本集團於本年度錄得綜合虧損淨額約 人民幣62,690,000元(二零二一年:人民 幣34,245,000元)及於二零二二年十二月 三十一日錄得流動負債淨額約人民幣 189,500,000元(二零二一年:人民幣 168,224,000元)。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,現金及 現金等價物結餘約為人民幣1,701,000元 (二零二一年:人民幣2,196,000元)。該 等狀況可能令本集團持續經營的能力 遭受重大質疑。

年內,本公司董事(「董事」)已採取多項 措施,旨在改善本集團的流動資金狀 況。董事已根據本集團的現有狀況、未 來事件及承諾,編製本集團自綜合財務 報表批准日期起未來十二個月的現金流 量預測。董事認為本集團將擁有充足 的營運資金履行其責任,因此本集團 的綜合財務報表已根據持續經營基準 編製。董事已考慮以下措施及估計,包 括但不限於:

- (i) 本公司主要股東已同意向本集團 持續提供財務支援,以讓本集團 屐行其到期責任;
- (ii) 與銀行及其他金融機構磋商新銀 行融資;
- (iii) 管理層致力透過各項成本控制措施改善本集團營運業績及現金流量,並將於未來減慢開設新餐廳的步伐或關閉表現欠佳的餐廳;

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

## 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

Going concern basis (Continued)

- (iv) negotiating with the landlords for rent concessions;
- the Group is actively considering to raise new capital by carrying out fund raising activities including but not limited to rights issue, open offer and placing of new shares.

Notwithstanding the above, given the uncertainties to obtain continuous support by the banks and the Group's creditors, material uncertainties exist as to whether management of the Company will be able to achieve its plans and measures as described above.

Should the Group be unable to continue its business as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to write down the value of assets to their recoverable amount, to provide for future liabilities which might arise and to reclassify non-current assets and liabilities to current assets and liabilities respectively. The effects of these potential adjustments have not been reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

## 2.1 編製基準(續)

持續經營基準(續)

- (iv) 與業主商討租金優惠;
- (v) 本集團積極考慮進行集資活動, 包括但不限於供股、公開發售及 配售新股,以籌措新資金。

儘管已採取上述措施,惟鑒於未能確 定可取得銀行及本集團債權人的持續 支持,對於本公司管理層將來是否能實 現其上述的計劃及措施,仍存在重大 不確定因素。

萬一本集團無法按持續基準繼續業務, 則需要作出調整,將資產價值撇減至 其可回收金額,以為日後可能出現的負 債計提撥備,並分別將非流動資產及 負債重新分類為流動資產及負債。上 述潛在調整的影響未有於綜合財務報 表中反映。

## 2.2 APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("IFRSs")

Amendments to IFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

In the current year, the Group has applied the Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in IFRS Standards and the following amendments to IFRSs issued by the IASB for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2022 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

| Amendments to IFRS 3 | Reference to the Conceptual Framework                           | 國際財務<br>(修訂 |
|----------------------|---|-------------|
| Amendments to IAS 16 | Property, Plant and Equipment — Proceeds before<br>Intended Use | 國際會計<br>(修訂 |
| Amendments to IAS 37 | Onerous Contracts — Cost of Fulfilling a Contract               | 國際會討<br>(修訂 |
| Amendments to IFRSs  | Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018–2020                         | 國際財務<br>(修訂 |

The application of the amendments to IFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/ or on the disclosures set out in the consolidated financial statements.

## 2.2 應用新訂及經修訂國際財務 報告準則(「國際財務報告準 則」)

本年度強制生效之國際財務報告準 則修訂本

於本年度,本集團首次就編製綜合財務 報表應用國際會計準則理事會頒佈的 國際財務報告準則概念框架的引用修 訂本及以下國際財務報告準則修訂本, 其於二零二二年一月一日或之後開始的 年度期間強制生效:

| 國際財務報告準則第3號 | 對概念框架的提述   |
|-------------|------------|
| (修訂本)       |            |
| 國際會計準則第16號  | 物業、廠房及設備   |
| (修訂本)       | — 作擬定用途前   |
|             | 之所得款項      |
| 國際會計準則第37號  | 虧損性合約 — 履行 |
| (修訂本)       | 合約之成本      |
| 國際財務報告準則    | 香港財務報告準則   |
| (修訂本)       | 二零一八年至     |
|             | 二零二零年之     |
|             | 年度改善       |
|             |            |

於本年度應用經修訂國際財務報告準 則對本集團於本年度及過往年度之財 務狀況及表現及/或對綜合財務報表 所載披露資料並無重大影響。

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## 2.2 APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS 2.2 應用新訂及經修訂國際財務 TO INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("IFRSs") (Continued)

New and amendments to IFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to IFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

| IFRS 17 (including the<br>June 2020 and<br>December 2021<br>Amendments to<br>IFRS 17)   | Insurance Contracts and the related<br>Amendment <sup>1</sup>  | 國際財務報告準則第17號<br>(包括國際財務報告準則<br>第17號之二零二零年<br>六月及二零二一年<br>十二月修訂) | 保險合約及相關修訂'                                 |
|---|--|---|--|
| Amendments to IFRS 10<br>and IAS 28   | Sale or Contribution of Assets between<br>an Investor and its Associate or Joint<br>Venture <sup>2</sup> | 國際財務報告準則第10號<br>及國際會計準則第28號<br>(修訂本)                            | 投資者及其聯營公司或合<br>營企業出售或注入資<br>產 <sup>2</sup> |
| Amendments to IFRS 16   | Lease Liability in Sale and Lease Back <sup>3</sup>  | 國際財務報告準則第16號<br>(修訂本)   | 售後回租的租賃責任3                                 |
| Amendments to IAS 1   | Classification of Liabilities as Current or<br>Non-current <sup>3</sup>                                  | 國際會計準則第1號<br>(修訂本)  | 將負債分類為流動或<br>非流動 <sup>3</sup>              |
| Amendments to IAS 1   | Non-current liabilities with covenants <sup>3</sup>  | 國際會計準則第1號<br>(修訂本)  | 具有契約的非流動負債 <sup>3</sup>                    |
| Amendments to IAS 1<br>and IFRS Practice<br>Statement 2   | Disclosure of Accounting Policies <sup>1</sup>   | 國際會計準則第1號及國際<br>財務報告準則實務聲明<br>第2號(修訂本)                          | 會計政策之披露!                                   |
| Amendments to IAS 8   | Definition of Accounting Estimates <sup>1</sup>  | 國際會計準則第8號<br>(修訂本)  | 會計估計之定義1                                   |
| Amendments to IAS 12  | Deferred Tax related to Assets and<br>Liabilities arising from Single<br>Transaction <sup>1</sup>        | 國際會計準則第12號<br>(修訂本)   | 與單一交易產生之資產及<br>負債相關之遞延<br>税項1              |
| <sup>1</sup> Effective for annual per   | riods beginning on or after 1 January 2023.  | 1 於二零二三年一)<br>期間生效。   | 月一日或之後開始的年度                                |
| <sup>2</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.  |  | 2 於待定日前或之行  | <b>炎開始的年度期間生效。</b>                         |
| <sup>3</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024.   |  | <sup>3</sup> 於二零二四年一)<br>期間生效。                                  | <b>]</b> 一日或之後開始的年度                        |
| The Directors anticipate that the application of all the new and<br>amendments to IFRSs will have no material impact on the<br>consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future. |  |   | 新訂及經修訂國際<br>可見未來均不會對<br>重大影響。              |

## 報告準則(「國際財務報告準 則)(續)

已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂 國際財務報告準則

本集團尚未提早應用以下已頒佈但尚 未生效的新訂及經修訂國際財務報告 準則:

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRSs issued by the IASB. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Listing Rules and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of IFRS 2 "Share-based Payment", leasing transactions that are accounted for in accordance with IFRS 16 "Leases", and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in IAS 2 "Inventories" or value in use in IAS 36 "Impairment of Assets".

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

## 3. 重要會計政策概要

綜合財務報表根據國際會計準則理事 會所頒佈的國際財務報告準則編製。 此外,綜合財務報表包括上市規則及 香港公司條例所規定的適用披露。

綜合財務報表已按照歷史成本基準編 製。歷史成本一般基於為換取貨品及 服務而支付代價的公平值釐定。

公平值為市場參與者於計量日期在有 序交易中出售資產可能收取或轉讓負債 可能支付的價格,不論該價格是否直 接觀察可得或使用另一種估值技術估 計。就估計資產或負債的公平值而言, 本集團考慮市場參與者於計量日期為 該資產或負債進行定價時所考慮有關 資產或負債的特徵。在綜合財務報表 中計量及/或披露的公平值均在此基 礎上予以釐定,惟屬於國際財務報告 準則第2號「以股份為基礎付款」範圍內 的以股份為基礎付款交易、根據國際 財務報告準則第16號「租賃」入賬的租 賃交易,以及與公平值部分類似但並 非公平值的計量(例如國際會計準則第 2號「存貨」內的可變現淨值或國際會計 準則第36號「資產減值」的使用價值)除 外。

此外,就財務呈報而言,公平值計量根 據公平值計量的輸入數據可觀察程度 及公平值計量的輸入數據對其整體的 重要性分類為第一級、第二級或第三 級,詳情如下:

- 第一級輸入數據是實體於計量日 期可以取得的相同資產或負債於 活躍市場的報價(未經調整);
- 第二級輸入數據是就資產或負債 直接或間接地可觀察的輸入數據 (第一級內包括的報價除外);及
- 第三級輸入數據是資產或負債的 不可觀察輸入數據。

For the vear ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING SPOLICIES (Continued)

## 3. 重要會計政策概要(續)

#### **Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the noncontrolling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to being their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

#### 合併基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及本公司附屬 公司所控制的實體(包括結構性實體)的 財務報表。倘屬以下情況,則本公司取 得控制權:

- 於被投資方擁有權力;
- 因參與被投資方的業務而獲得或 有權獲得可變回報;及
- 有能力行使其權力影響其回報。

倘有事實及情況顯示上文所述的三項 控制元素中的一項或以上出現變動,本 公司將重新評估其是否控制被投資方。

本公司於獲得附屬公司控制權時將附 屬公司綜合入賬,並於失去附屬公司控 制權時終止綜合入賬。具體而言,於報 告期內購入或出售之附屬公司的收入 及開支,按自本公司獲得控制權當日起 至本公司失去附屬公司控制權當日止, 計入合併損益及其他綜合收益表內。

損益及其他全面收益各部分乃歸屬於 本公司擁有人及非控股權益。附屬公 司全面收益總額歸屬於本公司擁有人 及非控股權益,即使這導致非控股權 益發生虧絀結餘。

附屬公司的財務報表於有需要時作出 調整,以使其會計政策與本集團的會 計政策一致。

集團內公司間的所有資產及負債、權益、收入、開支以及本集團成員公司間 交易的相關現金流量於合併時悉數對 銷。

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. POLICIES (Continued)

#### Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein, which represent present ownership interests entitling their holders to a proportionate share of net assets of the relevant subsidiaries upon liquidation.

#### Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

When the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The results of subsidiaries are included in the Company's profit or loss to the extent of dividends received and receivables. The Group's investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any impairment.

## 3. 重要會計政策概要*(續)*

#### 合併基準(續)

附屬公司之非控股權益與本集團所佔 之權益分開呈列,其代表目前所有權權 益,有關權益賦予其持有人權力,於清 盤時按比例取得相關附屬公司之資產 淨值。

#### 附屬公司

附屬公司指受本公司直接或間接控制的 實體(包括結構性實體)。倘本集團透過 參與被投資方業務而享有或有權取得 被投資方的可變回報,且有能力行使在 被投資方的權力影響有關回報,則本 集團擁有該實體的控制權(即現時賦予 本集團指導被投資方相關活動的能 力)。

倘本公司直接或間接擁有的被投資方 投票權或類似權利不及大半,則評估 本公司對被投資方是否擁有權力時,本 集團會考慮所有相關事實及情況,包 括:

- (a) 與該被投資方其他投票權擁有人 的合約安排;
- (b) 根據其他合約安排所享有的權利:及
- (c) 本集團的投票權及潛在投票權。

附屬公司的業績計入本公司損益,以已 收及應收股息為限。本集團對附屬公 司的投資按成本減任何減值列賬。

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## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 重要會計政策概要(續)

Business combinations or asset acquisitions

#### **Optional concentration test**

The Group can elect to apply an optional concentration test, on a transaction-by-transaction basis, that permits a simplified assessment of whether an acquired set of activities and assets is not a business. The concentration test is met if substantially all of the fair value of the gross assets acquired is concentrated in a single identifiable asset or group of similar identifiable assets. The gross assets under assessment exclude cash and cash equivalents, deferred tax assets, and goodwill resulting from the effects of deferred tax liabilities. If the concentration test is met, the set of activities and assets is determined not to be a business and no further assessment is needed.

#### Asset acquisitions

When the Group acquires a group of assets and liabilities that do not constitute a business, the Group identifies and recognises the individual identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed by allocating the purchase price first to financial assets/financial liabilities at the respective fair values, the remaining balance of the purchase price is then allocated to the other identifiable assets and liabilities on the basis of their relative fair values at the date of purchase. Such a transaction does not give rise to goodwill or bargain purchase gain.

#### **Business combinations**

A business is an integrated set of activities and assets which includes an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs. The acquired processes are considered substantive if they are critical to the ability to continue producing outputs, including an organised workforce with the necessary skills, knowledge, or experience to perform the related processes or they significantly contribute to the ability to continue producing outputs and are considered unique or scarce or cannot be replaced without significant cost, effort, or delay in the ability to continue producing outputs.

#### 業務合併或資產收購

#### 可選集中度測試

本集團可選擇以逐項交易基準應用可 選集中度測試,可對所收購之一組活動 及資產是否並非一項業務作簡化評估。 倘所購入資產總額的公平值幾乎全部 集中在單一可識別資產或一組類以資 產,則符合集中度測試。評估之總資 產 不包括現金及現金等價物、遞延税項 資產、及由遞延税項負債影響產生之 商譽。倘符合集中度測試,該組活動及 資產被釐定為並非業務及毋須作進一 步評估。

#### 資產收購

當本集團收購一組並不構成一項業務 之資產及負債,本集團透過先將購買價 按其各自之公平值分配至金融資產/ 金融負債,以識別及確認所收購之個 別可識別資產及所承擔負債,而餘下之 購買價結餘其後按於購買日期之相關公 平值,分配至其他可識別資產及負債。 有關交易並不產生商譽或議價購買收 益。

#### 業務合併

業務是一套綜合的活動及資產,其中 包括一項投入及一項實質性流程,兩者 共同對創造產出的能力有重大貢獻。 倘若所獲得的過程對繼續生產起的 能力至關重要,包括具有必要技能、知 識或經驗的有組織勞動力以執行相關 流程,或彼等對繼續生產產出的能力 有重在繼續生產產出的能力方面並無顧 大成本、努力或延誤的情況下不能被 取代,則被視為是實質性的。

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Business combinations or asset acquisitions (Continued)

#### Business combinations (Continued)

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

For business combinations in which the acquisition date is on or after 1 January 2022, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed must meet the definitions of an asset and a liability in the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting issued by International Accounting Standards Board in March 2018 (the "Conceptual Framework") except for transactions and events within the scope of IAS 37 or IFRIC 21, in which the Group applies IAS 37 or IFRIC 21 instead of the Conceptual Framework to identify the liabilities it has assumed in a business combination. Contingent assets are not recognised.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value, except that:

 deferred tax assets or liabilities, and liabilities or assets related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with IAS 12 "Income Taxes" and IAS 19 "Employee Benefits" respectively;

## 3. 重要會計政策概要(續)

業務合併或資產收購(續)

#### 業務合併(續)

業務收購乃採用收購法入賬。於業務 合併轉撥的代價按公平值計量,而計 算方法為本公司所轉撥資產、本集團 對被收購方原擁有人產生的負債及本 集團就交換被收購方的控制權發行的 股權於收購日期的公平值總和。與收 購事項有關的成本於產生時在損益中 確認。

就收購日期於二零二二年一月一日或之 後的業務合併而言,所收購的可識別資 產及所承擔的負債必須符合國際會計 準則理事會於二零一八年三月發佈的財 務報告概念框架(「概念框架」)內資產及 負債的定義,惟國際會計準則第37號或 國際財務報告詮釋委員會詮釋第21號 範圍內的交易及事件除外,於該情況 下,本集團應用國際會計準則第37號或 國際財務報告詮釋委員會詮釋第21號 而非概念框架以識別其於業務合併中 所承擔的負債。或然資產不予確認。

於收購日期,已收購的可識別資產及 已承擔負債按其公平價值予以確認,惟 下列各項除外:

(i) 遞延税項資產或負債及與僱員福 利安排有關的負債或資產分別根 據國際會計準則第12號「所得税」 及國際會計準則第19號「僱員福利」 確認及計量;

综合財務報表附註

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## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## Business combinations or asset acquisitions (Continued)

#### Business combinations (Continued)

- (ii) liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment transactions of the acquiree or the replacement of an acquiree's share-based payment transactions with share-based payment transactions of the Group are measured in accordance with IFRS 2 "Share-based Payment" at the acquisition date; and
- (iii) assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with IFRS 5 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations" are measured in accordance with that standard.
- (iv) lease liabilities are recognised and measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments (as defined in HKFRS 16) as if the acquired leases were new leases at the acquisition date, except for leases for which (a) the lease term ends within 12 months of the acquisition date; or (b) the underlying asset is of low value. Right-of-use assets are recognised and measured at the same amount as the relevant lease liabilities, adjusted to reflect favourable or unfavourable terms of the lease when compared with market terms.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after assessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

### 3. 重要會計政策概要(續)

業務合併或資產收購(續)

#### 業務合併(續)

- (ii) 與被收購方以股份為基礎付款交易有關的負債或股本工具或以股份為基礎付款交易重置被收購方以股份為基礎付款交易乃根據國際財務報告準則第2號「以股份為基礎付款」計量;及
- (iii) 根據國際財務報告準則第5號「持 作出售的非流動資產及已終止經 營業務」劃分為持作出售的資產 (或出售組合)根據該項準則計 量。
- (iv) 租賃負債按剩餘租賃付款額的現值(定義見香港財務報告準則第16號)確認和計量,猶如購入的租賃在購買日是新租賃一樣,惟(a)租賃期限在收購日期12個月內終止;或(b)該項相關資產之價值為低的租賃則除外。使用權資產的確認和計量與相關租賃負債的金額相同,並進行調整以反映與市場條款相比租賃的有利或不利條件。

所轉撥代價、與被收購方的任何非控 股權益及收購方先前持有被收購方股 權(如有)的公平值合計,倘超出所收購 可識別資產及所承擔負債於收購日的淨額,超出的部分確認為商譽。 (經重新評估後)已收購的可識別了。 及承擔的負債於收購日期的淨額說超出 所轉撥代價、於被收購方任何非控購 方權益(如有)的公平值總和,超出部分 即時於損益中確認為議價收購收益。

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Business combinations or asset acquisitions (Continued)

#### Business combinations (Continued)

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis. Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at their fair value or another measurement basis required by another standard.

When the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with the corresponding adjustments being made against goodwill or gain on bargain purchase. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the measurement period about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date. Measurement period does not exceed one year from the acquisition date.

The subsequent accounting for changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability is remeasured at subsequent reporting dates in accordance with IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement", or IAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets", as appropriate, with the corresponding gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss.

### 3. 重要會計政策概要(續)

業務合併或資產收購(續)

#### 業務合併(續)

屬現時擁有之權益且於清盤時賦予其 持有人權利按比例分佔實體淨資產之 非控股權益,可初步按公平值或非控 股權益應佔被收購方可識別資產淨值 的已確認金額比例計量。計量基準視 乎每項交易而作出選擇。其他種類的 非控股權益乃按其公平值或另一項準 則指定之計量基準計量。

倘本集團於業務合併中轉讓之代價包 括或然代價安排產生之資產或負債,則 或然代價按其於收購日期之公平值計 。並計入於業務合併所轉讓之代價之 一部分。符合資格為計量期間調整之 或然代價公平值變動將予追溯調整,相 應調整於商譽調整或議價收購收益。 計量期間調整為於「計量期間」取得有 關於收購日期已存在之事實及情況之 額外資料產生之調整。計量期間不可 超過自收購日期起計一年。

不合資格為計量期間調整之或然代價 公平值變動之後續會計處理取決於如 何將或然代價分類。分類為權益之或 然代價不會於後續報告日期重新計量, 其後續結算亦於權益內入賬。分類為 資產或負債之或然代價將根據國際會 計準則第39號「金融工具:確認及計量」 或國際會計準則第37號「撥備、或然負 債及或然資產」(如適用)於後續報告日 期重新計量,相應之盈虧於損益內確 認。

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## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Business combinations or asset acquisitions *(Continued)* 

#### Business combinations (Continued)

When a business combination is achieved in stages, the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date (i.e. the date when the Group obtains control), and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is recognised in profit or loss. Amounts arising from interests in the acquiree prior to the acquisition date that have previously been recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where such treatment would be appropriate if that interest were disposed of.

Changes in the value of the previously held equity interest recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity before the acquisition date are reclassified to profit or loss when the Group obtains control over the acquiree.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period (see above), or additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognised as of that date. 3. 重要會計政策概要(續)

業務合併或資產收購(續)

#### 業務合併(續)

倘業務合併分階段完成,本集團以往持 有的被收購方股權按收購日期(即本集 團取得控制權當日)的公平值重新計量, 產生的收益或虧損(如有)於損益確認。 過往於收購日期前於其他全面收益確 認之被收購方權益所產生款額於損益 重新分類(倘有關處理方法適用於出售 權益)。

先前持有並於收購日期前在其他全面 收益確認及於權益累計的股權的價值 變動在本集團取得被收購方的控制權 時重新分類至損益。

倘業務合併的初步會計處理於合併產 生的報告期末仍未完成,則本集團會 就仍未完成會計處理的項目呈報暫定 金額。該等暫定金額於計量期間內作 出調整(見上文),或確認額外資產或負 債,以反映獲得有關於收購日期已存 在事實及情況的新資料,而倘知悉該 等資料,將會影響於當日確認的金額。

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. POLICIES (Continued)

#### Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to customers.

A performance obligation represents a good and service (or a bundle or goods or services) that is distinct or a service of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

Control of the asset may be transferred over time or at a point in time. Control of the asset is transferred over time if:

- The customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the entity's performance as the entity performs; or
- The Group's performance creates and enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- The Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If the control of the asset transfers over time, revenue is recognised over the period to the contract by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation. Otherwise, revenue is recognized at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the asset.

A contract asset represents the Group's right to consideration in exchange for goods or services that the Group has transferred to a customer that is not yet unconditional. It is assessed for impairment in accordance with IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments". In contrast, a receivable represents the Group's unconditional right to consideration, i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

### 3. 重要會計政策概要(續)

#### 客戶合約收益

本集團於(或隨著)履約責任完成時(即 當某履約責任的相關貨品或服務的「控 制權」轉移至客戶時)確認收益。

履約責任指不同的商品及服務(或一組 商品或服務)或不同的商品及大致相同 的服務。

資產的控制權可能隨著時間或於某個 時間點轉移。倘滿足以下其中一項標 準,資產的控制權隨時間轉移:

- 隨實體履約,客戶同時取得並耗
   用實體履約所提供的利益;或
- 本集團之履約創建或強化一資產, 該資產於創建或強化之時即由客
   戶控制;或
- 本集團的履約並未產生對本集團 有替代用途的資產,且本集團對 迄今已完成履約之款項具有可執 行之權利。

倘資產的控制權隨時間轉移,收益參 考該履約責任的完成進度於合約期內 確認。否則,收入於客戶獲得資產控 制權的時間點確認。

合約資產指本集團就向客戶換取本集 團已轉讓的商品或服務收取代價的權利 (尚未成為無條件)。其根據國際財務報 告準則第9號「金融工具」評估減值。相 反,應收款項指本集團收取代價的無條 件權利,即代價付款到期前僅需時間 推移。

合約負債指本集團因已自客戶收取對價 (或已可自客戶收取對價),而須轉讓商 品或勞務予客戶之義務。

For the vear ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 重要會計政策概要(續) 3. **POLICIES** (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

The Group recognised a refund liability if the Group receives consideration from a customer and expects to refund some or all of that consideration to the customer. A refund liability is measured at the amount of consideration received (or receivable) for which the Group does not expect to be entitled (i.e. amounts not included in the transaction price). The refund liability (and corresponding change in the transaction price and, therefore, the contract liability) is updated at the end of each reporting period for changes in circumstances.

The Group generates revenues from restaurant operation.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced for discounts and sales related taxes.

Revenue is recognised when the amount of revenue can be reliably measure; when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Group and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities, as described below.

For restaurant operation for which the control of services is transferred at a point in time, revenue is recognised when the related services have been rendered to customers.

Advance from customers for which the services have not been rendered are recognised as liabilities until the relevant services are performed and was classified as contract liabilities.

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method. When a receivable is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at the original effective interest rate of the instrument, and continues unwinding the discount as interest income. Interest income on impaired receivables is recognized using the original effective interest rate.

客戶合約收益(續)

倘本集團自客戶收取代價及預期將該 代價的部分或全部退回予客戶,則本集 團確認退款負債。退款負債按已收(或 應收)金額計量,本集團預期無權收取 該款額(即並非計入交易價格的金額)。 退款負債(及交易價格的相應變動以及 進而合約負債)於各報告期末進行更新, 以反映有關情況的變化。

本集團自餐廳業務產生收益。

收益按已收或應收代價的公平值計量。 收益就扣除及銷售相關税項予以扣減。

當收益金額能夠可靠計量、未來經濟 利益很可能流入本集團及達成本集團 各項活動的具體標準時,即按下文所 述確認收益。

就服務控制權於某時間點轉移的餐廳 業務而言,收益於向客戶提供相關服 務時確認。

尚未提供服務的客戶墊款於履行相關 服務時才確認為負債及分類為合約負 債。

利息收入採取實際利率法確認。倘應 收款項減值,本集團將賬面值減少至 可回收金額(為按工具原實際利率貼現 的估計未來現金流量)及繼續將折扣回 撥為利息收入。已減值應收款項的利 息收入採取原實際利率法確認。

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 3. **POLICIES** (Continued)

#### Leases

#### Definition of a lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

For contracts entered into or modified or arising from business combinations on or after the date of initial application, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition under IFRS 16 at inception, modification date or acquisition date, as appropriate. Such contract will not be reassessed unless the terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently changed.

#### The Group as lessee

#### Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate standalone price of the non-lease components.

Non-lease components are separated from lease component and are accounted for by applying other applicable standards.

#### Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to leases of shops, office and warehouse that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option. It also applies the recognition exemption for lease of low-value assets. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis or another systematic basis over the lease term.

## 重要會計政策概要(續)

和賃

租賃的定義

倘合約賦予於一段時期內對使用一項已 識別資產的控制權以換取代價,則該 合約為一項租賃或包含一項租賃。

就初步應用日期或之後訂立或修訂或自 業務合併產生的合約而言,本集團根據 國際財務報告準則第16號項下的定義, 於開始、修訂日期或收購日期(倘適合) 評估合約是否為一項租賃或包含一項 租賃。除非合約條款及條件於其後發 生變更,否則將不會對有關合約進行 重新評估。

本集團作為承租人

將代價分配至各合約部分

就包含一項或多項額外租賃部分及非 租賃部分的合約而言,本集團根據各租 賃部分的相對單獨價格以及非租賃部 分的單獨價格總額分攤合約代價。

非租賃部分與租賃部分分開,並採用 其他適用準則入賬。

短期租賃及低價值資產租賃

本集團對自租賃開始日起租賃期為12個 月或以下且不包含購買選擇權的店舖、 辦公室及倉庫租賃應用短期租賃的確 認豁免。本集團亦對低價值資產租賃 應用該項確認豁免。短期租賃及低價 值資產租賃的租賃款項於租賃期內採 用直線法或另一系統性基準確認為開 支。

综合財務報表附註

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## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 重要會計政策概要(續) POLICIES (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

Right-of-use assets

The cost of right-of-use asset includes:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs incurred by the Group; and
- an estimate of costs to be incurred by the Group in dismantling and removing the underlying assets, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term are depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

The Group presents right-of-use assets as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

租賃*(續)* 

使用權資產

使用權資產的成本包括:

- 租賃負債的初步計量金額;
- 於租賃期開始日期或之前支付的 任何租賃款項,減任何所得租賃 優惠金額;
- 本集團產生的任何初始直接成本;
   及
- 本集團拆卸及移除相關資產、復 原相關資產所在地或將相關資產 恢復至租賃條款及條件所規定的 狀態所產生的估計成本。

使用權資產按成本計量,減去任何累 計折舊及減值虧損,並就任何重新計 量租賃負債作出調整。

本集團已合理地確定可於租期結束時 取得相關租賃資產所有權的使用權資 產由開始日期起至可使用年期結束止 計提折舊。在其他情況下,使用權資 產按直線法於其估計可使用年期及租 期(以較短者為準)內計提折舊。

本集團呈列使用權資產為綜合財務狀 況表之獨立項目。

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 3. **POLICIES** (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

#### Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable

The lease payments include:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise the option;
- payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising an option to terminate the lease;

## 重要會計政策概要(續)

租賃(續)

#### 租賃負債

於租賃開始日期,本集團按該日未付的 租賃付款現值確認及計量租賃負債。 倘租賃隱含的利率難以釐定,則本集 團會使用租賃開始日期的增量借款利 率計算租賃付款的現值。

租賃付款包括:

- 固定付款(包括實質性的固定付款) 減任何應收租賃優惠;
- 取決於指數或比率的可變租賃付 款額,最初使用開始日期的指數 或比率計量;
- 本集團根據剩餘價值擔保預期應 付的金額;
- 本集團合理確定行使購買選擇權 下的選擇權行使價;
- 倘租期反映本集團行使選擇權終 止租賃,則就終止租賃支付的罰 款;

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 重要會計政策概要(續) POLICIES (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

Lease liabilities (Continued)

After the commencement date, lease liabilities are adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

The Group remeasures lease liabilities (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use assets) whenever:

- the lease term has changed or there is a change in the assessment of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the date of reassessment; and
- the lease payments change due to changes in market rental rates following a market rent review/expected payment under a guaranteed residual value, in which cases the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using the initial discount rate.

The Group presents lease liabilities as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

#### Lease modifications

Except for Covid-19-related rent concession in which the Group applied the practical expedient, the Group accounts for a lease modification as a separate lease if:

- the modification increases the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more underlying assets; and
- the consideration for the leases increases by an amount commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope and any appropriate adjustments to that stand-alone price to reflect the circumstances of the particular contract.

租賃*(續)* 

租賃負債(續)

開始日期後,租賃負債按利息增幅及租 賃付款作出調整。

出現以下情況時,本集團重新計量租 賃負債(並對相關使用權資產作出相應 調整):

- 租期有變或有關行使購買選擇權的評估有變,於此情況下,相關 租賃負債透過使用於重新評估日 期的經修訂貼現率貼現經修訂租 賃付款而重新計量;及
- 租賃付款因進行市場租金調查後 市場租金變動/有擔保剩餘價值 下預期付款變動而出現變動,在 此情況下,相關租賃負債透過使 用初步貼現率貼現經修訂租賃付 款而重新計量。

本集團呈列租賃負債為綜合財務狀況 表之獨立項目。

租賃修訂

除了本集團對Covid-19相關租金優惠採 用實際權宜法外,倘存在下列情形, 則本集團將租賃修訂作為一項單獨租 賃入賬:

- 該項修訂通過增加使用一項或多 項相關資產的權利擴大租賃範圍;
   及
- 調增租賃的代價,增加的金額相 當於範圍擴大對應的單獨價格, 加上為反映特定合約情況對單獨 價格所作的任何適當調整。

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

#### Lease modifications (Continued)

For a lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease, the Group remeasures the lease liability based on the lease term of the modified lease by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

The Group accounts for the remeasurement of lease liabilities by making corresponding adjustments to the relevant right-of-use asset.

When the modified contract contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the modified contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

#### **Covid-19-related rent concessions**

In relation to rent concessions that occurred as a direct consequence of the Covid-19 pandemic, the Group has elected to apply the practical expedient not to assess whether the change is a lease modification if all of the following conditions are met:

- the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2022; and
- there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

A lessee applying the practical expedient accounts for changes in lease payments resulting from rent concessions the same way it would account for the changes applying IFRS 16 if the changes are not a lease modification. Forgiveness or waiver of lease payments are accounted for as variable lease payments. The related lease liabilities are adjusted to reflect the amounts forgiven or waived with a corresponding adjustment recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which the event occurs.

### 3. 重要會計政策概要(續)

租賃(續)

租賃修訂(續)

就並非作為一項單獨租賃入賬的租賃 修訂而言,本集團會透過使用修訂生效 日期的經修訂貼現率貼現經修訂租賃 付款,按經修訂租賃的租期重新計量 租賃負債。

本集團透過對相關使用權資產作出相 應調整重新計量租賃負債。

當經修改合約包含一項租賃部分以及一 項或多項額外租賃或非租賃部分,本 集團基於租賃部分的相關單獨價格與 非租賃部分的單獨價格總和,將經修 改合約中的代價分攤至每一租賃部分 中。

Covid-19相關租金寬減

就Covid-19疫情直接引致之租金寬減。 本集團已選擇採用實際權宜法不就變 動是否為租賃修改作出評估,惟須滿 足下列所有條件:

- 租賃付款變動導致的經修訂租賃 代價與緊接變動前的租賃代價大 致相同或少於緊接變動前的租賃 代價;
- 租賃付款的任何減幅僅影響原到 期日為二零二二年六月三十日或 之前的付款;及
- 租賃的其他條款及條件並無實質<</li>
   變動。

承租人採用實際權宜法將因租金寬減 引起的租賃付款變動入賬時,倘有關 變動並非租賃修改,則其會使用相同 方式將採納國際財務報告準則第16號 的變動入賬。租賃付款之寬免或豁免 入賬列作可變租賃付款。相關租賃負 債經調整以反映獲寬免或豁免的金額, 並於有關事件發生期間於損益確認相 應調整。

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 3. 重要會計政策概要(續)

#### **Foreign currencies**

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. RMB) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the date of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of exchange reserve (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

On the disposal of a foreign operation (that is, a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, or a partial disposal of an interest in a joint arrangement or an associate that includes a foreign operation of which the retained interest becomes a financial asset), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

#### 外幣

在編製各個別集團實體的財務報表時, 以該實體的功能貨幣以外貨幣(外幣)結 算的交易按交易當日的匯率確認。於報 告期末,以外幣定值的貨幣項目按該日 的通行匯率重新換算。以公平值列賬 並以外幣定值的非貨幣項目按釐定公 平值當日的通行匯率重新換算。按歷 史成本以外幣計量的非貨幣項目不作 重新換算。

由貨幣項目結算及貨幣項目重新換算 產生的外幣差額於產生期間在損益中 確任。

為呈列合併財務報表,本集團的經營單 元(即境外機構)的資產和負債均採用 報告期末的即期匯率折算為本集團呈 列貨幣(即人民幣)。收入和支出項目均 按與交易發生日平均匯率折算。除非 此期間匯率出現大幅波動,在這里均 況下,將使用交易日的匯率。所產生的 匯兑差額(如有)均計入其他綜合收益 並累積計入權益項下的匯兑儲備(同時 適當地分配至非控制性權益)。

在處置境外經營單元時(即,完全處置 本集團在境外經營單元中的權益、或導 致對某一包含境外經營的附屬公司失 去控制權的處置、或部分處置某一包 含境外經營的合營安排或聯營企業中 的權益(其中保留的權益構成一項金融 資產)),與該境外經營單元相關的歸屬 於本公司所有者的權益中的累計匯兑差 額應重分類至損益。

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Foreign currencies (Continued)

In addition, in relation to a partial disposal of a subsidiary that does not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are re-attributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals (i.e. partial disposals of associates or joint arrangements that do not result in the Group losing significant influence or joint control), the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences is reclassified to profit or loss.

Exchange differences relating to the retranslation of the Group's net assets in HK\$ to the Group's presentation currency RMB are recognised directly in other comprehensive income and accumulated in exchange reserve.

#### Current and deferred tax

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the statement of profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the jurisdictions where the Company and its subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

### 3. 重要會計政策概要(續)

外幣(*續*)

此外,在部分處置某一附屬公司,且此 類處置不會導致本集團喪失對該附屬 公司的控制權時,該境外經營中相應 比例的累計匯兑差額應重新歸結為非 控制性權益而不是計入損益。在所有 其他部分處置中(即,對聯營企業或合 營安排的部分處置,且此類處置不會 導致本集團喪失重大影響力或無重分 類至損益。

將本集團的港元淨資產重新換算成本 集團的呈列貨幣人民幣所產生的匯兑 差額直接在其他綜合收益中確認,並 在匯兑儲備中累計。

即期及遞延税項

税項費用包括即期和遞延所得税。除 了直接與權益相關的項目的税項於其 他全面收益或直接在權益中確認外, 其餘均在損益表中確認。就此而言,税 項亦分別於其他全面收益或直接於權 益確認。

即期所得税開支乃按本公司及其附屬 公司、聯營公司及共同控制實體經營及 產生應課税收入之司法權區於結算日 實行或大致已實行之税務法律計算。管 理層就需作詮釋適用税項法規下所作 税務申報定期評估,並按預期將支付 税務機關的款項基準計提適當撥備。

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 重要會計政策概要(續)

#### Current and deferred tax (Continued)

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill and deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred income tax liabilities are provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Company and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are recognised only to the extent that it is probable the temporary difference will reverse in the foreseeable future and there is sufficient taxable profit available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

#### 即期及遞延税項(續)

遞延所得税利用負債法就資產和負債 的税基與資產和負債在綜合財務報表 的税面值之差產生的暫時差異確認。 然而,倘若遞延税項負債乃因初次確 認商得税來自在交易(不包括企業合併) 中對資產或負債的初步確認,而又卻在 交易時不影響會計損益或應課税盈虧, 則不作確認。遞延稅項採用在結算 所得税資產實現或遞延所得税負 結算時預期將會適用之税率(及法例)而 釐定。

遞延所得税資產是就可能有未來應課 税盈利而就此可使用暫時差異而確認。

遞延所得税負債就附屬公司、聯營公司 及共同控制實體投資產生之暫時差異 而撥備,但假若本公司可以控制暫時差 異之撥回時間,而暫時差異在可預見 將來有可能不會撥回之情況則除外。

與該等投資相關之可抵扣暫時差異所 產生之遞延所得税資產僅於預計暫時 差異於可見將來可以撥回及有足夠應課 税盈利以使用暫時差異時確認。

遞延税項資產的賬面值於各報告期末 審閱,並在不可能有足夠應課税溢利以 收回全部或部分資產之金額時作調減。

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 3. 重要會計政策概要(續)

Current and deferred tax (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies IAS 12 "Income Taxes" requirements to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately. Temporary differences on initial recognition of the relevant right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are not recognised due to application of the initial recognition exemption. Temporary differences arising from subsequent revision to the carrying amounts of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, resulting from remeasurement of lease liabilities and lease modifications, that are not subject to initial recognition exemption are recognised on the date of remeasurement or modification.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss.

#### 即期及遞延税項(續)

遞延税項資產及負債乃根據於報告期 末已生效或實質上生效之税率(及税 法),按預期於負債獲清償或資產獲變 現期間適用之税率計量。

遞延税項負債及資產的計量反映本集 團預期於報告期末收回或結算其資產 及負債的賬面值將帶來的税務後果。

當有法定可執行權利可將本期税務資 產與本期税務負債抵銷,而遞延所得 税資產及負債涉及同一税務機關向應 課税實體或不同應課税實體徵收之所 得税,並有意按淨額結算餘款,則可將 遞延所得税資產與負債抵銷。

就税務扣減與租賃負債有關的租賃交 易而言,本集團就使用權資產及租賃負 債單獨應用國際會計準則第12號「所得 税」規定。相關使用權資產及租賃負領 初步確認的暫時差額乃由於應用初始 確認免而並未確認。因重新計量和 賃負債的賬面值進行後續修訂而 產生的不受初始確認豁免的暫時差額, 於重新計量或修訂日期確認。

即期及遞延税項於損益確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 3. 重要會計政策概要(續)

#### Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the combined statements of comprehensive income over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

#### **Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

### 借貸

借貸初步按公平值扣除所產生的交易 成本予以確認。借貸其後按攤銷成本 列賬;所得款項(扣除交易成本)與贖回 價值間的任何差額使用實際利息法於 借貸期間在合併全面收益表內確認。

在貸款很有可能部分或全部提取的情況下,就設立貸款融資支付的費用乃確 認為貸款的交易成本。在此情況下,該 費用將遞延至提取貸款發生時。在並 無跡象顯示該貸款很有可能部分或全 部提取的情況下,該費用撥充資本作為 流動資金服務的預付款,並於其相關 融資期間內予以攤銷。

除非本公司有無條件權利將債務結算 遞延至報告期末後至少12個月,否則借 貸將被劃分為流動負債。

#### 借款成本

對於需要長時間為擬定用途或出售作 準備的資產,由收購、建設或生產符 合規定的資產所直接產生的借款成本, 將計入該資產的成本,直到資產大體 上達到擬定用途或出售時為止。

特定借款於用作合格資產開支前的臨 時投資所得投資收入從合資格資本化 的借款成本中扣除。

所有其他借款成本會於產生期間於損 益賬確認。

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

**Retirement benefit costs** 

#### Pension obligations

#### (i) Hong Kong

The Group participates in a mandatory provident fund scheme (the "**MPF scheme**"), which is a defined contribution scheme, for its employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the MPF scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independent administered fund.

Both the Group and the employees are required to contribute 5% of the employee's relevant income, subject to a maximum of HK\$1,500 per employee per month. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expenses when they are due and prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund is available.

(ii) The PRC

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in the PRC are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme. Payments to defined contribution retirement plans are charged as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

## 3. 重要會計政策概要(續)

退休福利成本

退休金責任

(i) 香港

本集團為其於香港之僱員參與一 項界定供款計劃,強制性公積金 計劃(「**強積金計劃**」)。強積金計 劃之資產由獨立於本集團資產之 獨立管理基金持有。

本集團及僱員均須就僱員之有關 收入作出5%供款,每名僱員之每 月供款上限為1,500港元。本集團 於作出供款後並無任何其他付款 責任。供款於須繳付時確認為僱 員福利開支,而預付供款於可取 得現金退款時確認為資產。

(ii) 中國

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## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 3. 重要會計政策概要(續)

#### Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the combined statements of comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred. Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

- Vehicles: 5 years
- Machineries: 5 years
- Furniture: 5 years
- Equipment and computers: 3 years
- Leasehold improvements: 5 years to 8 years (shorter of remaining term of the lease and the estimated useful lives of assets)

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Construction in progress represents machinery and leasehold improvements under construction. It is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost includes the costs of construction and acquisition, and capitalised costs attributable to the construction during the period of construction. No provision for depreciation is made on construction in progress until such time as the relevant assets are completed and ready for intended use. When the assets concerned are available for use, the costs are transferred to property, plant and equipment and depreciated in accordance with the policy as stated in above.

#### 物業、廠房及設備

- 一 車輛:五年
- 一 機器:五年
- 一 傢具:五年
- 一 設備及電腦:三年
- 租賃改善裝修:五年至八年(資產 餘下租賃期及估計可使用年期的 較短者)

折舊被確認以使用直線法撇銷資產成 本減去其於估計可使用年期之殘值。 資產的剩餘價值及可使用年期在各報 告期末進行審核,並在適當時予以調 整。

在建工程指興建中的機器及租賃改善裝修。在建工程按成本減累計減值虧損(如有)入賬。成本包括建築及收購 成本,及於興建期間應佔工程之資本化 成本。在建工程於有關資產完成及可供 使用前不會作出折舊撥備。當有關資 產可投入使用時,成本將轉撥至物業、 廠房及設備,並且根據上文所載的政 策折舊。

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

The cost of property, plant and equipment also includes the estimated costs of dismantling and removing the asset and restoring the site on which it is located ("**decommissioning costs**").

Decommissioning costs such as dilapidation expenditure arose in connection with leasehold improvements are capitalised when the leases start and will be recognized in the combined statements of comprehensive income over the useful life of the asset (generally the expected lease term) as part of the depreciation charge. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

#### Intangible asset

#### Intangible asset acquired separately

Intangible asset with finite useful life that is acquired separately is carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation for intangible asset with finite useful life is provided on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

Intangible asset include computer software, and is measured at cost. Computer software is amortised on a straight-line basis over the period of 5 years.

## Impairment of tangible and intangible asset other than goodwill

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible asset with finite useful life to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

### 3. 重要會計政策概要(續)

物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備的成本包括拆卸及 搬遷資產與恢復資產所在地原貌的估 計成本(「**清拆費用**」)。

清拆費用如租賃改善裝修產生的失修 開支於租賃開始時被資本化,及將於 合併全面收入表就資產使用年期(一般 而言為預期租賃年期)獲確認作部分折 舊收費。資產的賬面值高於其估計可 收回金額,則其賬面值即時撇減至可 收回金額。

#### 無形資產

#### 獨立收購的無形資產

獨立收購並有明確可用年期的無形資 產按成本扣除累計攤銷及累計減值虧 損列賬。該等無形資產乃以直線法按 其估計可使用年期進行攤銷。估計可 使用年期及攤銷方法乃於本報告期末 檢討,任何估計變動的影響按預先計 提的基準入賬。

無形資產包括電腦軟件,並以成本計 量。電腦軟件以直線法按5年期間攤 銷。

有形資產及無形資產(商譽除外) 減值

在各個報告期期末,本集團檢討其具有 限可使用年期的有形和無形資產的賬 面值,以釐定是否有任何跡象顯示該 等資產已發生減值損失。倘存在任何 該等跡象,則會對資產的可收回金額作 出估計,以釐定減值虧損的程度(如 有)。

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## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Impairment of tangible and intangible asset other than goodwill *(Continued)* 

The recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, and intangible assets are estimated individually. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs.

In testing a cash-generating unit for impairment, corporate assets are allocated to the relevant cash-generating unit when a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be established, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be established. The recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units to which the corporate asset belongs, and is compared with the carrying amount of the relevant cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pretax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

### 3. 重要會計政策概要(續)

有形資產及無形資產(商譽除外) 減值(續)

物業、廠房及設備、使用權資產及有形 資產的可收回金額作個別估計。倘無 法估計一項資產的可收回金額,則本 集團會估計該資產所屬現金產生單位 的可收回金額。

在對現金產生單位進行減值測試時, 倘可成立合理及一致的分配基準,則 公司資產亦分配至個別現金產生單位, 或以可成立合理及一致的分配基準陷 其分配至最小組別的現金產生單位。 可收回金額按該項公司資產所屬的現 金產生單位或現金產生單位超別予以 釐定,並與相關現金產生單位或現金 產生單位組別的賬面值進行比較。

可收回金額為減除銷售成本後的公平 值與使用價值的較高者。於評估使用 價值時,估計未來現金流量乃使用除 税前折現率折減至其現值,以反映現 時市場對貨幣時間值的評估及該資產 (其估計未來現金流量尚未予以調整)特 有的風險。

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Impairment of tangible and intangible asset other than goodwill *(Continued)* 

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or the cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. For corporate assets or portion of corporate assets which cannot be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis to a cash-generating unit, the Group compares the carrying amount of a group of cash-generating units, including the carrying amounts of the corporate assets or portion of corporate assets allocated to that group of cash-generating units, with the recoverable amount of the group of cash-generating units. In allocating the impairment loss, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill (if applicable) and then to the other assets on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit or the group of cash-generating units. The carrying amount of an asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), its value in use (if determinable) and zero. The amount of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated pro rata to the other assets of the unit or the group of cash-generating units. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverse, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

## 3. 重要會計政策概要(續)

有形資產及無形資產(商譽除外) 減值(續)

倘一項資產(或現金產生單位)的可收回 數額估計為少於其賬面值,該項資產 (或現金產生單位)的賬面值削減至其 可收回數額。對未能按合理及統一的 分配標準分配至現金產生單位的公司 資產或部分公司資產而言,本集團會比 較現金產生單位組別的賬面值(包括分 配至該等現金產生單位組別的公司資 產或部分公司資產的賬面值)與該等現 金產生單位組別的可收回金額。於分 配減值虧損時,首先分配減值虧損以 減少任何商譽的賬面值(如適用),然後 按比例根據該單位或現金產生單位組 別各資產的賬面值分配至其他資產。 該資產賬面值不得減少至低於其公平 值減出售成本(如可計量)、其使用價值 (如可釐定)及零之中的最高值。已另行 分配至資產的減值虧損金額按比例分 配至該單位或現金產生單位組別其他 資產。減值虧損即時於損益內確認。

當減值虧損其後撥回時,該項資產(或 現金產生單位)的賬面值增至其可收回 數額的經修訂估計數額,但所增加的 賬面值不得超過該項資產(或現金產生 單位)於以往年度原未確認減值虧損所 釐定的賬面值。一項減值虧損撥回即 時於損益內確認。

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#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 重要會計政策概要(續) 3. **POLICIES** (Continued)

#### Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the weighted average method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Costs necessary to make the sale include incremental costs directly attributable to the sale and non-incremental costs which the Group must incur to make the sale

#### **Related parties transactions**

A party is considered to be related to the Company if:

- A person or a close member of that person's family is (a)related to the Group if that person:
  - has control or joint control over the Company; (i)
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Company; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Company or of a parent of the Company.
- An entity is related to the Group if any of the following (b) conditions applies:
  - the entity and the Company are members of the (i) same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiaries is related to the others);
  - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group which the other entity is a member);
  - (iii) both entities are joint ventures of the same third party;

#### 存貨

存貨按成本及可變現淨值中較低者列 賬,而成本乃按加權平均法計算。可變 現淨值指存貨的估計售價減去所有估 計完成成本和進行銷售所需的成本。 進行銷售所需的成本包括與銷售直接 相關的增量成本和本集團為進行銷售 必須產生的非增量成本。

#### 關連方交易

在下列情況下,有關人士被視為本公司 之關連方:

- 該人士或該人士之近親被視為本 (a) 集團之關連方,倘該人士:
  - 控制或共同控制本公司; (i)
  - (ii) 對本公司有重大影響;或
  - (iii) 為本公司或本公司母公司的 主要管理層成員。
- 該實體被視為本集團之關連方, (b) 倘符合下列任何條件:
  - 該實體與本公司屬同一集團 (i) 之成員公司(代表母公司、 附屬公司及同系附屬公司各 自互相關連);
  - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體的聯營 公司或合營企業(或為一集 團之聯營公司或合營公司, 而另一實體為該集團之成 員);
  - (iii) 兩個實體均為同一第三方的 合營企業;

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Related parties transactions (Continued)

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies: *(Continued)* 
  - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
  - (v) he entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Company. If the Company is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employees are also related to the Company;
  - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in note (a);
  - a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); or
  - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

Close family members of an individual are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influence by, that person in their dealing with the entity.

A transaction is considered to be a related party transaction when there is a transfer of resources, or obligations between the Company and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged.

## 3. 重要會計政策概要(續)

關連方交易(續)

- (b) 該實體被視為本集團之關連方, 倘符合下列任何條件:(續)
  - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體的合營企業,而另一實體為該第三方實體的聯營公司;
  - (v) 該實體為本集團或與本公司 有關連之實體就僱員利益設 立的離職福利計劃。如本公 司本身為此類計劃,受惠僱 員亦屬與本公司有關連;
  - (vi) 該實體被附註(a)內所指一名 人士控制或共同控制;
  - (vii) (a)(i)中的一名人士對該實體 有重大影響或為該實體的主 要管理層成員(或為該實體 母公司的);或
  - (viii) 該實體或某集團之任何成員 公司為本集團或本集團之母 公司提供主要管理人員服 務。

某一人士之密切家族成員指預期 可影響該人士與實體進行買賣或 於買賣時受該人士影響的有關家 族成員。

倘本公司與關連人士之間存在資 源或責任轉讓,不論有否收費, 均會被視為關連人士交易。

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#### 3. 重要會計政策概要(續) 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (Continued)

**Financial instruments** 

#### Financial assets

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"):

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), except that at the date of initial application/initial recognition of a financial asset the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income if that equity investment is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which IFRS 3 Business Combinations applies.

金融工具

#### 金融資產

余融資產的分類及期後計量

滿足以下條件其後按攤銷成本計量的 金融資產:

- 同時以收取合約現金流量及銷售 為目的而持有資產之經營模式下 持有之 金融 資產;及
- 合約條款於指定日期產生之現金 • 流量純粹為支付本金及未償還本 金之利息。

滿足以下條件其後按以公平值計入其他 全面收益(「按公平值計入其他全面收 益」)計量的金融資產:

- 以出售及收取合約現金流量為目 的而持有資產之經營模式下持有
- 合約條款於指定日期產生之現金 流量純粹為支付本金及未償還本 金之利息。

所有其他金融資產其後按公平值計入 損益(「**按公平值計入損益**」)計量,惟在 首次應用/初始確認金融資產之日,倘 該股本投資並非持作買賣,亦非收購 方在國際財務報告準則第3號業務合併 所適用的業務合併中確認的或然代價, 本集團可不可撤銷地選擇於其他綜合 收益呈列股本投資公平值的其後變動。

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 重要會計政策概要(續) POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

### Financial assets (Continued)

*Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (Continued)* 

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profittaking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

In addition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that are required to be measured at the amortised cost or FVTOCI as measured at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significant reduces an accounting mismatch.

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產的分類及期後計量(續)

倘符合下列條件,則金融資產乃分類 為持作買賣:

- 其乃主要獲收購以於短期內出售;
   或
- 於初步確認時,其為本集團共同 管理之可識別金融工具組合的一 部分,並具有短期套利的近期實 際模式;或
- 其屬並非指定及作為對沖工具生 效的衍生工具。

此外,倘如此可消除或大幅減少會計 錯配,則本集團可不可撤銷地指定符 合按攤銷成本或按公平值計入其他全 面收益計量的金融資產。

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#### 3. 重要會計政策概要(續) 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (Continued)

#### Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost and debt instruments/receivables subsequently measured at FVTOCI. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired (see below). For financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer credit impaired.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Group performs impairment assessment under expected credit loss ("ECL") model on financial assets (including trade and other receivables, and bank balances and cash) which are subject to impairment under IFRS 9. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產的分類及期後計量(續)

#### 攤銷成本及利息收入

其後按攤銷成本計量的金融資產及其 後按公平值計入其他全面收益計量的 債務工具/應收款項乃使用實際利息 法予以確認。利息收入乃對一項金融 資產賬面總值應用實際利率予以計算, 惟其後出現信貸減值的金融資產除外 (見下文)。就其後出現信貸減值的金融 資產而言,自下一報告期起,利息收入 乃對金融資產攤銷成本應用實際利率 予以確認。倘信貸減值金融工具的信 貸風險好轉,使金融資產不再出現信 貸減值,於釐定資產不再出現信貸減 值後,自報告期開始起利息收入乃對 金融資產賬面總值應用實際利率予以 確認。

#### 金融資產減值

本集團根據國際財務報告準則第9號對 須作出減值的金融資產(包括貿易及其 他應收款項與銀行結餘及現金)按照預 期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)模式進 行減值評估。預期信貸虧損的金額於 各報告日期更新,以反映自初始確認後 信貸風險的變化。

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

#### Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12m ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessment are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables. The ECL on these assets are assessed individually for debtors with significant balances and/or collectively using a provision matrix with appropriate groupings.

For all other instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognized is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

### 3. 重要會計政策概要(續)

金融工具*(續)* 

金融資產(續)

#### 金融資產減值(續)

存續期預期信貸虧損指將相關工具的 預期使用期內所有可能的違約事件產 生之預期信貸虧損。相反,12個月預 期信貸虧損將預期於報告日期後12個 月內可能發生的違約事件導致之存 期預期信貸虧損部分。評估乃根據 集 債務人特有的因素、一般經濟狀況 以及對報告日期當前狀況的評估以及 對未來狀況的預測作出調整。

本集團始終就貿易應收款項確認存續 期預期信貸虧損。預期信貸虧損將對 擁有重大結餘的上述債務人單獨進行 評估及/或使用適宜組別的撥備矩陣 進行集體評估。

對於所有其他工具,本集團計量的虧損 準備等於12個月預期信貸虧損,除非自 初始確認後信貸風險顯著增加,本集 團確認存續期預期信貸虧損。是否應 確認存續期預期信貸虧損的評估乃基 於自初始確認以來發生違約之可能性 或風險的顯著增加。

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# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 重要會計政策概要(續) POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(1) Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instruments at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instruments at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instruments' external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and

金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

(1) 信貸風險顯著增加

於評估自初始確認後信貸風險是 否顯著增加時,本集團將於報告 日期金融工具發生之違約風險告 初始確認日起金融工具發生之之 約風險進行比較。在進行該支 時,本集團會考慮合理且五 的定量和定性資料,包括無需付 出不必要的成本或努力而可得之 歷史經驗及前瞻性資料。

特別是,在評估信貸風險是否顯 著增加時,會考慮以下資料:

- 金融工具的外部(如有)或內 部信用評級的實際或預期顯 著惡化;
- 外部市場信貸風險指標的 顯著惡化,如信貸利差大幅 增加;
- 預計會導致債務人償還債務 能力大幅下降的業務、財務 或經濟狀況的現有或預測 的不利變化;
- 債務人經營業績的實際或預 期顯著惡化;及

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

- (1) Significant increase in credit risk *(Continued)* 
  - an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

Despite the aforegoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a debt instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk if (i) it has a low risk of default, (ii) the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term and (iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations. The Group considers a debt instrument to have low credit risk when it has an internal or external credit rating of "investment grade" as per globally understood definitions.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

## 3. 重要會計政策概要(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

- (1) 信貸風險顯著增加(續)
  - 導致債務人履行其債務責任
     的能力大幅下降的債務人監
     管、經濟或技術環境的實際
     或預期重大不利變動。

不論上述評估之結果如何,本集 團認為,當合約付款逾期超過三 十天,則自初始確認以來信貸風 險已顯著增加,除非本集團有合 理且可支持之資料證明。

本集團定期監控用以識別信貸風 險有否顯著增加的標準之效益, 且修訂標準(如適當)來確保標準 能在金額逾期前識別信貸風險顯 著增加。

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# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 重要會計政策概要(續) POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(2) Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than one month past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

(3) Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events of default that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is creditimpaired includes observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;

金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

(2) 違約定義

就內部信貸風險管理而言,本集 團認為,違約事件在內部制訂或 得自外界來源的資料顯示債務人 不大可能悉數向債權人(包括本集 團)還款(未計及本集團所持任何 抵押品)時發生。

不論上文為何,本集團都認為, 已於金融資產逾期超過一個月後 發生違約,惟本集團有合理及具 理據資料來顯示更加滯後的違約 標準更為恰當。

(3) 信貸減值金融資產

金融資產在一項或以上違約事件 (對該金融資產估計未來現金流 量構成不利影響)發生時維持信 貸減值。金融資產維持信貸減值 的證據包括有關下列事件的可觀 察數據:

- 發行人或借款人的重大財
   困;
- 違反合約(如違約或逾期事 件);
- 借款人的貸款人因有關借款 人財困的經濟或合約理由而 向借款人批出貸款人不會另 行考慮的優惠;

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

- (3) Credit-impaired financial assets (Continued)
  - it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
  - the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

#### (4) Write-off policy

The Group writes-off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade receivables, when the amounts are over one year past due, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written-off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss.

(5) Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights.

# 3. 重要會計政策概要*(續)*

金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

- (3) 信貸減值金融資產(續)
  - 借款人將可能陷入破產或其
     他財務重組;或
  - 因財政困難令金融資產活躍 市場消失。
- (4) 撇銷政策
  - 資料顯示對手方處於嚴重財困及 無實際收回可能時(例如對手方被 清盤或已進入破產程序時)或倘為 金額已逾期超過一年的貿易應收 款項(以較早者為準),本集團則 撇銷金融資產。經考慮法律意見 後(倘合適),遭撇銷的金融資產 可能仍須按本集團收回程序進行 強制執行活動。撇銷構成取消確 認事項。任何其後收回在損益中 確認。
- (5) 預期信貸虧損之計量及確認

預期信貸虧損之計量為違約概 率、違約虧損(即違約時虧損大小) 及違約時風險敞口之函數。違約 概率及違約虧損之評估乃基於歷 史數據按前瞻性資料作調整。預 期信貸虧損的預估乃無偏概率加 權平均金額,以各自發生違約的 風險為權重確定。

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# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 重要會計政策概要(續) **POLICIES** (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(5) Measurement and recognition of ECL *(Continued)* 

Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

Where ECL is measured on a collective basis or cater for cases where evidence at the individual instrument level may not yet be available, the financial instruments are grouped into past-due status and nature, size and industry of debtors.

The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure the constituents of each group continue to share similar credit risk characteristics.

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount, with the exception of trade and other receivables where the corresponding adjustment is recognised through a loss allowance account.

金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

(5) 預期信貸虧損之計量及確認 (續)

> 一般而言,預期信貸虧損為根據 合約應付本集團之所有合約現金 流量與本集團預期收取之所有現 金流量之間的差額(按初始確認 時釐定之有效利率貼現)。

> 倘預期信貸虧損按集體基準計量 或迎合個別工具水平證據未必存 在的情況,則金融工具按債務人 逾期情況及性質、規模及行業分 類。

> 歸類工作經管理層定期檢討,以 確保各組別成份繼續分擔類似信 貸風險特性。

> 利息收入乃按金融資產的賬面總 值計量,惟出現信貸減值的金融 資產則按金融資產的攤銷成本計 量利息收入。

> 本集團透過調整賬面值,在損益 確認所有金融工具的減值收益或 虧損,惟貿易及其他應收款項的 相應調整透過虧損撥備賬確認除 外。

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 重要會 POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

#### Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

#### Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

#### Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities including borrowings, convertible bonds, trade payables, other payables and accruals and lease liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

#### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis and is included in finance costs.

### 3. 重要會計政策概要(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及權益工具

分類為債項或權益

由一集團實體發行的債項及權益工具 乃根據已訂立的合約安排內容以及金 融負債及權益工具的定義分類為金融 負債或權益。

#### 權益工具

股本權益工具為證明於本集團資產經 扣除其所有負債後所剩餘權益之任何 合約。本公司發行的權益工具以已收所 得款項減直接發行成本列賬。

金融負債

所有金融負債其後以實際利率法按攤 銷成本計量。

#### 按攤銷成本計量之金融負債

金融負債(包括借款、可換股債券、貿 易應付款項、其他應付款項及應計費 用及租賃負債)其後以實際利率法按攤 銷成本計量。

#### 實際利率法

實際利率法乃計算金融負債的攤銷成 本及按有關期間攤分利息開支的方法。 實際利率乃按金融負債預計可使用年期 (或按較短期間(倘適用))準確折讓估計 未來現金收入的比率計入初步確認的 賬面淨值。

利息開支按實際利率基準確認並計入 財務費用。

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 3. 重要會計政策概要(續)

Financial instruments (Continued)

*Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)* 

#### Convertible bonds

The component parts of compound instruments (convertible notes) issued by the Company are classified separately as financial liabilities and equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. Conversion option that will be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instrument is an equity instrument.

At the date of issue, the fair value of the liability component is estimated using the prevailing market interest rate for similar non-convertible instruments. This amount is recorded as a liability on an amortised cost basis using the effective interest method until extinguished upon conversion or at the instrument's maturity date.

The conversion option as equity is determined by deducting the amount of the liability component from the fair value of the compound instrument as a whole. This is recognized and included in equity, net of income tax effects, and is not subsequently remeasured. In addition, the conversion option classified as equity will remain in equity until conversion option is exercised, in with case, the balance recognized in equity will be transferred to share premium. When the conversion option remains unexercised at the maturity date of the convertible notes, the balance recognized in equity will be transferred to retained profits. No gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss upon conversion or expiration of the conversion option. 金融工具*(續)* 

金融負債及權益工具(續)

#### 可換股債券

根據合約安排內容以及金融負債與權 益工具的定義,本公司發行的複合工具 (可換股票據)的構成要件單獨分類為 金融負債及權益。將以就本公司本身固 定數目權益工具交換固定數額現金或 其他金融資產方式結算的兑換選擇權 為權益工具。

於發行日期,負債部分的公平值採用類 似不可轉換工具的現行市場利率估計。 該數額採用實際利息法按已攤餘成本 入賬為負債,直至因兑換而償清或工具 到期日為止。

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. 重要 POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

*Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)* 

#### Convertible bonds (Continued)

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible notes are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the gross proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the equity component are recognised directly in equity. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability component and are amortised over the lives of the convertible notes using the effective interest method.

#### Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

### 3. 重要會計政策概要(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及權益工具(續)

#### 可換股債券(續)

發行可換股票據有關的交易費用按負 債及權益部分在所得款項總額的比例, 相應分配至負債及權益部分。與權益 部分有關的交易費用直接於權益確認。 與負債部分有關的交易費用計入負債部 分的賬面值,並使用實際利息法於可 換股票據的年期內攤銷。

#### 終止確認

本集團僅於從資產收取現金流量的合約權利屆滿時,或向另一實體轉讓金 融資產及該資產所有權的絕大部分風險及回報時終止確認金融資產。

於終止確認以攤銷成本計量的金融資 產時,資產賬面值與已收及應收代價 總和的差額於損益中確認。

本集團於且僅於本集團的責任解除、取 消或屆滿時終止確認金融負債。終止 確認的金融負債的賬面值與已付及應 付的代價之間的差額會在損益中確認。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents presented on the consolidated statement of financial position include:

- (a) cash, which comprises of cash on hand and demand deposits, excluding bank balances that are subject to regulatory restrictions that result in such balances no longer meeting the definition of cash; and
- (b) cash equivalents, which comprises of short-term (generally with original maturity of three months or less), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and restricted deposits arising from pre-sale of properties that are held for meeting short-term cash commitments. Cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

For the purposes of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management. Such overdrafts are presented as short-term borrowings in the consolidated statement of financial position.

#### 3. 重要會計政策概要(續)

現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物於合併財務狀況表 呈列,包括:

- (a) 現金,其包括手頭現金及活期存款,不包括受監管限制而導致有關結餘不再符合現金定義的銀行結餘;及
- (b) 現金等價物,其包括短期(通常原 到期日為三個月或更短)、可隨時 轉換為已知數額現金且價值變動 風險不大的高流動性投資以及為 滿足短期現金承擔而持有的預售 物業所產生的限制性存款。現金 等價物持作滿足短期現金承擔, 而非用於投資或其他目的。

就合併現金流量表而言,現金及現金等 價物包括上文定義的現金及現金等價 物(未計須按要求償還之未償還銀行透 支),並組成本集團現金管理方面不可 或缺的一部分。有關透支於合併財務 狀況表中呈列為短期借款。

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 3. 重要會計政策概要(續)

#### **Employee benefits**

#### (i) Pension Obligations

The entities within the Group registered in the PRC make employee benefit contributions based on certain percentage of the salaries of the employees to a defined contribution retirement benefit plan organized by relevant government authorities in the PRC on a monthly basis. The government authorities undertake to assume the retirement benefit obligations payable to the existing and future retired employees under these plans and the Group has no further obligation for postretirement benefits beyond the contributions made. Contributions to these plans are expensed as incurred. Assets of the plans are held and managed by government authorities and are separate from those of the Group.

#### (ii) Housing Funds, Medical Insurances and Other Social Insurances

Employees of the Group in the PRC are entitled to participate in various government supervised housing funds, medical insurances and other employee social insurances plans. The Group contributes on a monthly basis to these funds based on certain percentages of the salaries of the employees, subject to certain ceiling. The Group has no further payment obligation once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due.

#### (iii) Employee Leave Entitlements

Employees entitlement to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period. Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave is not recognised until the time of leave.

#### 僱員福利

- (i) 退休金責任
  - 本集團旗下於中國註冊的實體按 僱員薪資的特定比例,每月向中 國相關政府機關組織的定額供款 退休福利計劃繳納僱員福利供 款。政府機關承諾承擔根據該利 計劃應付現有及日後退休僱員的 退休福利責任。除上述供款外, 本集團並無其他責任支付退休後 福利。該等計劃的供款於產生時 支銷。該等計劃的資產由政府機 關持有及管理,獨立於本集團的 資產。
- (ii) 住房基金、醫療保險及其他社 會保險

本集團中國僱員有權參與多項政 府監管的住房公積金、醫療保險 及其他僱員社會保險計劃。本集 團每月根據員工工資的特定百分 比向該等基金供款(設有若干上 限)。本集團於供款後再無其他付 款責任。該等供款於到期時確認 為僱員福利支出。

(iii) 僱員休假

僱員年假於對僱員累計時確認。 就截至報告期末止僱員已提供服 務所產生的年假計提估計負債撥 備。僱員病假及產假於休假前不 予確認。

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# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 重要會計政策概要(續)

#### Share options granted to directors and employees

Equity-settled share-based payments to directors and employees and other providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date. Details regarding the determination of the fair value of equity settled share-based transactions are set out in Note 30 to the Group's consolidation financial statements.

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equitysettled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity (share option reserve). For share options that vest immediately at the date of grant, the fair value of the share options granted is expensed immediately to profit or loss. At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognized in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the equity-settled employee benefits reserve.

When share options are exercised, the amount previously recognized in share options reserve will be transferred to share capital. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognized in share options reserve will continue to be held in share options reserve will be transferred to accumulated profit.

When shares granted are vested, the amount previously recognised in share-based payments reserve will be transferred to share premium.

#### 授予董事及僱員的購股權

向董事及僱員以及提供類似服務之其他人士授出的以權益結算以股份為基礎的付款,乃按於授出日期權益工具的公平值計量。有關釐定以權益結算以股份為基礎交易的公平值之詳情,載於本集團綜合財務報表附註30。

以權益結算以股份為基礎的付款於授 出日期釐定的公平值,乃依據本集團對 最終將會歸屬的權益工具作出的估計, 按直線法於歸屬期內支銷,而權益(購 股權儲備)亦會相應增加。就於授出日 期即時歸屬的購股權而言,所授出購股 權的公平值即時於損益支銷。於各報 告期末,本集團修訂其預期歸屬的權證 (如有)於損益中確認,從而使累計開支 反映經修訂估計,而以權益結算的僱 員福利儲備亦會作出相應調整。

當購股權獲行使時,過往於購股權儲 備確認的金額將轉撥至股本。倘購股 權於歸屬日期後遭沒收或於屆滿日期 仍未行使,過往於購股權儲備確認之 金額將繼續以購股權儲備持有,並轉 撥至保留盈利。

當授出的購股權歸屬時,過往於以股 份為基礎的付款儲備確認的金額將轉 撥至股份溢價。

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

#### **Dividend distribution**

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or directors, where appropriate.

#### **Government grant**

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants whose primary condition is that the Group should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets are recognised as deferred revenue in the consolidated statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

Government grants related to income that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable. Such grants are presented under "other income, other gains and losses, net".

#### 3. 重要會計政策概要(續)

#### 撥備

當本集團因過往事件須承擔現有的法 律或推定責任,而在解除責任時可能 需流出資源,則會確認撥備。確認為 撥備的金額乃經考慮有關責任的風險 及不確定性,於報告期末對清償現時 責任所需代價的最佳估算。當撥備使 用估計清償現時責任的現金流量計 時,其賬面值為該等現金流量的現值 (倘貨幣時間價值的影響屬重大)。

#### 股息分派

向本公司股東所作的股息分派於本公司 股東或董事(視情況而定)批准股息的 期間在本公司的財務報表內確認為負 債。

政府補助

在合理地保證本集團會遵守政府補助 的附帶條件以及將會得到補助後,政 府補助方會予以確認。

政府補助乃就本集團確認的有關支出 (預期補助可予抵銷成本的支出)期間 按系統化的基準於損益中確認。具體 而言,以要求本集團購買、建造或另行 收購非流動資產為主要條件的政府補 助乃於綜合財務狀況表確認為遞延收 益,並於相關資產的可用年期內基於系 統合理基準轉撥至損益中。

與收入有關的政府補助是抵銷已產生 的支出或虧損或旨在給予本集團的即 時財務支援(而無未來有關成本),於有 關補助成為應收款項的期間在損益中 確認。該等補助於「其他收入、其他收 益及虧損淨額」項下呈列。

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## 4. KEY SOURCE OF ESTIMATION

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

(a) Impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

Property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets are stated at costs less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. In determining whether an asset is impaired, the Group has to exercise judgement and make estimation, particularly in assessing: (1) whether an event has occurred or any indicators that may affect the asset value; (2) whether the carrying value of an asset can be supported by the recoverable amount, in the case of value in use, the net present value of future cash flows which are estimated based upon the continued use of the asset; and (3) the appropriate key assumptions to be applied in estimating the recoverable amounts including cash flow projections and an appropriate discount rate. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset (including right-of-use assets), the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the assets belongs, including allocation of corporate assets when a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be established, otherwise recoverable amount is determined at the smallest group of cash generating units, for which the relevant corporate assets have been allocated. Changing the assumptions and estimates, including the discount rates or the growth rate in the cash flow projections, could materially affect the recoverable amounts.

## 4. 估計的主要來源

本集團就未來作出多項估計及假設。按 其定義,就此產生的會計估計甚少相 等於相關實際結果。很有可能導致下 一個財政年度的資產及負債賬面值產 生重大調整的主要風險的估計及假設 於下文概述。

(a) 物業、廠房及設備及使用權資 產減值

> 物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資 產按成本減累計折舊及減值(如 有)列賬。於釐定資產是否減值 時,本集團須作出判斷及估計, 尤其需要評估:(1)是否發生可能 影響資產價值的事件或任何跡象; (2)資產賬面值是否能夠以可收回 金額(如為使用價值)支持,即按 照持續使用資產估計的未來現金 流量的淨現值;及(3)將應用於估 計可收回金額的適當關鍵假設(包 括現金流量預測及適當的貼現 率)。當無法估計個別資產(包括 使用權資產)的可收回金額時,本 集團估計資產所屬現金產生單位 的可收回金額,包括在能夠確定 合理及一致的分配基準的情況下 的公司資產分配,否則,可收回 金額按已分配相關公司資產的現 金產生單位的最小組別釐定。更 改有關假設及估計(包括現金流預 測中的貼現率或增長率),可對可 收回金額產生重大影響。

### 4. KEY SOURCE OF ESTIMATION (Continued)

(a) Impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets *(continued)* 

As at 31 December 2022, the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets, subject to impairment assessment were approximately RMB398,000 (2021: RMB2,898,000) and RMB11,819,000 (2021: RMB13,874,000) respectively, after taking into account the impairment losses of approximately RMB761,000 (2021: RMB11,358,000) and RMB9,178,000 (2021: RMB7,660,000) in respect of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets that have been recognised respectively. Details of the impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets are disclosed in Notes 16 and 17 respectively.

# (b) Determination on discount rates of lease contracts

The Group applies incremental borrowing rates as the discount rates of lease liabilities, which require financing spread adjustments and lease specific adjustments based on the relevant market rates. The assessments of the adjustments in determining the discount rates involved management's judgement, which may significantly affect the amount of lease liabilities and right-of-use assets.

## 4. 估計的主要來源(續)

(a) 物業、廠房及設備及使用權資 產減值(續)

> 於二零二二年十二月三十一日, 經計及物業、廠房及設備及使用 權資產分別確認的減值虧損約 人民幣398,000元(二零二一年: 人民幣2,898,000元)及人民幣 11,819,000元(二零二一年:人民 幣13,874,000元)後,須進行減值 評估的物業、廠房及設備及使用 權資產的賬面值分別約為人民幣 761,000元(二零二一年:人民幣 11,358,000元)及人民幣9,178,000 元(二零二一年:人民幣7,660,000 元)。物業、廠房及設備及使用權 資產的減值詳情分別於附註16及 17披露。

(b) 釐定租賃合約的折讓率

本集團將增量借貸率作為租賃負 債的折讓率使用,須根據相關市 場比率作出融資利差調整及租賃 特定調整。釐定折讓率的調整評 估涉及管理層判斷,或會大幅影 響租賃負債及使用權資產金額。

综合財務報表附註

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# 5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY 5. 按種類劃分的金融工具

|  |  | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Financial assets at amortised cost:<br>— Trade receivables<br>— Other receivables and deposits<br>(excluding rental and utilities<br>prepayments and value added           | 按攤銷成本入賬金融資產:<br>— 貿易應收款項<br>— 其他應收款項及按金<br>(不包括租金及水電<br>預付款項及增值税進    | 1,955                             | 2,883                             |
| tax inputs)<br>— Cash and cash equivalents   | 項税)<br>一現金及現金等價物   | 5,976<br>1.701                    | 9,136<br>2,196                    |
| Cash and Cash equivalents  | 孔並及孔並守頂120   | 1,701                             | 2,150                             |
|  |  | 9,632                             | 14,215                            |
| Financial liabilities at amortised cost:<br>— Trade payables<br>— Other payables and accruals<br>(excluding staff costs and welfare<br>accruals and other tax liabilities) | 按攤銷成本入賬之金融負債:<br>— 貿易應付款項<br>— 其他應付款項及應計款項<br>(不包括應計員工成本<br>及福利及其他税項 | 24,603                            | 29,551                            |
|  | 負債)  | 69,843                            | 61,444                            |
| <ul> <li>Convertible bonds</li> <li>Lease liabilities</li> </ul>   | — 可換股債券<br>— 租賃負債  | 3,780<br>28 <i>.</i> 997          | 3,178<br>29,953                   |
| - Borrowings   | 一 借貸   | 5,000                             | 4,800                             |
| -  |  |                                   |                                   |
|  |  | 132,223                           | 128,926                           |

# 5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY 5. 按種類劃分的金融工具(續) (Continued)

Except as detailed in the following table, the Directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognised in the consolidated financial statements are approximate to their fair values:

除下表所詳述者外,本董事認為綜合財 務報表中已確認金融資產及金融負債 之賬面值均與其公平值相若:

|                            | <b>2022</b><br>二零二二年 |            | 202<br>二零二        |            |  |
|----------------------------|----------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|--|
|                            | Carrying             |            | — ≉ —<br>Carrying | +          |  |
|                            | Amount               | Fair Value | Amount            | Fair Value |  |
|                            | 賬面值                  | 公平值        | 賬面值               | 公平值        |  |
|                            | RMB'000              | RMB'000    | RMB'000           | RMB'000    |  |
|                            | 人民幣千元                | 人民幣千元      | 人民幣千元             | 人民幣千元      |  |
| Financial liabilities 金融負債 |                      |            |                   |            |  |
| Convertible bonds 可換股債券    | 3,780                | 3,660      | 3,178             | 3,026      |  |

There were no transfer between Level 1 and 2 in both years. When a determination is made to classify an asset or liability within Level 3, the determination is based upon the significance of the unobservable inputs to the overall fair value measurement.

在兩個年度,第一級與第二級並無轉換。在第三級內釐定歸納資產或負債時,決定乃依據不可觀察數據對整體 公平值計量的重要程度而作出。

| Financial liabilities<br>金融負債 | Valuation<br>techniques<br>估值方法 | Unobservable<br>inputs<br>不可觀察輸入數據 | <b>2022</b><br>二零二二年 | 2021<br>二零二一年 |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| Convertible bonds<br>可換股債券    | Binomial model<br>二項模式          | Discount rate<br>貼現率               | 15.83%               | 12.34%        |

As at 31 December 2022, the discount rate used to compute the fair value is 15.83% (2021: 12.34%). The higher the discount rate, the lower the fair value.

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,計算公 平值所用的貼現率為15.83%(二零二一 年:12.34%)。貼現率愈高,公平值愈 低。

#### For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### 6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### (a) Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The Group currently does not use any derivative financial instruments to hedge certain risk exposures during the years.

(i) Market risk

#### Interest rate risk

The Group considers that there is no significant cash flow interest rate risk and fair value interest rate risk as the Group does not have variable rate borrowings. The Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. The Group currently does not have any interest rate hedging policy. However, the management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

# 6. 財務風險管理

(a) 財務風險因素

本集團的業務面臨多項財務風險: 市場風險(包括利率風險)、信貸 風險及流動資金風險。本集團的 整體風險管理計劃專注於金融市 場的不可預測性,並尋求盡量降 低對本集團財務表現可能構成的 不利影響。於年內,本集團現時 並無使用任何衍生金融工具以對 沖若干面對之風險。

(i) 市場風險

利率風險

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) 6. 財務風險管理(續) 6.

- (a) Financial risk factors (Continued)
  - (ii) Credit risk

The credit risk of the Group mainly arises from cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, deposit and other receivables. The carrying amounts of these balances represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets.

The credit quality of trade receivables, deposit and other receivables have been assessed by reference to historical information about the counterparty default rates. The existing counterparties do not have defaults in the past. The Group is exposed to credit risk in relation to its trade and other receivables and cash deposits at banks. The carrying amounts of trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets.

The Group expects that there is no significant credit risk associated with cash deposits at banks since they are substantially deposited at stateowned banks and other medium or large-sized listed banks. Management does not expect that there will be any significant losses from nonperformance by these counterparties.

The Group has large number of customers and there was no concentration of credit risk. No single customer accounted for more than 1% of the Group's total revenues during the year. The Group has monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverability of these receivables at the end of each reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts.

- (a) 財務風險因素(續)
  - (ii) 信貸風險

本集團信貸風險主要來自現 金及現金等價物、貿易應收 款項、按金以及其他應收款 項。該等結餘的賬面值為本 集團所面臨有關金融資產的 最大程度信貸風險。

貿易應收款項、按金及其他 應收款項的信貸額度是參 考對手方拖欠還款率過往資 料而作出評估。現有對手方 過往並無拖欠還款。本集團 因其貿易及其他應收款項及 銀行現金存款承受信貸風 險。貿易及其他應收款項與 現金及現金等價物的賬面值 為本集團有關金融資產的最 大信貸風險。

本集團預期並無與銀行現金 存款相關的重大信貸風險, 因其主要存款於國營銀行及 其他中大型上市銀行。管理 層預期不會就該等對手方的 不履約而產生任何重大虧 損。

本集團的客戶數量眾多,並 無信貸風險集中情況。年 内, 並無單一客戶佔本集團 總收入超過1%。本集團已 監控有關程序,確保採取跟 進措施以收回逾期債務。此 外,本集團於各報告期末審 閱該等應收款項的可收回情 況,確保已就不可收回金額 計提足夠的減值虧損。

## 6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) 6. 財務風險管理(續)

(a) Financial risk factors (Continued)

(a) 財務風險因素(續)

(ii) Credit risk (Continued)

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide for expected credit losses prescribed by IFRS 9, which permits the use of the lifetime expected credit loss provision for all trade receivables. To measure the expected credit losses trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics. The Group has performed historical analysis and identified the key economic variables impacting credit risk and expected credit loss. It considers available reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information.

At 31 December 2022 and 2021, trade receivables that are individually significant have been separately assessed for impairment. The Group makes periodic assessments on the recoverability of the receivables based on the background and reputation of the customers, historical settlement records and past experience. Credit sales are made to selected customers with good credit history. The Group has policies in place to ensure that outstanding trade receivables are collected on a timely basis. (ii) 信貸風險(續)

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) 6. 財務風險管理(續) 6.

- (a) Financial risk factors (Continued)
  - (ii) Credit risk (Continued)

The following table provides information about the exposure to credit risk for trade receivables which are assessed on a collective basis by using provision matrix as follow:

- (a) 財務風險因素(*續*)
  - (ii) 信貸風險(續)

下表提供通過使用準備矩 陣進行集體評估的貿易應收 款項信貸風險的資料,具體 如下:

|                        |                   |  |   | Past   | due  |  |  |
|------------------------|-------------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
|                        |                   | <b>Current</b><br>逾期即期<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | <b>31-60 days</b><br><b>31至60天</b><br>RMB <sup>4</sup> 000<br>人民幣千元 | <b>61-150 days</b><br><b>61至150天</b><br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | <b>151-360 days</b><br><b>151至360天</b><br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | <b>Over 1 year</b><br>超過一年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | <b>Total</b><br>總計<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 |
| As at 31 December 2022 | 於二零二二年<br>十二月三十一日 |  |   |  |  |  |  |
| Gross carrying amount  | 賬面總值              | 1,311                                      | 208   | 561  | 70   | 2,324  | 4,474                                  |
| Expected loss rate     | 預期虧損率             | 4.5%                                       | 13.8%   | 16.4%  | 21.6%  | 100.0%   | 56.3%                                  |
| Loss allowance         | 虧損撥備              | 59   | 29  | 92   | 15   | 2,324  | 2,519                                  |
| As at 31 December 2021 | 於二零二一年<br>十二月三十一日 |  |   |  |  |  |  |
| Gross carrying amount  | 賬面總值              | 2,567                                      | 1   | 471  | 14   | 2,037  | 5,090                                  |
| Expected loss rate     | 預期虧損率             | 3.0%                                       | 10.3%   | 18.0%  | 57.1%  | 100.0%   | 43.4%                                  |
| Loss allowance         | 虧損撥備              | 77   | _   | 85   | 8  | 2,037  | 2,207                                  |

For trade receivables, an allowance for expected credit loss of approximately RMB312,000 (2021: a reversal of allowance for expected credit losses RMB669,000) was recognised during the year ended 31 December 2022.

就貿易應收款項而言,於截 至二零二二年十二月三十一 日止年度已確認預期信貸虧 損撥備約人民幣312,000元 (二零二一年:預期信貸虧損 撥備撥回人民幣669,000 元)。

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) 6. 財務風險管理(續) 6.

- (a) Financial risk factors (Continued)
  - (ii) Credit risk (Continued)

For deposits and other receivables, individual credit evaluations are preferred. These evaluations focus on the counterparties' past history of making payment when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the counterparties as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the counterparties operates. The Group does not obtain collateral from the counterparties.

The Group accounts for its credit risk by appropriately providing for expected credit losses on a timely basis. The Group has assessed that the expected credit loss rate for these receivables, thus a reversal of allowance for expected credit loss of approximately RMB91,000 (2021: RMB906,000) was recognised during the year ended 31 December 2022.

- - (a) 財務風險因素(續)
    - (ii) 信貸風險(續)

對於按金及其他應收款項, 本集團選擇個別進行信貸評 估。該等評估集中於對手方 的過往逾期款項支付記錄及 現時的償款能力,並計及對 手方特定的資料及與對手方 經營所在經濟環境相關的資 料。本集團不會向對手方取 得抵押品。

本集團透過及時為預期信貸 虧損適當計提撥備來説明其 信貸風險。本集團已就該等 應收款項評估預期信貸虧 損率,因此,於截至二零二 二年十二月三十一日止年 度,錄得預期信貸虧損撥備 撥回約人民幣91,000元(二 零二一年:人民幣906.000 元)。

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) 6. 財務風險管理(續) 6.

- (a) Financial risk factors (Continued)
  - (ii) Credit risk (Continued)

The Group uses below categories for those receivables which reflect their credit risk and how the loss allowance is determined for each of those categories. A summary of the assumptions underpinning the Group's ECL model is as follows:

- (a) 財務風險因素(*續*)
  - (ii) 信貸風險(續)

本集團對該等應收款項採用 以下類別,以反映其信貸風 險及如何釐定各類別的虧 損撥備。本集團的預期信貸 虧損模式所依據的假設概 述如下:

| Internal credit<br>rating<br>內部信貸評級 | Description<br>描述   | Other receivables<br>and deposits<br>其他應收款項及按金 |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|
|                                     |   |  |
| Low risk                            | The counterparty has a low risk of default and does<br>not have any past-due amounts  | 12m ECL  |
| 低風險                                 | 對手方的違約風險較低,並無任何逾期金額   | 12個月預期信貸虧損                                     |
| Watch list                          | Debtor frequently repays after due dates but usually settle in full   | 12m ECL  |
| 觀察名單                                | 債務人經常於到期日後還款,但通常全額付清  | 12個月預期信貸虧損                                     |
| Doubtful                            | There have been significant increases in credit risk since<br>initial recognition through information developed<br>internally or external resources | Lifetime ECL — not<br>credit-impaired          |
| 存疑                                  | 通過內部或外部資源得出的資料,了解到自初步確認<br>以來信貸風險顯著增加   | 全期預期信貸虧損<br>— 無信貸減值                            |
| Loss                                | There is evidence indicating the asset is credit-impaired   | Lifetime ECL —<br>credit-impaired              |
| 虧損                                  | 有證據表明該資產已出現信貸減值   | 全期預期信貸虧損<br>一 信貸減值                             |
| Write-off                           | There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe<br>financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic<br>prospect of recovery            | Amount is written-<br>off                      |
| 撇 銷                                 | 有證據表明債務人處於嚴重的財務困難及本集團並無<br>實際的收回前景  | 撇銷金額   |

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) 6. 財務風險管理(續) (a) 財務風險因素(*續*) (a) Financial risk factors (Continued) (ii) Credit risk (Continued) (ii) 信貸風險(續) The loss allowance for deposits and other 於二零二二年及二零二一年 receivables as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 was 十二月三十一日,按金及其 determined as follows: 他應收款項的虧損撥備釐 定如下: 於二零二二年十二月三十一日 As at 31 December 2022 Low risk Total 低風險 總計 RMB'000 **RMB'000** 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 預期虧損率 Expected loss rate 4.8% Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 6,277 6,277 虧損撥備 Loss allowance 301 301 於二零二一年十二月三十一日 As at 31 December 2021 Low risk Total 低風險 總計 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 Expected loss rate 預期虧損率 4.1% Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 9,528 9,528

虧損撥備

Loss allowance

392

392

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) 6. 財務風險管理(續) 6.

- (a) Financial risk factors (Continued)
  - (iii) Liquidity risk

The Group manages its liquidity risk by regularly monitoring current and expected liquidity requirements and ensuring sufficient cash and cash equivalents to meet the Group's liquidity requirements in the short and long term. In addition, the management of the Group continuously monitors forecast and actual cash flows and matches the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturities for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The tables below have been drawn up based on the contractual maturities of the undiscounted financial liabilities including interest that will accrue to those liabilities except when the Group is entitled and intends to repay the liability before its maturity.

- (a) 財務風險因素(*續*)
  - (iii) 流動資金風險

本集團管理流動資金風險之 方式包括定期監控其目前及 預期流動資金需求,確保有 充足之現金及現金等價物, 以滿足本集團之短期及長期 流動資金需求。此外,本集 團管理層繼續監察預期及 實際現 金流量, 並就 金融資 產及負債之到期情況進行配 熱。

下表詳列本集團非衍生金融 負債之剩餘合約到期情況。 下表根據未折讓金融負債 (包括該等負債將累計之利 息,惟本集團有權及擬於到 期前償還之負債除外)之合 約到期情況而編製。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) 6. 財務風險管理(續)

- (a) Financial risk factors (Continued)
- (a) 財務風險因素*(續)*

(iii) Liquidity risk (Continued)

(iii) 流動資金風險(續)

|   |  | Weighted<br>average<br>effective<br>interest rate<br>%<br>加權平均<br>實際利率<br>% | Less<br>than 1 year<br>RMB'000<br>少於一年<br>人民幣千元                  | 1─2 years<br>RMB′000<br>一至兩年<br>人民幣千元  | 2-3 years<br>RMB′000<br>兩至三年<br>人民幣千元 | More than<br>3 years<br>RMB'000<br>三年以上<br>人民幣千元 | Total<br>undiscounted<br>cash flow<br>RMB'000<br>未貼現現金<br>流量總額<br>人民幣千元     | Total carrying<br>amounts<br>RMB'000<br>總賬面值<br>人民幣千元            |
|---|--|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| As at 31 December 2022<br>Trade payables<br>Other payables and accruals<br>(excluding staff costs and welfare                             | 於二零二二年<br>十二月三十一日<br>貿易應付款項<br>其他應付款項及應計款項<br>(不包括員工成本及應             | -   | 24,603   | _                                      | -                                     | _  | 24,603  | 24,603   |
| accruals and tax liabilities)   | 計福利及税項負債)  | _   | 69,843   | _                                      | _                                     | _  | 69,843  | 69,843   |
| Convertible bonds   | 可換股債券  | 9.40  | 3,944  | _                                      | _                                     | _  | 3,944   | 3,780  |
| Lease Liabilities   | 租賃負債   | 13.02   | 15,907   | 12.283                                 | 5,616                                 | _  | 33,806  | 28,997   |
| Borrowings  | 借款   | 4.08  | 5,191  | _                                      | _                                     | _  | 5,191   | 5,000  |
|   |  |   | 119,488  | 12,283                                 | 5,616                                 | -  | 137,387   | 132,223  |
|   |  | Weighted  |  |  |                                       |  |   |  |
|   |  | average   |  |  |                                       |  | Total   |  |
|   |  | effective   |  |  |                                       |  |   |  |
|   |  |   | Less   |  |                                       | More than  | undiscounted  | Total carrying   |
|   |  | interest rate   | than 1 year  | 1–2 years                              | 2-3 years                             | 3 years  | cash flow   | amounts  |
|   |  | %   |  | 1–2 years<br>RMB'000                   | 2–3 years<br>RMB'000                  |  | cash flow<br>RMB'000  | , ,  |
|   |  | %<br>加權平均   | than 1 year<br>RMB'000   | RMB'000                                | RMB'000                               | 3 years<br>RMB'000                               | cash flow<br>RMB'000<br>未貼現現金   | amounts<br>RMB'000   |
|   |  | %   | than 1 year  | ,                                      | RMB'000<br>兩至三年                       | 3 years  | cash flow<br>RMB'000  | amounts  |
| As at 31 December 2021  | 於二零二一年   | %<br>加權平均<br>實際利率   | than 1 year<br>RMB'000<br>少於一年                                   | RMB'000<br>一至兩年                        | RMB'000<br>兩至三年                       | 3 years<br>RMB'000<br>三年以上                       | cash flow<br>RMB'000<br>未貼現現金<br>流量總額                                       | amounts<br>RMB'000<br>總賬面值                                       |
|   | 十二月三十一日  | %<br>加權平均<br>實際利率   | than 1 year<br>RMB'000<br>少於一年<br>人民幣千元                          | RMB'000<br>一至兩年                        | RMB'000<br>兩至三年                       | 3 years<br>RMB'000<br>三年以上                       | cash flow<br>RMB'000<br>未貼現現金<br>流量總額<br>人民幣千元                              | amounts<br>RMB'000<br>總賬面值<br>人民幣千元                              |
| Trade payables  | 十二月三十一日<br>貿易應付款項  | %<br>加權平均<br>實際利率   | than 1 year<br>RMB'000<br>少於一年                                   | RMB'000<br>一至兩年                        | RMB'000<br>兩至三年                       | 3 years<br>RMB'000<br>三年以上                       | cash flow<br>RMB'000<br>未貼現現金<br>流量總額                                       | amounts<br>RMB'000<br>總賬面值                                       |
| Trade payables<br>Other payables and accruals   | 十二月三十一日<br>貿易應付款項<br>其他應付款項及應計款項                                     | %<br>加權平均<br>實際利率   | than 1 year<br>RMB'000<br>少於一年<br>人民幣千元                          | RMB'000<br>一至兩年                        | RMB'000<br>兩至三年                       | 3 years<br>RMB'000<br>三年以上                       | cash flow<br>RMB'000<br>未貼現現金<br>流量總額<br>人民幣千元                              | amounts<br>RMB'000<br>總賬面值<br>人民幣千元                              |
| Trade payables  | 十二月三十一日<br>貿易應付款項<br>其他應付款項及應計款項<br>(不包括員工成本及應                       | %<br>加權平均<br>實際利率   | than 1 year<br>RMB'000<br>少於一年<br>人民幣千元<br>29,551                | RMB'000<br>一至兩年                        | RMB'000<br>兩至三年                       | 3 years<br>RMB'000<br>三年以上                       | cash flow<br>RMB'000<br>未貼現現金<br>流量總額<br>人民幣千元<br>29,551                    | amounts<br>RMB'000<br>總賬面值<br>人民幣千元<br>29,551                    |
| Trade payables<br>Other payables and accruals<br>(excluding staff costs and welfare<br>accruals and tax liabilities)                      | 十二月三十一日<br>貿易應付款項<br>其他應付款項及應計款項                                     | %<br>加權平均<br>實際利率<br>%  | than 1 year<br>RMB'000<br>少於一年<br>人民幣千元                          | RMB'000<br>一至兩年<br>人民幣千元<br>—          | RMB'000<br>兩至三年                       | 3 years<br>RMB'000<br>三年以上                       | cash flow<br>RMB'000<br>未貼現現金<br>流量總額<br>人民幣千元                              | amounts<br>RMB'000<br>總賬面值<br>人民幣千元                              |
| Trade payables<br>Other payables and accruals<br>(excluding staff costs and welfare<br>accruals and tax liabilities)<br>Convertible bonds | 十二月三十一日<br>貿易應付款項<br>其他應付款項及應計款項<br>(不包括員工成本及應<br>計福利及税項負債)          | %<br>加權平均<br>實際利率<br>%  | than 1 year<br>RMB'000<br>少於一年<br>人民幣千元<br>29,551<br>61,444      | RMB'000<br>一至兩年<br>人民幣千元<br>一<br>3,606 | RMB'000<br>兩至三年<br>人民幣千元<br>—         | 3 years<br>RMB'000<br>三年以上<br>人民幣千元<br>一         | cash flow<br>RMB'000<br>未貼現現金<br>流量總額<br>人民幣千元<br>29,551<br>61,444          | amounts<br>RMB'000<br>總賬面值<br>人民幣千元<br>29,551<br>61,444<br>3,178 |
| Trade payables<br>Other payables and accruals<br>(excluding staff costs and welfare   | +二月三十一日<br>貿易應付款項<br>其他應付款項及應計款項<br>(不包括員工成本及應<br>計福利及税項負債)<br>可換股債券 | %<br>加權平均<br>實際利率<br>%<br>—<br>   | than 1 year<br>RMB'000<br>少於一年<br>人民幣千元<br>29,551<br>61,444<br>— | RMB'000<br>一至兩年<br>人民幣千元<br>—          | RMB'000<br>兩至三年<br>人民幣千元<br>—<br>—    | 3 years<br>RMB'000<br>三年以上<br>人民幣千元<br>—         | cash flow<br>RMB'000<br>未貼現現金<br>流量總額<br>人民幣千元<br>29,551<br>61,444<br>3,606 | amounts<br>RMB'000<br>總賬面值<br>人民幣千元<br>29,551<br>61,444          |

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group did not have derivative financial liability.

於二零二二年及二零二一年 十二月三十一日,本集團並 無衍生金融負債。

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) 6. 財務風險管理(續) 6.

#### (b) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including convertible bonds, borrowings, lease liabilities and loans from independent third parties included in other payable and accruals) less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as 'equity' as shown in the consolidated statements of financial position plus net debt.

The gearing ratio as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 was as follows:

#### (b) 資本管理

本集團的資本管理主要旨在保障 其按持續經營基準繼續營運的能 力,以為股東提供回報及為其他 持份者提供利益以及維持最佳的 資本結構以降低資本成本。

為維持或調整資本結構,本集團 可能會調整支付予股東的股息金 額、向股東退還資本、發行新股 份或出售資產以減少債務。

本集團利用負債比率監察其資本。 該比率乃以債務淨額除以總資本 計算得出。債務淨額按借款總額 (包括可換股債券、借貸、租賃負 債以及計入其他應付款項及應計 費用且來自獨立第三方的貸款)減 去現金及現金等價物計算。資本 總額按綜合財務狀況表載列的權 益加債務淨額計算。

於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月 三十一日的資產負債比率如下:

|   |   | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 |
|---|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Convertible bonds (Note 29)<br>Borrowings (Note 27)<br>Lease liabilities (Note 17)<br>Amount due to independent third parties | 可換股債券(附註29)<br>借貸(附註27)<br>租賃負債(附註17)<br>應付獨立第三方的款項 | 3,780<br>5,000<br>28,997          | 3,178<br>4,800<br>29,953          |
| (Note 25)<br>Less: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 22)  | (附註25)<br>減 : 現金及現金等價物<br>(附註22)                    | 11,759<br>(1,701)                 | (2,196)                           |
| Net debt  | 債務淨額  | 47,835                            | 51,591                            |
| Total equity<br>Add: Net debt   | 總權益<br>加 : 債務淨額                                     | (187,499)<br>47,835               | (138,681)<br>51,591               |
| Total capital   | 總資本   | (139,664)                         | (87,090)                          |
| Net debt-to-capital ratio   | 淨債務資本比率   | N/A不適用                            | N/A不適用                            |

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

## 7. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company's chief operating decision maker (the "**CODM**"). Management has determined the operating segments based on the information reviewed by CODM for the purposes of allocating resources and assessing performance.

The CODM considers the business from both brand and geographic perspective. The Group has a clear and distinct focus on the market segments that it appeals to and thus it creates the two brands of "Faigo" and "Xiao Faigo Hotpot". Faigo appeals to high-end market such as business clientele, high-end fashion conscious and young clientele. Restaurants operating under the brand Xiao Faigo Hotpot cater for the mid-end market where a wide spectrum of guests are targeted, principally families, friends and tourists. Geographically, all of the Group's operations are located in the PRC and the management separately considers the performance of Faigo in Shanghai and Beijing and Xiao Faigo Hotpot in Shanghai, Beijing, Wuxi, Nanjing and Hangzhou. Faigo and Xiao Faigo Hotpot in other cities have been aggregated into two separate reportable segments, respectively. The CODM assesses the performance of the operating segments based on the revenue and operating profits. The operating expenses of headquarters of Faigo and Xiao Faigo Hotpot are common costs incurred for the Faigo and Xiao Faigo Hotpot as a whole and therefore they are not included in the measure of the segments' performance, which is used by the CODM as a basis for the purpose of resource allocation, and assessment of segment performance. Finance income and expenses, other gains/losses including government grants and gain/loss of disposal of investment are not allocated to segments, as these types of activity are driven by the central treasury function of the Group.

There were no material inter-segment sales during the year. The revenue from external customers reported to the CODM are measured in a manner consistent with that applied in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

# 7. 收益及分部資料

本公司之主要營運決策人(「主要營運決 策人」)。管理層基於由主要營運決策人 審閲之資料釐定經營分部,以進行資 源分配及表現評估。

主要營運決策人從品牌及地理兩個角 度考慮業務。本集團在其所吸引的市 場分部方面具有清晰及獨特的重心,因 此設立兩個品牌,即「輝哥」及「小輝哥 火鍋」。輝哥吸引高端市場,例如商業 客戶、高端新潮及年輕客戶。而小輝哥 火鍋品牌下經營的餐廳則服務於中端 市場,目標顧客的範圍廣泛,主要為家 庭、朋友及遊客。在地理方面,本集團 所有業務位於中國及管理層單獨考慮 上海及北京的輝哥業績以及上海、北 京、無錫、南京及杭州的小輝哥火鍋業 績。其他城市的輝哥及小輝哥火鍋彙 總分別為兩個單獨可呈報分部。主要 營運決策人基於收益及經營溢利評估 經營分部之表現。輝哥及小輝哥火鍋總 部之經營開支指就輝哥及小輝哥火鍋整 體產生之一般成本,因此並無計入主 要營運決策人在資源分配及分部表現 評估時作為依據使用的分部表現計量。 財務收入及開支、其他收益/虧損(包 括政府補貼)及出售投資之收益/虧損 並無分配至分部,因為此類活動由本 集團中央庫務職能所引導。

各年內並無重大分部間銷售。向主要 營運決策人呈報之外部客戶所得收益 按與綜合損益及其他全面收益表內使 用的方式相一致的方式計量。

# 7. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION *(Continued)*

# 7. 收益及分部資料(續)

(A) Segment revenue and results

(A) 分部收益及業績

|  |   |                                    | Year ended 31 December 2022<br>截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度<br>Faigo Xiao Faigo Hotpot<br>輝哥 小輝哥火鍋 |                                    |                                    |                                |                                  |               |  |                                 |
|--|---|------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|--|---------------------------------|
|  |   | Shanghai<br>上海<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | Others<br>其他<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元  | Subtotal<br>小計<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | Shanghai<br>上海<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | Wuxi<br>無錫<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | Others<br>其他<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | 小計<br>RMB′000 | Unallocated<br>未分配<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | Total<br>總計<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 |
| Revenue<br>Depreciation, amortization, impairment and written-off of<br>property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and | 收益<br>物業、廠房及設備、使用權資產及無形資產<br>的折舊、難銷、減值及攤銷 | 43,824                             | 1,324   | 45,148                             | 21,964                             | 3,747                          | 1,420                            | 27,131        | -                                      | 72,279                          |
| intangible asset   |   | (13,011)                           | (65)  | (13,076)                           | (6,507)                            | (249)                          | (306)                            | (7,062)       |  | (20,138)                        |
| Interest income  | 利息收入                                      | 7                                  | _   | 7                                  | 5                                  | -                              | _                                | 5             | 5                                      | 17                              |
| Finance expenses   | 融資開支                                      | (1,092)                            |   | (1,207)                            | (1,317)                            |                                | (160)                            | (1,477)       |  | (2,976)                         |
| Loss from operating activities   | 經營活動虧損                                    | (14,177)                           |   | (14,692)                           | (6,239)                            | (1,769)                        |                                  | (8,123)       |  | (35,440)                        |
| Loss before income tax   | 除所得税前虧損                                   | (15,262)                           | (630)   | (15,892)                           | (7,551)                            |                                | (275)                            | (9,595)       | (12,912)                               | (38,399)                        |
| Addition to non-current assets   | 添置非流動資產                                   | 8,651                              | -   | 8,651                              | 7,968                              | 2,415                          | 179                              | 10,562        | -                                      | 19,213                          |

|                 |          |             |          |          | ded 31 Decem<br>一年十二月三 | nber 2021<br>十一日止年度 |          |             |         |
|-----------------|----------|-------------|----------|----------|------------------------|---------------------|----------|-------------|---------|
|                 |          | Faigo<br>輝哥 |          |          |                        | go Hotpot<br>哥火鍋    |          |             |         |
|                 | Shanghai | Others      | Subtotal | Shanghai | Wuxi                   | Others              | Subtotal | Unallocated | Total   |
|                 | 上海       | 其他          | 小計       | 上海       | 無錫                     | 其他                  | 小計       | 未分配         | 總計      |
|                 | RMB'000  | RMB'000     | RMB'000  | RMB'000  | RMB'000                | RMB'000             | RMB'000  | RMB'000     | RMB'000 |
|                 | 人民幣千元    | 人民幣千元       | 人民幣千元    | 人民幣千元    | 人民幣千元                  | 人民幣千元               | 人民幣千元    | 人民幣千元       | 人民幣千元   |
| Wr <del>X</del> | 81.440   | 1.950       | 00 200   | 62 770   | 6 621                  | 10 102              | 70 502   | _           | 162 002 |

| Revenue   | 収益                   | 81,440   | 1,650   | 83,290   | 02,779   | 0,031   | 10,183  | /9,595   | _        | 102,883  |  |
|---|----------------------|----------|---------|----------|----------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|--|
| Depreciation, amortization, impairment and written-off of | 物業、廠房及設備、使用權資產及無形資產的 |          |         |          |          |         |         |          |          |          |  |
| property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and    | 折舊、攤銷、減值及撒銷          |          |         |          |          |         |         |          |          |          |  |
| intangible asset  |                      | (18,439) | (1,967) | (20,406) | (26,252) | (2,349) | (2,598) | (31,199) | -        | (51,605) |  |
| Interest income   | 利息收入                 | 6        | 1       | 7        | 1        | -       | -       | 1        | -        | 8        |  |
| Finance expenses  | 融資開支                 | (1,155)  | (143)   | (1,298)  | (1,833)  | (14)    | (199)   | (2,046)  | (259)    | (3,603)  |  |
| Profit/(loss) from operating activities                   | 經營活動溢利/(虧損)          | 4,056    | (673)   | 3,383    | (17,902) | (2,317) | (2,355) | (22,574) | (10,391) | (29,582) |  |
| Profit/(loss) before income tax                           | 除所得税前溢利/(虧損)         | 2,907    | (815)   | 2,092    | (19,734) | (2,331) | (2,552) | (24,617) | (10,652) | (33,177) |  |
| Addition to non-current assets                            | 添置非流動資產              | 253      | -       | 253      | 5,264    | 281     | 54      | 5,599    | -        | 5,852    |  |
|   |                      |          |         |          |          |         |         |          |          |          |  |

The CODM makes decision according to operating result of each segment. No analysis of segment assets and segment liability is presented as the CODM does not regularly review such information for the purpose of resources allocation and performance assessment. Therefore, only segment revenue and segment results are presented. 主要營運決策者根據各分部的經 營業績作出決策。由於主要營運 決策者並無定期檢討有關資訊以 進行資源分配及表現評估,因此 概無呈列分部資產及分部負債的 分析。因此,僅呈列分部收益及 分部業績。

For the vear ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 7. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

## 7. 收益及分部資料(續)

(B) Geographical information

(B) 地區資料

The Group's revenue from external customers by location of sales and information about its non-current assets by location of assets are detailed as below: 本集團按銷售地點劃分之外部客 戶收益及按資產位置劃分之非流 動資產詳列如下:

|         | Revenue from externalcustomersNon-current assets外部客戶收益非流動資產 |                      |         |        |               |  |  |
|---------|---|----------------------|---------|--------|---------------|--|--|
|         |   | <b>2022</b><br>二零二二年 |         |        | 2021<br>二零二一年 |  |  |
| The PRC | 中國  | 72,279               | 162,883 | 16,828 | 47,994        |  |  |

(C) Information about major customers

The Group are primarily engaged in the operation of a hotpot restaurant chain.

The Group's customer base is diversified. No individual customer (2021: Nil) had transactions which exceeded 10% of the Group's aggregate revenue for the year ended 31 December 2022.

(D) Disaggregation of revenue

Revenue represents the sales value of goods supplied to customers (net of value-added tax, other sales tax and discounts). Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by major product lines is as follows: (C) 主要客戶資料

本集團主要從事經營連鎖火鍋餐 廳。

本集團的客戶基礎很多元化。概 無個人客戶(二零二一年:無)的交 易超過本集團截至二零二二年十 二月三十一日止年度總收益之 10%。

(D) 收益明細

收益指供應予客戶的貨品銷售價 值(已扣除增值税、其他銷售税及 折扣)。按主要產品劃分之客戶合 約收益明細如下:

| from contracts with customers 屬於國際財務報生進則 |                         |                  |
|--|-------------------------|------------------|
|  | <b>RMB′000</b><br>人民幣千元 | RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 |
|  | <br>二零二二年               | 年                |
|  | 2022                    | 2021             |

# Revenue from contracts with customers 屬於國際財務報告準則 within the scope of IFRS 15 第15號範圍的客戶合

|                                      | 約收益      |        |         |
|--------------------------------------|----------|--------|---------|
| Disaggregated by major product lines | 按主要產品線劃分 |        |         |
|                                      | 的明細      |        |         |
| — Hotpot business                    | 一 火鍋業務   | 72,279 | 162,883 |

The timing of revenue recognition of all revenue from contracts with customers is at a point in time.

所有客戶合約收益的收益確認時 間為於某一時間點。

# 8. OTHER INCOME, OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES, 8. 其他收入、其他收益及虧損 NET 一 淨額

|  |                              | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 |
|--|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
|  |                              |                                   |                                   |
| Government grants (Note (a))   | 政府補貼(附註(a))                  | 255                               | 1,019                             |
| Gain on lease modification   | 租賃修訂收益                       | 946                               | 3,908                             |
| (Allowance for)/reversal of allowance for<br>expected credit loss on trade and other | 貿易及其他應收款項之<br>預期信貸虧損(撥備)/    |                                   |                                   |
| receivables  | 撥回                           | (221)                             | 1,575                             |
| Covid-19 related rental concession<br>Gain on disposal of property, plant and        | Covid-19相關租金減免<br>物業、廠房及設備出售 | —                                 | 1,808                             |
| equipment  | 收益                           | 173                               | 205                               |
| Leasing income   | 租賃收入                         | 2,830                             |                                   |
| Royalty income   | 專利費收入                        | 317                               |                                   |
| Others (Note (b))  | 其他(附註(b))                    | 1,146                             | 902                               |
|  |                              | 5,446                             | 9,417                             |

#### Notes:

- (a) The amounts RMB171,000 (2021: RMB1,019,000) represent the subsidies received from PRC governments for the Group's local business developments during the year ended 31 December 2022. There were no unfulfilled conditions in the years in which they were recognised. Other than that, the Group recognised government grant of approximately RMB84,000 (equivalent to HK\$96,000) (2021: Nil) in respect of COVID-19 Employment Support Scheme provided by the Hong Kong government for the year ended 31 December 2022.
- (b) Others mainly included the tips income and waiver of other payables.

#### 附註:

- (a) 人民幣171,000元(二零二一年:人民幣 1,019,000元)指截至二零二二年十二月三十 一日止年度,本集團從中國政府收到的本 地業務發展補貼。於其各自的確認年度, 概無未完成條件。除此以外,截至二零二 二年十二月三十一日止年度本集團確認有 關香港政府提供的COVID-19保就業計劃的 政府補貼約人民幣84,000元(相當於96,000 港元)(二零二一年:無)。
- (b) 其他主要包括小費收入及其他應付款項豁 免。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 9. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT AND RELATED EXPENSES

# 9. 僱員福利及相關開支

|  |                         | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 |
|--|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Wages and salaries                               | 工資及薪金                   | 9,168                             | 9,127                             |
| Defined contribution plan (Note (a))             | 界定供款計劃(附註(a))           | 1,798                             | 1,953                             |
| Other social security costs and housing benefits | 其他社會保障成本及住房<br>福利       | 685                               | 727                               |
| Other employee benefits                          | 其他僱員福利                  | 1,481                             | 3,231                             |
| Employee share-based payment expenses (Note 30)  | 僱員以股份為基礎付款的<br>開支(附註30) | 2,599                             | 3,199                             |
| Labour outsourcing expenses (Note (b))           | 勞務外判開支(附註(b))           | 23,076                            | 39,886                            |
|  |                         |                                   |                                   |
|  |                         | 38,807                            | 58,123                            |

#### Notes:

#### 附註:

- (a) Employees of the Group established in the PRC are required to participate in a retirement benefit scheme administered and operated by the PRC government. The Group is required to contribute 14.0% to 22.5% of payroll costs as determined by respective local government authorities to the designated pension fund. The only obligation of the Group with respect to retirement benefit scheme is to make the specific contributions under the scheme.
- (b) The Group entered into certain human resources agency agreements. Pursuant to these agreements, the Group outsourced a portion of its low level positions, such as waiter or waitress, kitchen assistants etc.
- (a) 在中國成立的本集團的僱員須參與由中國 政府管轄及經營的退休福利計劃。本集團 須作出工資成本14.0%至22.5%的供款,由 相關地方政府機關就指定養老金釐定。本 集團就退休福利計劃而言的唯一責任為根 據計劃作出具體供款。
- (b) 本集團訂立若干人力資源代理協議。根據 該等協議,本集團外包其部分低級職位(如 侍應、廚房助手等)。

# 9. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT AND RELATED EXPENSES (Continued)

# 9. 僱員福利及相關開支(續)

### Five highest paid individuals

The five highest paid employees of the Group during the year included two directors (2021: two), details of whose remuneration are set out in Note 14. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining three (2021: three) highest paid employees who are neither a director nor chief executive of the Company are as follows:

#### 五名最高薪人士

本集團於本年度的五位最高薪僱員包 括兩名董事(二零二一年:兩名),彼等 的薪酬詳情載於附註14。餘下三位並 非本公司董事或主要行政人員之僱員 (二零二一年:三位)於本年度的薪酬詳 情載列如下:

|  |                        | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 |
|--|------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Salaries, allowances and other benefits<br>Retirement benefit scheme contributions | 工資、津貼及其他福利<br>退休福利計劃供款 | 916<br>71                         | 1,035<br>101                      |
|  |                        | 987                               | 1,136                             |

The number of the highest paid employees who are not the directors of the Company whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

並非本公司董事而薪酬屬於以下範圍 之最高薪僱員的數目列載如下:

|                   |               | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>Number of<br>individual<br>人數 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>Number of<br>individual<br>人數 |
|-------------------|---------------|--|--|
| Nil-HK\$1,000,000 | 零-1,000,000港元 | 3  | 3  |

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 10. LOSS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES 10. 來自經營活動的虧損

|      |   |  | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 |
|------|---|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Loss | from operating activities has been arrived  | 經扣除/(計入)下列各項                                   |                                   |                                   |
|      | after charging/(crediting):   | 後的經營虧損:  |                                   |                                   |
| Dire | ctors' emoluments (Note (c))  | 董事薪酬(附註(c))                                    |                                   |                                   |
| — F  |   | 一袍金  | 1,222                             | 1,169                             |
|      | loyment share based payment expenses  | 僱傭以股份為基礎                                       |                                   |                                   |
|      | ote (c))  | 付款開支(附註(c))                                    |                                   |                                   |
|      | lirectors   | 一董事  | _                                 | 693                               |
|      | mployee   |  | 2,599                             | 2,506                             |
|      | reciation of property, plant and  | 物業、廠房及設備折舊                                     | 4.465                             | 7 500                             |
|      | quipment (Note (d))   | (附註(d))<br>無形資產攤銷(附註(d))                       | 1,165                             | 7,583                             |
|      | reciation of intangible asset (Note (d))<br>reciation of right-of-use assets (Note (d))   | 無形員 産 舞 朝 ( 南 註 ( <b>0</b> ))<br>使 用 權 資 產 折 舊 | _                                 | 4                                 |
| Depi | eclation of fight-of-use assets (note (u))  | (附註(d))  | 8,706                             | 22,231                            |
| Imna | airment of property, plant and  | 物業、廠房及設備減值                                     | 0,700                             | 22,231                            |
|      | quipment (Note (d))   | (附註(d))  | 761                               | 11,358                            |
|      | airment of right-of-use assets (Note (d))   | 使用權資產減值  | 701                               | 11,550                            |
| mpe  |   | (附註(d))  | 9,178                             | 7,660                             |
| Writ | ten-off on property, plant and  | 撇銷物業、廠房及設備                                     |                                   | ,                                 |
|      | uipment (Note (d))  | (附註(d))  | 328                               | 2,769                             |
| Shor | t-term lease payment  | 短期租賃付款   | 471                               | 437                               |
| Low  | -value asset lease payment  | 低價值資產租賃付款                                      | 367                               | 351                               |
|      | wance for/(reversal of allowance for)   | 貿易及其他應收款項之                                     |                                   |                                   |
|      | pected credit loss on trade and other   | 預期信貸虧損撥備/                                      |                                   |                                   |
|      | ceivables (Note (a))  | (撥回)(附註(a))                                    | 221                               | (1,575)                           |
|      | on disposal of property, plant and  | 出售物業、廠房及設備之                                    |                                   | (2.2.5)                           |
|      | quipment (Note (a))   | 收益(附註(a))                                      | (173)                             | (205)                             |
|      | ning fee (Note (b))<br>tors' remuneration (Note (b))  | 清潔費(附註(b))<br>按數師茲刪(附註(b))                     | 705                               | 1,633                             |
|      | sportation expenses (Note (b))  | 核數師薪酬(附註(b))<br>交通開支(附註(b))                    | 1,050<br>700                      | 1,200<br>1,141                    |
|      | notion and marketing expenses (Note (b))  | 推廣及行銷開支(附註(b))                                 |                                   | 1,141                             |
|      | air and maintenance fee (Note (b))  | 維修及保養費(附註(b))                                  | 693                               | 2,032                             |
|      | and professional fee (Note (b))   | 法律及專業服務費                                       | 000                               | 2,002                             |
|      |   | (附註(b))  | 3,057                             | 3,913                             |
| Fore | ign exchange gain   | 外匯收益   | (122)                             | (22)                              |
|      |   |  |                                   |                                   |
| (a)  | These items were included under "other income, ot net".   | her gains and losses, (a                       | ) 該等項目計入「其他<br>損淨額」項下。            | 收入、其他收益及虧                         |
| (b)  | These items were included under "other operating  | expenses". (b                                  | ) 該等項目計入「其他                       | 經營開支」項下。                          |
| (c)  | These items were included under "employee b expenses".  | enefits and related (c)                        | 該等項目計入「僱員福利以及相關開支」項<br>下。         |                                   |
| (d)  | These items were included under "depreciation, amo<br>and written-off of property, plant and equipment<br>and intangible assets". |  |                                   | 、廠房及設備、使用權<br>ff舊、攤銷、減值及撇         |

# **11. FINANCE EXPENSES, NET**

# 11. 財務開支淨額

|   |  | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Finance income:<br>— Interest income on cash and<br>cash equivalents  | 財務收入:<br>一現金及現金等價物的<br>利息收入  | 17                                | 8                                 |
| <ul> <li>Finance expenses:</li> <li>Imputed interest on convertible bonds (Note 29)</li> <li>Interest expense on borrowings</li> <li>Interest expense on lease liabilities (Note 17)</li> </ul> | 財務開支:<br>— 可換股債券的預計利息<br>(附註29)<br>— 借款的利息開支<br>— 租賃負債利息開支<br>(附註17) | (291)<br>(139)<br>(2,546)         | (260)<br>(142)<br>(3,201)         |
|   |  | (2,976)                           | (3,603)                           |
| Finance expenses, net   | 財務開支淨額   | (2,959)                           | (3,595)                           |

# **12. INCOME TAX EXPENSES**

# 12. 所得税開支

The income tax expenses of the Group for the years are 本集團年內所得税開支的分析如下: analysed as follows:

|  |                                 | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 |
|--|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| PRC Enterprise Income tax<br>— Current tax<br>Deferred tax (Note 28) | 中國企業所得税<br>— 即期税項<br>遞延税項(附註28) |                                   | 54<br>1,014                       |
| Income tax expenses  | 所得税開支                           | 24,291                            | 1,068                             |

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# 12. INCOME TAX EXPENSES (Continued)

# **12.** 所得税開支*(續)*

Taxation for the years is reconciled to loss before taxation per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows: 年內税項與綜合損益及其他全面收益 表所載除税前虧損對賬如下:

|                             |   |  |     | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元        | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元    |
|-----------------------------|---|--|-----|--|--------------------------------------|
| Loss                        | before tax  | 除税前虧損  |     | (38,399)                                 | (33,177)                             |
| to<br>Tax e<br>— E:<br>— Ir | calculated at domestic tax rates applicable<br>loss in the respective countries<br>effects of:<br>xpenses not deductible for tax purposes<br>noome not taxable for tax purposes<br>ax losses not recognised                                     | <ul> <li>按相關國家虧損適用的<br/>內税率計算的税項<br/>以下各項的税務影響:</li> <li>一無法扣税的開支</li> <li>一毋須課税收入</li> <li>未確認税項虧損</li> </ul> | 威   | (8,526)<br>26,916<br>(31)<br>5,932       | (7,389)<br>6,844<br>(1,392)<br>3,005 |
| Тах е                       | expenses  | 税項開支   |     | 24,291                                   | 1,068                                |
| (a)                         | Cayman Islands  |  | (a) | 開曼群島                                     |                                      |
|                             | Entities incorporated in the Cayman Islands as exempted companies with limited liability.   |  |     | 實體於開曼群島<br>免有限公司。                        | 註冊成立為獲豁                              |
| (b)                         | ) British Virgin Islands income tax   |  | (b) | 英屬處女群島                                   | 所得税                                  |
|                             | Entities incorporated in the British Virgin Islands as an<br>exempted company with limited liability under the<br>Company Law of British Virgin Islands and, accordingly,<br>are exempted from payment of British Virgin Islands<br>income tax. |  |     | 實體於英屬處女<br>女群島公司法註<br>有限公司,因此<br>處女群島所得税 | 冊成立為獲豁免<br>獲豁免繳納英屬                   |

#### **12. INCOME TAX EXPENSES (Continued)**

(c) Hong Kong Profits Tax

Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime of Hong Kong Profits Tax, the first HK\$2 million of profits of the qualifying group entity will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HK\$2 million will be taxed at 16.5%. The profits of group entities not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at a flat rate of 16.5%. Accordingly, the Hong Kong Profits Tax of the qualifying group entity is calculated at 8.25% on the first HK\$2 million of the estimated assessable profits and at 16.5% on the estimated assessable profits above HK\$2 million.

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made as the Group did not generate any assessable profits in Hong Kong for both years.

(d) PRC Enterprise Income Tax

Entities incorporated in the PRC are generally subject to income tax rates of 25% (2021: 25%) throughout the years.

The income tax provision of the Group in respect of its operations in the PRC has been calculated at the applicable tax rate on the estimated assessable profits based on existing legislations, interpretations and practices.

#### 13. LOSS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

Loss:

#### 12. 所得税開支(續)

- (c) 香港利得税
  - 根據香港利得税的利得税兩級 制,合資格集團實體首港幣2百萬 元的利潤將按8.25%的税率徵税, 而超過港幣2百萬元的利潤將按 16.5%的税率徵税。未符合利得 税兩級制的集團實體的利潤將繼 續以統一税率16.5%徵税。因此, 合資格集團實體的香港利得税按 8.25%的税率計算首港幣2百萬元 的估計應課税利潤,並按16.5% 的税率計算超過港幣2百萬元的估 計應課税利潤。

由於本集團於該兩個年度在香港 並無任何應課税溢利,故並無作 出香港利得税撥備。

(d) 中國企業所得税

於中國註冊成立的實體於年內一 般按25%(二零二一年:25%)的税 率繳納所得税。

根據現行法例、詮釋及慣例,本 集團就中國營運計提之所得税撥 備乃按估計應課税溢利之適用税 率計算。

#### 13. 本公司擁有人應佔每股虧損

· 1월 -

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本及攤薄虧 損乃根據以下數據:

| Loss:   |                                    |                                   |                                   |
|---|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
|   |                                    | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 |
| Loss for the year attributable to owners of the<br>Company for the purpose of basic and<br>diluted loss per share | 用於計算每股基本及攤薄<br>虧損之本公司擁有人應<br>佔年內虧損 | 62,305                            | 33,954                            |

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#### 13. LOSS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO **OWNERS OF THE COMPANY** (Continued)

#### 13. 本公司擁有人應佔每股虧損 (續)

|  | <b>2022</b><br>二零二二年 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>(Restated)<br>(經重列) |
|--|----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| /eighted average number of ordinary shares 用於計算每股基本及<br>for the purpose of basic and diluted loss   攤薄虧損之普通股 |                      |                                      |

We per share 加權平均數

The weighted average number of ordinary shares of 80,667,866 (2021: 61,714,821 (Restated)) in issue during the year, as adjusted to reflect the effect of the share consolidation as disclosed in Note 23(b). Comparative figures have also been adjusted on the assumption that the share consolidation on 30 June 2022 had been effective in the prior vear.

The calculation of the weighted average number of ordinary shares amounting to 80,667,866 (2021: 61,714,821 (Restated)) in issue for the year ended 31 December 2022 is as follows:

|  | = |
|--|---|
|  |   |
|  |   |
|  |   |
|  |   |
|  |   |
|  |   |
|  |   |

80.667.866 61.714.821

年內已發行普通股的加權平均數為 80,667,866股(二零二一年:61,714,821 股(經重列)),此數目已經調整,以反 映股份合併之效應。比較數字亦已按 附註23(b)所披露於二零二二年六 月三十日的股份合併已於去年生效之 假設予以調整。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 已發行普通股80,667,866股(二零二一 年:61,714,821股(經重列))的加權平均 數計算如下:

|  |  | <b>2022</b><br>二零二二年  | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>(Restated)<br>(經重列)                               |
|--|--|---|--|
| Number of issued shares on 1 January<br>Effect of the share consolidation<br>(Note 23(a) and (b))<br>Effect of Rights Issue (Note 23(c))<br>Effect of placing (Note 23(f))<br>Exercise of share options (Note 23(d) and (e)) | 於一月一日已發行股份數目<br>股份合併的影響<br>(附註23(a)及(b))<br>供股的影響(附註23(c))<br>配售的影響(附註23(f))<br>行使購股權<br>(附註23(d)及(e)) | 681,975,442<br>(613,777,898)<br><br>10,663,014<br>1,807,308 | 6,373,602,437<br>(6,610,355,703)<br>284,289,010<br>—<br>14,179,077 |
|  |  | 80,667,866  | 61,714,821   |

For the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, the computation of diluted loss per share does not assume that the conversion of the outstanding convertible bonds and share options, since their conversion would result in a decrease in loss per share.

截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三 十一日止年度,計算每股攤薄虧損時並 無假設轉換未轉換可換股債券及購股 權,皆因轉換可換股債券將會導致每 股虧損減少。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **14. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS**

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the emoluments paid or payable to the directors of the Company were as follows: 14. 董事酬金

十一日止年度:

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度, 分別已付或應付本公司董事的酬金如 下:

截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三

For the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021:

|  |  |                                   | es<br>金                           | benefit                           | owance and<br>s in kind<br>及實物福利  | scheme co                         | nt benefits<br>ntributions<br>l計劃供款 |                                   | d payments<br>基礎付款                |                                   | tal<br>計                          |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
|  |  | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元   | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 |
| <b>Executive directors</b><br>Mr. Hung Shui Chak<br>Mr. So Kam Chuen<br>Mr. Yuan Mingjie                                     | <b>執行董事</b><br>洪瑞澤先生<br>蘇錦存先生<br>袁明捷先生                     | <br>391<br>312                    | —<br>374<br>298                   |                                   |                                   |                                   |                                     |                                   | —<br>347<br>346                   | <br>391<br>312                    |                                   |
| Independent<br>non-executive<br>directors  | 獨立非執行董事  |                                   |                                   |                                   |                                   |                                   |                                     |                                   |                                   |                                   |                                   |
| Mr. Tam Bing Chung<br>Benson<br>Mr. Johnson Wan <sup>1</sup><br>Mr. Cheung Ting Pong<br>Mr. Shum Kei Yiu Daniel <sup>2</sup> | 譚秉忠先生<br>雲浚淳先生 <sup>1</sup><br>張霆邦先生<br>沈其耀先生 <sup>2</sup> | 173<br>—<br>173<br>173            | 166<br>110<br>166<br>55           |                                   | -<br>-<br>-                       |                                   | -<br>-<br>-                         |                                   |                                   | 173<br>—<br>173<br>173            | 166<br>110<br>166<br>55           |
| Shain ker na buller  |  | 1,222                             | 1,169                             | _                                 | _                                 | _                                 | _                                   | _                                 | 693                               | 1,222                             | 1,862                             |

No emoluments have been paid by the Group to the directors of the Company or the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Company, or as compensation for loss of office for the both years.

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2021: Nil).

於兩個年度,本集團概無支付任何酬金 予本公司董事或五名最高薪人士,作為 加入本公司或加入本公司時之獎金,或 作為失去職位的補償。

年內概無董事放棄或同意放棄任何酬 金之安排(二零二一年:無)。

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#### 14. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued) 14. 董事酬金(續)

#### Notes:

- 1. Mr. Johnson Wan resigned as an independent non-executive director with effect from 31 August 2021.
- 2. Mr. Shum Kei Yiu Daniel was appointed as an independent non-executive director with effect from 31 August 2021.

#### **15. DIVIDEND**

The Board does not recommend the payment of any dividend for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: Nil).

附註:

- 1. 雲浚淳先生於二零二一年八月三十一日起 辭任獨立非執行董事。
- 2. 張霆邦先生於二零二一年八月三十一日起 獲委任為獨立非執行董事。

#### 15. 股息

董事會並不建議宣派截至二零二二年十 二月三十一日止年度(二零二一年:無) 的任何股息。

#### 16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 16. 物業、廠房及設備

| Additions $\overline{P}$ <th></th> <th></th> <th><b>Vehicles</b><br/>車輛<br/>RMB'000<br/>人民幣千元</th> <th><b>Machineries</b><br/>機器<br/>RMB'000<br/>人民幣千元</th> <th><b>Furniture</b><br/><b>傢貝</b><br/>RMB'000<br/>人民幣千元</th> <th>Equipment<br/>and<br/>Computers<br/>設備及電腦<br/>RMB'000<br/>人民幣千元</th> <th>Leasehold<br/>improvements<br/>租賃改善裝修<br/>RMB'000<br/>人民幣千元</th> <th>Construction<br/>in progress<br/>在建工程<br/>RMB'000<br/>人民幣千元</th> <th><b>Total</b><br/>總計<br/>RMB'000<br/>人民幣千元</th>   |                              |                | <b>Vehicles</b><br>車輛<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | <b>Machineries</b><br>機器<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | <b>Furniture</b><br><b>傢貝</b><br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | Equipment<br>and<br>Computers<br>設備及電腦<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | Leasehold<br>improvements<br>租賃改善裝修<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | Construction<br>in progress<br>在建工程<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | <b>Total</b><br>總計<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 |
|---|------------------------------|----------------|---|--|---|--|---|---|--|
| Additions $\overline{\pi} \pm$ 112       1,547       877       133       3,183       -       5,6         Disposis $\Box = 1$ (160)       (5,576)       (201)       (524)       -       -       (66)         Additions $\overline{\pi} \pm$ (160)       (5,576)       (201)       (524)       -       -       (66)         A st 31 December 2021 and $\underline{x} = \underline{x} = -\underline{x} + -\underline{H} = H = H = H$ -       4,762       9,091       9,122       8,616       114,755       -       146,33         Opsosis $\Box =$ -       4,883       -       12       -       -       5         Opsosis $\Box =$ -       (168)       (433)       (348)       -       -       (18,33)         As at 31 December 2022 $\underline{x} = \underline{x} = -\underline{x} + -\underline{H} = H = H$ 4,762       7,618       8,206       7,753       114,755       -       143,00         As at 31 December 2021 $\underline{x} = \underline{x} = -\underline{x} + -\underline{H} = H$ 4,260       12,866       8,890       9,344       117,932       -       152,27         Ibmainment       300       504       120       1,707       7,741       -       10,20       13,333       (17,79)       12,40  | Cost                         | 成本             |   |  |   |  |   |   |  |
| Disposals   | As at 1 January 2021         | 於二零二一年一月一日     | 4,834                                     | 17,288                                       | 10,708  | 11,646   | 131,083   | 612   | 176,171                                |
| written-off 単値 (4) (3,768) (2,262) (2,639) (19,511) (612) (28,7<br>As at 31 December 2021 and 法二零二二年十二月三十一日及<br>1.anuary 2022 二零二二年十二月三十一日<br>Additions 漆量<br>二章 二年十二月三十一日<br>4.762 9,091 9,122 8,616 114,755 - 146,63<br>二章 二年十二月三十一日<br>4.762 9,091 9,122 8,616 114,755 - 146,63<br>(433) (348) (1,5<br>(433) (348) (1,5<br>(433) (348) (1,5<br>(483) (527) (11,1,7,7<br>(11,1,7,7,7,1,1 (1,5<br>(11,1,7,7,7,1,1 (1,5<br>(11,1,7,7,7,1,1 (1,5<br>(11,1,7,7,7,1,1 (2,7)<br>(11,2,9) (2,507) (18,436) (26,0<br>(21,1,1,7,7,7,1,1 (2,7)<br>(21,3,33) (1,729) (2,507) (18,436) (26,0<br>(21,1,1,7,7,7,1,1 (2,7)<br>(21,3,33) (1,729) (2,507) (18,436) (26,0<br>(21,1,1,7,7,7,1,1,1,2<br>(21,3,33) (1,729) (2,507) (18,436) (26,0<br>(21,1,2,3,33) (1,729) (2,507) (18,436) (25,0<br>(21,1,2,3,33) (1,729) (2,507) (18,436) (25,0<br>(21,1,2,3,33) (1,729) (2,507) (18,436) (25,0<br>(21,1,2,3,33) (1,729) (2,507) (18,436) (25,0)<br>(21,1,2,3,33) (1,729) (2,507) (18,436) (25,0)<br>(21,1,2,3,33) (1,729) (2,507) (18,436) (25,0)<br>(21,1,2,3,33) (1,729) (2,507) (18,436) (25,0)<br>(21,1,2,3,33) (1,729) (2,507) (18,436) (25,0)<br>(21  | Additions                    | 添置             | 112                                       | 1,547  | 877   | 133  | 3,183   | -   | 5,852                                  |
| As at 31 December 2021 and<br>1 January 2022<br>$-======-\beta-== B-+= B-+= B-+= B-+= B-+= B-+= B-+= B$   | Disposals                    | 出售             | (180)                                     | (5,976)                                      | (201)   | (524)  | -   | _   | (6,881)                                |
| 1 January 2022 $- = 2 = 2 = 4 = - 1 - 1 = 1$ 4,762       9,091       9,122       8,616       114,755       -       146,3         Additions $\overline{x} \overline{x} \overline{x}$ -       488       -       12       -       -       5         Disposals $\square \overline{n}$ (1,068)       (433)       (348)       -       -       (1,8)         As at 31 December 2022 $\& = \mp = - \mp - 1 - 1 = 1 - 1 = 1$ 4,762       7,518       8,206       7,753       114,755       -       143,00         As at 31 December 2022 $\& = \mp = - \mp - 1 - 1 - 1 = 1 - 1 = 1$ 4,762       7,618       8,206       7,753       114,755       -       143,00         As at 1 January 2021 $\& = \mp = - \mp 1 - 1 - 1 = 1 - 1 - 1 = 1 - 1 - 1 = 1 - 1 -$   | written-off                  | 撤銷             | (4)                                       | (3,768)                                      | (2,262)   | (2,639)  | (19,511)  | (612)   | (28,796)                               |
| Additions       夢童       -       488       -       12       -       -       -       5         Disposals       出售       -       (1,068)       (433)       (348)       -       -       -       (1,8         written-off       潮前       -       (1,068)       (433)       (527)       -       -       (1,8         As at 31 December 2022       於二零二二年十二月三十一日       4,762       7,618       8,206       7,753       114,755       -       143,0         As at 31 December 2022       於二零二二年十二月三十一日       4,762       7,618       8,206       7,753       114,755       -       153,2         Charge for the year       年内和除       300       504       440       260       6,079       -       7,711       -       113,2         Disposals       出售       -       670       1,240       1,707       7,741       -       11,3         Disposals       出售       (171)       (2,084)       (92)       (411)       -       -       62,079         1 January 2022       二零二二年十二月三十一日       4,387       8,603       8,749       8,393       113,316       -       143,46         Disposals       出售       -       37 </td <td>As at 31 December 2021 and</td> <td>於二零二一年十二月三十一日及</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>   | As at 31 December 2021 and   | 於二零二一年十二月三十一日及 |   |  |   |  |   |   |  |
| Disposals         出售         -         (1,668)         (433)         (348)         -         -         -         (1,68)           written-off         第第         -         (893)         (483)         (527)         -         -         (1,068)           As at 31 December 2022         於二零二年十二月三十一日         4,762         7,618         8,206         7,753         114,755         -         143,000           As at 31 December 2022         於二零二年十二月三十一日         4,762         7,618         8,206         7,753         114,755         -         143,000           Accumulated depreciation and impairment         累計折音及減值         -         -         670         1,240         1,707         7,741         -         153,2           Disposals         出售         (171)         (2,084)         020         6,079         -         162,000           Sat 31 December 2021 and         於二零二-年十二月三十一日及         (171)         (2,084)         62,01         (110)         -         -         (2,600)           As at 31 December 2021 and         於二零二-年十二月三十一日及         -         371         132         68         119         475         -         1,100           Impairment         減值         -         1371   | 1 January 2022               | 二零二二年一月一日      | 4,762                                     | 9,091  | 9,122   | 8,616  | 114,755   | -   | 146,346                                |
| written-off       # $	ilde{H}$ -       (893)       (483)       (527)       -       -       (1,9)         As at 31 December 2022 $k = \$ = 1 = 4 = 16 = 1 = 16$ 4,762       7,618       8,206       7,753       114,755       -       143,00         Accumulated depreciation and inpairment       #1 $ft$ #20 #2 $k = \$ = -4 = -16 = 16$ 4,260       12,866       8,890       9,344       117,932       -       153,2         Charge for the year       # $fth = 0$ 300       504       4400       260       6,079       -       7,741       -       113,27         Impairment       #@       -       670       1,240       1,707       7,741       -       11,260       -       62,60       -       62,60       -       62,60       -       62,60       -       62,60       -       7,721       -       11,20       -       12,316       -       14,320       -       62,60       -       62,60       -       7,721       -       12,26,60       12,866       8,890       9,344       117,932       -       14,32,40       -       62,60       -       7,72,714       -       14,26,70       -       62,60       -       7,72,72,72,72,72,72,72,72,72,  | Additions                    | 添置             | -   | 488  | _   | 12   | -   | -   | 500                                    |
| As at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年十二月三十一日 4,762 7,618 8,206 7,753 114,755 - 143,0<br>Accumulated depreciation and 累計折着及減值<br>impairment<br>As at 1 January 2021 於二零二一年一月一日 4,260 12,866 8,890 9,344 117,932 - 153,2<br>Charge for the year 年内扣除 300 504 440 260 6,079 - 7,9<br>January 2021 放二零二一年一月一日 4,260 12,866 8,890 9,344 117,932 - 153,2<br>Charge for the year 年内扣除 300 504 440 260 6,079 - 7,9<br>January 2021 出售 (171) (2,084) (92) (411) - 1,1<br>Disposals 出售 (171) (2,084) (92) (411) - 2,02<br>Liamination upon written-off 撤销時抵销 (2) (3,353) (1,729) (2,507) (18,436) - (26,6<br>As at 31 December 2021 and 於二零二二年一月一日 4,387 8,603 8,749 8,393 113,316 - 143,4<br>Impairment 減值 - 37 38 5 681 - 7<br>Disposals 出售 - (594) (217) (222) (1,1<br>Elimination upon written-off 撤销時抵销 - (594) (217) (222) (1,1<br>Elimination upon written-off 撤销時抵销 - (616) (459) (500) - (1,5<br>As at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年十二月三十一日 4,758 7,562 8,179 7,725 114,472 - 142,67<br>Carrying amounts 聚面值<br>As at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年十二月三十一日 4 56 27 28 283 - 3  | Disposals                    | 出售             | -   | (1,068)                                      | (433)   | (348)  | -   | -   | (1,849)                                |
| Accumulated depreciation and<br>impairment       累計折舊及減值         As at 1 January 2021       於二零二一年一月一日       4,260       12,866       8,890       9,344       117,932       -       153,2         Impairment       減值       -       670       1,240       1,707       7,741       -       113,2         Disposals       出售       (171)       (2,084)       (92)       (411)       -       12,2         As at 31 December 2021 and       於二零二一年十二月三十一日及       (2)       (3,333)       (1,729)       (2,507)       (18,436)       -       143,4         As at 31 December 2021 and       於二零二二年一月一日       4,387       8,603       8,749       8,393       113,316       -       143,4         Impairment       減值       -       -37       38       5       681       -       1,5         Disposals       出售       -       (564)       (217)       (292)       -       -       (1,1)         Impairment       減值       -       (616)       (459)       (500)       -       -       (1,2)         Disposals       出售       -       (616)       (459)       (500)       -       (1,5)         As at 31 December 2022       於二零二二年十二月三十一日       4   | written-off                  | 撤銷             | _   | (893)  | (483)   | (527)  |   |   | (1,903)                                |
| impairment           As at 1 January 2021         於二零二一年一月一日         4,260         12,866         8,890         9,344         117,932         -         153,2           Charge for the year         年內扣除         300         504         440         260         6,079         -         7,5           Impairment         減值         -         670         1,240         1,707         7,741         -         11,3           Disposals         出售         (171)         (2,084)         (92)         (411)         -         -         (2,7)           As at 31 December 2021 and<br>1 January 2022         二零二二年十二月三十一日及         -         371         132         68         119         475         -         11,1           Impairment         減值         -         5681         -         143,46         -         143,46           Charge for the year         年內扣除         371         132         68         119         475         -         1,1           Impairment         減值         -         554)         (217)         (292)         -         -         (1,1           Isposals         出售         -         (564)         (217)         (292)         -         -   | As at 31 December 2022       | 於二零二二年十二月三十一日  | 4,762                                     | 7,618  | 8,206   | 7,753  | 114,755   | _   | 143,094                                |
| Charge for the year       年内扣除       300       504       440       260       6,079        7,5         Impairment       減值        670       1,240       1,707       7,741        11,2         Disposals       出售       (171)       (2,084)       (92)       (411)         (2,7)         Elimination upon written-off       撤銷時抵銷       (2)       (3,353)       (1,729)       (2,507)       (18,436)        (26,000)         As at 31 December 2021       and       於二零二年十二月三十一日及         68       119       475        1,43,46         Impairment       減值        (594)       (217)       (292)         (1,15)         Disposals       出售        (616)       (459)       (500)        -       (1,5)         As at 31 December 2022       於二零二二年十二月三十一日       4,758       7,562       8,179       7,725       114,472        142,60         Carrying amounts       慶面値       於二零二二年十二月三十一日       4       56       27       28       283        33   |                              | 累計折舊及減值        |   |  |   |  |   |   |  |
| Impairment       減值       -       670       1,240       1,707       7,741       -       11,3         Disposals       出售       (171)       (2,084)       (92)       (411)       -       -       (2,7)         Elimination upon written-off       撤銷時抵銷       (2)       (3,353)       (1,729)       (2,507)       (18,436)       -       (26,6)         As at 31 December 2021 and       於二零二二年一月一日       4,387       8,603       8,749       8,393       113,316       -       143,40         Charge for the year       年內扣除       371       132       68       119       475       -       1,1         Impairment       減值       -       (594)       (217)       (292)       -       -       (1,1         Elimination upon written-off       撤銷時抵銷       -       (616)       (459)       (500)       -       (1,1         As at 31 December 2022       於二零二年十二月三十一日       4       56       27       28       283       -       38         As at 31 December 2022       於二零二二年十二月三十一日       4       56       27       28       283       -       38  | As at 1 January 2021         | 於二零二一年一月一日     | 4,260                                     | 12,866                                       | 8,890   | 9,344  | 117,932   | _   | 153,292                                |
| Disposals       出售       (171)       (2,084)       (92)       (411)       -       -       (2,7)         Elimination upon written-off       撤銷時抵銷       (2)       (3,353)       (1,729)       (2,507)       (18,436)       -       (26,6)         As at 31 December 2021 and       於二零二年十二月三十一日及       -       -       -       (41,72)       -       (17,6)       (26,6)         As at 31 December 2021 and       於二零二年十二月三十一日及       -       -       -       (17,1)       (2,084)       (92)       (411)       -       -       (26,6)         As at 31 December 2021 and       於二零二年十二月三十一日       -       -       -       13,316       -       143,46         Impairment       減值       -       -       371       132       68       119       475       -       1,1         Disposals       出售       -       -       554)       (217)       (292)       -       -       (1,1)         Elimination upon written-off       撤銷時抵銷       -       (616)       (459)       (500)       -       -       (1,2)         As at 31 December 2022       於二零二二年十二月三十一日       4       56       27       28       283       -       33         <  | Charge for the year          | 年內扣除           | 300                                       | 504  | 440   | 260  | 6,079   | _   | 7,583                                  |
| Elimination upon written-off 撒銷時抵銷 (2) (3,353) (1,729) (2,507) (18,436) — (26,07) (18,436) = (26,07) (18,43 | Impairment                   |                | -   | 670  | 1,240   | 1,707  | 7,741   | _   | 11,358                                 |
| As at 31 December 2021 and  |                              |                | ( )                                       | ., ,   | . ,   | . ,  | _   | _   | (2,758)                                |
| 1 January 2022       二零二二年一月一日       4,387       8,603       8,749       8,393       113,316       -       143,4         Charge for the year       年內扣除       371       132       68       119       475       -       1,1         Impairment       減值       -       371       132       68       119       475       -       1,1         Disposals       出售       -       37       38       5       681       -       7         Disposals       出售       -       (594)       (217)       (292)       -       -       (1,1         Elimination upon written-off       撤銷時抵銷       -       (616)       (459)       (500)       -       -       142,6         As at 31 December 2022       於二零二年十二月三十一日       4,758       7,562       8,179       7,725       114,472       -       142,6         As at 31 December 2022       於二零二年十二月三十一日       4       56       27       28       283       -       33   | Elimination upon written-off | 撤銷時抵銷          | (2)                                       | (3,353)                                      | (1,729)   | (2,507)  | (18,436)  | _   | (26,027)                               |
| Charge for the year       年內扣除       371       132       68       119       475       -       1,1         Impairment       減值       -       371       132       68       119       475       -       1,1         Disposals       出售       -       371       38       5       681       -       77         Elimination upon written-off       撤銷時抵銷       -       (594)       (217)       (292)       -       -       (1,1)         As at 31 December 2022       於二零二二年十二月三十一日       4,758       7,562       8,179       7,725       114,472       -       142,60         Carrying amounts       販面值       於二零二二年十二月三十一日       4       56       27       28       283       -       33   | As at 31 December 2021 and   |                |   |  |   |  |   |   |  |
| Impairment       減值       -       37       38       5       681       -       7         Disposals       出售       -       (594)       (217)       (292)       -       -       (1,1         Elimination upon written-off       撤銷時抵銷       -       (616)       (459)       (500)       -       -       (1,5         As at 31 December 2022       於二零二二年十二月三十一日       4,758       7,562       8,179       7,725       114,472       -       142,6         Carrying amounts       應面值        -       4       56       27       28       283       -       38  | 1 January 2022               | 二零二二年一月一日      | 4,387                                     | 8,603  | 8,749   | 8,393  | 113,316   | —   | 143,448                                |
| Disposals 出售 - (594) (217) (292) (1,1<br>Elimination upon written-off 激銷時抵銷 - (616) (459) (500) (1,5<br>As at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年十二月三十一日 4,758 7,562 8,179 7,725 114,472 - 142,6<br>Carrying amounts 腹面值<br>As at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年十二月三十一日 4 56 27 28 283 - 3   | 5 ,                          |                | 371                                       |  |   |  |   | -   | 1,165                                  |
| Elimination upon written-off 撤銷時抵銷 - (616) (459) (500) (1,5<br>As at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年十二月三十一日 4,758 7,562 8,179 7,725 114,472 - 142,6<br>Carrying amounts 服面值<br>As at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年十二月三十一日 4 56 27 28 283 - 3  |                              |                | -   |  |   |  | 681   | -   | 761                                    |
| As at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年十二月三十一日 4,758 7,562 8,179 7,725 114,472 - 142,6<br>Carrying amounts 膜面值<br>As at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年十二月三十一日 4 56 27 28 283 - 3   |                              |                | -   |  |   |  | -   | —   | (1,103)                                |
| Carrying amounts         賬面值           As at 31 December 2022         於二零二二年十二月三十一日         4         56         27         28         283         —         3  | Elimination upon written-off | 撤銷時批銷          |   | (616)  | (459)   | (500)  |   |   | (1,575)                                |
| As at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年十二月三十一日 4 56 27 28 283 — 3   | As at 31 December 2022       | 於二零二二年十二月三十一日  | 4,758                                     | 7,562  | 8,179   | 7,725  | 114,472   | _   | 142,696                                |
|   |                              |                | 4   | 56   | 27  | 28   | 283   | _   | 398                                    |
| As at 31 December 2021  | As at 31 December 2021       | 於二零二一年十二月三十一日  | 375                                       | 488  | 373   | 223  | 1,439   | _   | 2,898                                  |

#### For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

## 16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT *(Continued)*

Impairment tests for property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

Due to the significant loss during the year ended 31 December 2022, the management of the Group concluded there was indication for impairment and conducted impairment assessment on certain property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets with carrying amounts of approximately RMB1,159,000 and RMB20,997,000 (2021: RMB14,256,000 and RMB21,534,000) respectively.

For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at each store level for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). An impairment loss was recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is estimated based on a value in use calculation. These calculations used pre-tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering the following 5 years with a pre-tax discount rate is 12.79% as at 31 December 2022 (2021: 12.08%), respectively. The key assumptions used for impairment tests for property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 are the revenue growth rates which are based on the estimated growth rate of each restaurant store unit taking into account the industry growth rate, past experience and the medium term growth target of restaurant business.

The Group recognised impairment loss of approximately RMB761,000 (2021: RMB11,358,000) and RMB9,178,000 (2021: RMB7,660,000) to property, plant and equipment and right-ofuse assets, respectively, for the year ended 31 December 2022 by comparing each store's recoverable amount with its carrying amounts.

#### 16. 物業、廠房及設備*(續)*

物業、廠房及設備及使用權資產減 值測試

由於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止 年度錄得重大虧損,本集團管理層認 為有減值跡象,故對賬面值分別約為 人民幣1,159,000元及人民幣20,997,000 元(二零二一年:人民幣14,256,000元及 人民幣21,534,000元)的若干物業、廠 房及設備以及使用權資產進行減值評 估。

就物業、廠房及設備及使用權資產而 言,本集團於截至二零二二年十二月三 十一日止年度將各間店舖的可收回金 額與其賬面值作比較,從而確認減值 虧損分別約人民幣761,000元(二零二一 年:人民幣11,358,000元)及人民幣 9,178,000元(二零二一年:人民幣 7,660,000元)。

#### 17. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS/LEASE LIABILITIES 17. 使用權資產/租賃負債

|  |                 | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Right-of-use assets                                      | 使用權資產           |                                   |                                   |
| Shops  | 店舖              | _                                 | 7,083                             |
| Offices  | 辦公室             | 11,819                            | 6,791                             |
|  |                 |                                   |                                   |
|  |                 | 11,819                            | 13,874                            |
|  |                 |                                   |                                   |
| Lease liabilities payables:                              | 應付租賃負債:         |                                   |                                   |
| — Within one year  | — 一年內           | 14,196                            | 14,755                            |
| <ul> <li>More than one year but not more than</li> </ul> | — 一年以上但不超過兩年    |                                   |                                   |
| two years  |                 | 10,625                            | 10,632                            |
| - More than two years but less than five year            | rs — 网年以上但个超過五年 | 4,176                             | 4,566                             |
|  |                 | 20.007                            | 20.052                            |
| Less: Amount due for settlement with                     | 減:在流動負債所示下      | 28,997                            | 29,953                            |
| 12 months shown under current                            | 12個月內結付的到期      |                                   |                                   |
| liabilities  | 款項              | (14,196)                          | (14,755)                          |
|  |                 |                                   |                                   |
| Amounts due for settlement after 12 months               |                 |                                   |                                   |
| shown under non-current liabilities                      | 月後結付的到期款項       | 14,801                            | 15,198                            |

The Group obtains right to control the use of various shops and offices for a period of time through lease arrangements. As at 31 December 2022, rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods of 1 to 5 years (2021: 1 to 5 years). Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, total cash outflows for leases of approximately RMB18,385,000 (2021: RMB28,681,000) were included in net cash used in financing activities.

Extension options are included in a number of property leases across the Group. These terms are used to maximise operational flexibility in terms of managing contracts. 本集團透過租賃安排於一段時間內獲 得使用多間店舖及辦公室的控制權。 於二零二二年十二月三十一日,租賃合 約通常為固定租期1至5年(二零二一年: 1至5年)。租賃條款乃個別磋商及包括 多項不同條款及條件。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度, 租賃的總現金流出約人民幣18,385,000 元(二零二一年:人民幣28,681,000元) 已計入融資活動所用現金淨額。

本集團多項物業租賃包含延續權。該 等條款旨在於管理合約方面爭取最大 經營靈活度。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 17. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS/LEASE LIABILITIES 17. 使用權資產/租賃負債(*續*) (Continued)

Amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and profit or loss

於綜合財務狀況及損益表中確認的 款項

The carrying amounts of the Group's right-of-use assets and lease liabilities and the movements during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 are as follow:

本集團使用權資產及租賃負債於截至 二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度的賬面值及變動如下:

|  |                             | Right-of-use<br>assets<br>使用權資產<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | Lease<br>liabilities<br>租賃負債<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 |
|--|-----------------------------|---|--|
| As at 1 January 2021                         | 於二零二一年一月一日                  | 40 770  | 66 160   |
| As at 1 January 2021<br>Depreciation expense | ☆ <u>一</u> ◆一一+一万一口<br>折舊開支 | 48,778  | 66,162   |
|  | 河區州又減值                      | (22,231)  | _  |
| Impairment                                   | <u> </u>                    | (7,660)   | (0.021)  |
| Lease modification                           |                             | (5,013)   | (8,921)  |
| Interest expense                             | 利息開支                        |   | 3,201  |
| Rent concession                              | 租金減免                        | —   | (1,808)  |
| Payments                                     | 付款                          |   | (28,681)   |
|  |                             |   |  |
| As at 31 December 2021 and                   | 於二零二一年十二月三十一日及              | 45.054  |  |
| 1 January 2022                               | 二零二二年一月一日                   | 13,874  | 29,953   |
| Additions                                    | 添置                          | 18,713  | 18,713   |
| Depreciation expense                         | 折舊開支                        | (8,706)   | —  |
| Impairment                                   | 減值                          | (9,178)   | —  |
| Lease modification                           | 租賃修訂                        | (2,884)   | (3,830)  |
| Interest expense                             | 利息開支                        | —   | 2,546  |
| Payments                                     | 付款                          |   | (18,385)   |
| As at 31 December 2022                       | 於二零二二年十二月三十一日               | 11,819  | 28,997   |
|  |                             |   |  |

For the details of impairment of right-of-use assets, please refer to Note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

有關使用權資產減值的詳情,請參閱 綜合財務報表附註16。

#### **18. INTANGIBLE ASSET**

#### 18. 無形資產

|  |   |               | Computer Software<br>電腦軟件<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 |
|--|---|---------------|---|
| <b>Cost:</b><br>As at 1 January 2021, 31 December 2021,<br>1 January 2022 and 31 December 2022 | <b>成本:</b><br>於二零二一年一月<br>二零二一年十二<br>二零二二年一月<br>二零二二年十二 | 月三十一日、<br>一日及 | 627   |
| <b>Accumulated amortisation:</b><br>As at 1 January 2021<br>Amortisation for the year          | <b>累計攤銷:</b><br>於二零二一年一月<br>年內攤銷                        | 一日            | 623<br>                                       |
| As at 31 December 2021, 1 January 2022 and 31 December 2022                                    | 於二零二一年十二<br>二零二二年一月 <sup>:</sup><br>十二月三十一日             | 一日及二零二二年      | 627   |
| <b>Carrying amounts:</b><br>As at 31 December 2022   | <b>賬面值</b> :<br>於二零二二年十二                                | 月三十一日         | _   |
| As at 31 December 2021   | 於二零二一年十二  | 月三十一日         |   |
| The following useful lives are used in the amortisation:                                       | calculation of  | 計算攤銷時使用       | 以下可用年期:                                       |
| Computer software 5 years  |   | 電腦軟件          | 五年  |
| The above intangible asset is amortised on basis.  | a straight-line   | 上述無形資產按       | 直線基準攤銷。                                       |

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **19. TRADE RECEIVABLES**

#### 19. 貿易應收款項

|  |  |     | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 |
|--|--|-----|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Trade receivables<br>Less: Allowance for expected credit   | 貿易應收款項<br>loss 減:預期信貸虧損撥               | 備   | 4,474<br>(2,519)                  | 5,090<br>(2,207)                  |
|  |  |     | 1,955                             | 2,883                             |
| As at 1 January 2021, trade receiv customers approximately RMB5,145,0  |  |     | 二零二一年一月一日<br>貿易應收款項約為<br>。        |                                   |
| As at 31 December 2022 and 202 trade receivables of the Group ap amounts.  |  |     | 二零二二年及二零二<br>日,本集團貿易應收<br>賬面值相若。  |                                   |
| (a) The aging analysis of trade receivables, based on the<br>invoice date and net of allowance for expected credit<br>loss, were as follows: |  | (a) |                                   | 分並扣除預期信<br>易應收款項賬齡                |
|  |  |     | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 |
| 0–30 days<br>31–90 days<br>91–180 days<br>181–360 days   | 0-30日<br>31-90日<br>91-180日<br>181-360日 |     | 1,252<br>179<br>469<br>55         | 2,490<br>1<br>386<br>6            |
|  |  |     | 1,955                             | 2,883                             |

The Directors consider trade receivables mainly derived from sales through shopping malls or billed settled with credit cards, wechat or alipay, which are generally collectible within 1 month from sales date and no past due history.

No interest is charged on the trade receivables. The long aging balances are due from certain frequent customers and the management considers that these receivables are recoverable. 董事認為貿易應收款項主要來自 透過購物商場作出的銷售或以信 用卡、微信或支付寶結算的發 票,其一般可於自銷售日期起1個 月內收回且並無逾期記錄。

概無就貿易應收款項徵收利息。 賬齡長久的結餘乃由若干頻繁客 戶結欠,管理層認為該等應收款 項可以收回。

#### **19. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)**

#### 19. 貿易應收款項(續)

- Movement in the allowance for expected credit loss of (b) trade receivables:
- (b) 貿易應收款項預期信貸虧損撥備 變動:

|   |                     | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 |
|---|---------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| As at 1 January   | 於一月一日               | (2,207)                           | (2,876)                           |
| (Allowance for)/reversal of allowance<br>for expected credit loss | 預期信貸虧損撥備<br>(撥備)/撥回 | (312)                             | 669                               |
| As at 31 December   | 於十二月三十一日            | (2,519)                           | (2,207)                           |

The impairment losses recognised is the estimated amount of the trade receivables that will not be collected.

#### 20. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER 20. 預付款項、按金及其他應收款 **RECEIVABLES**

## τΞ

已確認減值虧損為將不會收回的

貿易應收款項估計金額。

| - | - |  |
|---|---|--|
|   |   |  |
|   |   |  |
|   |   |  |
|   |   |  |
|   |   |  |

|  |                   | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 |
|--|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Included in non-current assets:            | 計入非流動資產:          |                                   |                                   |
| Rental deposits — non-current portion      | 租賃按金 — 非流動部分      | 4,611                             | 6,889                             |
| Included in current assets:                | 計入流動資產:           |                                   |                                   |
| Rental and utilities prepayments           | 租金及公共設施預付款項       | 447                               | 2,608                             |
| Raw materials procurement prepayments      | 原材料採購預付款項         | 520                               | 584                               |
| Rental deposits — current portion          | 租賃按金 — 流動部分       | 214                               | 1,437                             |
| Value added tax inputs                     | 增值税輸入值            | 6,518                             | 19,937                            |
| Staff advances                             | 員工墊款              | 519                               | 420                               |
| Other receivables and prepayments due from | 應收關聯方的其他款項及       |                                   |                                   |
| related parties (Note 32(c)(ii))           | 預付款項(附註32(c)(ii)) | 276                               | 187                               |
| Others                                     | 其他                | 137                               | 11                                |
| Less: Allowance for expected credit loss   | 減:預期信貸虧損撥備        | (301)                             | (392)                             |
|  |                   |                                   |                                   |
|  |                   | 8,330                             | 24,792                            |

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 20. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the carrying amounts of prepayments, deposits and other receivables were primarily denominated in RMB and approximated their fair value. The maximum exposure to credit risk at each of the reporting dates is the carrying value of each class of prepayment, deposits and other receivables mentioned above. The Group does not hold any collateral as security. The amount reported in the impairment losses recognised on deposits and other receivables is the estimated amount of the accounts receivable that will not be collected.

Movement in the allowance for expected credit loss of deposits and other receivables:

## **20.** 預付款項、按金及其他應收款 項(續)

於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十 一日,預付款項及其他應收款項还 值主要以人民幣計值,並與其公平值 相若。於各報告日期承受的最高信 風險是上述各類預付款項及其他應收 款項的賬面值。本集團並無持有應收 款押品作擔保。就按金及其他應收 項確認的減值虧損的報告金額為不可 收回應收賬款的估計金額。

按金及其他應收款項預期信貸虧損撥 備變動:

|   |                     | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 |
|---|---------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| As at 1 January<br>Reversal of allowance for expected credit loss | 於一月一日<br>撥回預期信貸虧損撥備 | (392)<br>91                       | (1,298)<br>906                    |
| As at 31 December   | 於十二月三十一日            | (301)                             | (392)                             |

Details of assessment for expected credit loss was disclosed in Note 6(a).

預期信貸虧損的評估詳情於附註6(a)披露。

#### **21. INVENTORIES**

#### 21. 存貨

|   |                 | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Foods and beverage<br>Other materials consumables | 食品及飲品<br>其他材料耗材 | 14,524<br>564                     | 12,051<br>607                     |
|   |                 | 15,088                            | 12,658                            |

The cost of inventories recognised and included in "Raw materials and consumables used" in 2022 and 2021 amounted to approximately RMB22,364,000 and RMB55,020,000, respectively.

於二零二二年及二零二一年,於「所用 原材料及耗材」中確認及計入的存貨成 本分別為約人民幣22,364,000元及人民 幣55,020,000元。

#### 22. 現金及現金等價物 22. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 2022 2021 二零二二年 二零二一年 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 Cash at banks 銀行現金 1,701 2,196 現金及銀行結餘按下列貨幣計值: Cash and bank balances are denominated in the following currencies: 2022 2021 二零二二年 二零二一年 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元

| RMB | 人民幣 | 953   | 1,292 |
|-----|-----|-------|-------|
| HKD | 港元  | 748   | 904   |
|     |     | 1,701 | 2,196 |

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For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 23. SHARE CAPITAL

#### 23. 股本

Share capital of the Company

#### 本公司股本

|   |   | Number of<br>shares<br>股份數目 | <b>Amount</b><br>金額<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | Amount<br>equivalent to<br>相當於<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 |
|---|---|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Authorised  | 法定  |                             |  |  |
| As at 1 January 2021  | 於二零二一年一月一日                                  |                             |  |  |
| of HK\$0.00002 each   | (每股0.00002港元)                               | 19,000,000,000              | 380                                    | 306  |
| Share consolidation   | 股份合併(附註(a))                                 |                             |  |  |
| (Note (a))  |   | (18,050,000,000)            |  |  |
| As at 31 December<br>2021 and 1 January<br>2022 of HK\$0.0004 | 於二零二一年十二月三十一日<br>及二零二二年一月一日<br>(每股0.0004港元) |                             |  |  |
| each  |   | 950,000,000                 | 380                                    | 306  |
| Share consolidation<br>(Note (b))                             | 股份合併(附註(b))                                 | (855,000,000)               | _                                      |  |
| Additional authorised<br>share capital                        | 額外法定股本(附註(b))                               | (833,000,000)               |  |  |
| (Note (b))  |   | 405,000,000                 | 1,620                                  | 1,383  |
| As at 31 December<br>2022 of HK\$0.004                        | 於二零二二年十二月三十一日<br>(每股0.004港元)                | 500 000 000                 | 2 000                                  | 1 690  |
| each  |   | 500,000,000                 | 2,000                                  | 1,689  |

**综合財務報表附註** For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 23. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

23. 股本(續)

Share capital of the Company (Continued)

#### 本公司股本(續)

|   | Number of<br>shares<br>股份數目  | <b>Amount</b><br>金額<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元   | Amount<br>equivalent to<br>相當於<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元  |
|---|--|--|---|
| 口惑行口御口  |  |  |   |
|   |  |  |   |
| (每股0.00002港元)                                 | 6,373,602,437  | 128  | 109   |
|   | (6,054,922,316)  | _  | _   |
| 供股時發行股份(附註(c))                                |  |  |   |
| ᇨᇉᅖᇞᇥᅬᇓᇗᅮᅭ                                    | 318,680,121  | 127  | 106   |
|   |  |  |   |
|   | 44,615,200   | 18   | 15  |
|   |  |  |   |
| 於二零二一年十二月三十一日<br>及於二零二二年一月一日<br>(気いつ 2024)#二) |  |  |   |
| (母放0.0004) 危力)                                | 681 975 442  | 273  | 230   |
| 行使購股權計劃項下的<br>購股權(附註(e))                      | 001,575,442  | 273  | 230   |
|   | 19,120,800   | 7  | 6   |
| 股份合併(附註(b))                                   |  |  |   |
| <b>配</b> 隹 股 份 ( 附 註 /f ))                    | (630,986,618)  | —  | —   |
|   | 28,000,000   | 112  | 96  |
| 於二零二二年十二月三十一日                                 |  |  |   |
| (每股0.004港元)                                   | 98,109,624   | 392  | 332   |
|   | 股份合併(附註(a))<br>供股時發行股份(附註(c))<br>行使購股權計劃項下的<br>購股權(附註(d))<br>於二零二一年十二月三十一日<br>及於二零二二年一月一日<br>(每股0.0004港元)<br>行使購股權計劃項下的<br>購股權(附註(e))<br>股份合併(附註(b))<br>配售股份(附註(f))<br>於二零二二年十二月三十一日 | 記事:         Shares<br>股份數目                已發行及繳足<br>於二零二一年一月一日<br>(每股0.00002港元)<br>股份合併(附註(a))              6,373,602,437<br>(6,054,922,316)<br>(6,054,922,316)<br>318,680,121                 伊皮時發行股份(附註(c))<br>行使購股權計劃項下的<br>購股權(附註(d))              44,615,200                 於二零二一年十二月三十一日<br>(每股0.0004港元)              681,975,442                 行使購股權計劃項下的<br>購股權(附註(e))               19,120,800                 股份合併(附註(b))               (630,986,618)                 配售股份(附註(f))               28,000,000                 於二零二二年十二月三十一日             (每股0.004港元)               28,000,000 | Number of<br>shares金額<br>HK\$'000<br>干港元C 發行及繳足<br>於二零二一年一月一日<br>(每股0.00002港元)<br>股份合併(附註(a))6,373,602,437128度份合併(附註(a))<br>(6,054,922,316)(6,054,922,316)-供股時發行股份(附註(c))<br>71使購股權計劃項下的<br>購股權(附註(d))318,680,121127於二零二一年十二月三十一日<br>(每股0.0004港元)681,975,442273行使購股權計劃項下的<br>購股權(附註(e))19,120,8007股份合併(附註(b))<br>配售股份(附註(f))(630,986,618)-於二零二二年十二月三十一日<br>(每股0.004港元)28,000,000112 |

#### Notes:

附註:

- (a) Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed in the extraordinary general meeting of the Company on 12 January 2021, every twenty issued and unissued shares of HK\$0.00002 each were consolidated into one consolidated share of the Company of HK\$0.0004 each with effect on 14 January 2021.
- (b) Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed in the extraordinary general meeting of the Company on 28 June 2022, i) every ten issued and unissued shares of HK\$0.0004 each were consolidated into one consolidated share of the Company of HK\$0.004 each; and ii) increase in authorised share capital of the Company from HK\$380,000 divided into 95,000,000 consolidated shares to HK\$2,000,000 divided into 500,000,000 consolidated shares by the creation of an additional 405,000,000 new consolidated shares, the changes took effect on 30 June 2022.

- (a) 根據本公司於二零二一年一月十二日的股 東特別大會上通過的一項普通決議案,每 二十股本公司的已發行及未發行股份(每股 面值0.00002港元)合併為一股本公司的合 併股份(每股面值0.0004港元),於二零二 一年一月十四日起生效。
- (b) 根據本公司於二零二二年六月二十八日的股東特別大會上通過的一項普通決議案, i)每十股本公司的已發行及未發行股份(每股面值0.0004港元)合併為一股本公司的合併股份(每股面值0.004港元):及ii)透過增設405,000,000股新合併股份,將本公司的法定股本由380,000港元(分為95,000,000股合併股份)增加至2,000,000港元(分為500,000,000股合併股份),有關變化於二零二二年六月三十日生效。

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#### 23. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

#### Share capital of the Company (Continued)

#### Notes: (Continued)

- (c) On 22 February 2021, the Company completed a rights issue (the "Rights Issue") on the basis of one rights share for every one share held on 26 January 2021 at the subscription price of HK\$0.142 per rights share and allotted and issued 318,680,121 shares. Gross Rights Issue proceeds of approximately HK\$45,253,000 (equivalent to RMB37,774,000) of which approximately HK\$127,000 (equivalent to RMB106,000) was credited against share capital and the remaining proceeds of approximately HK\$44,250,000 (equivalent to RMB36,937,000) after offsetting the share issuance costs of approximately HK\$876,000 (equivalents to RMB731,000) were credited against the share premium account.
- (d) On 6 September 2021, 44,615,200 ordinary shares were issued in relation to exercise of share options under the share option scheme (the "Scheme") approved and adopted by the Company on 2 June 2021.
- (e) On 21 January 2022, 19,120,800 ordinary shares were issued in relation to exercise of share options under the share option scheme approved and adopted by the Company on 2 June 2021.
- (f) On 15 August 2022, the Company placed 28,000,000 new shares to not less than six placees at the placing price of HK\$0.65 per placing share with total gross proceeds of HK\$18,200,000 (equivalent to RMB15,976,000) and the related issue expenses were approximately HK\$560,000 (equivalent to RMB491,000).

#### 23. 股本(續)

本公司股本(續)

附註: (*續)* 

- (c) 於二零二一年二月二十二日,本公司完成 按於二零二一年一月二十六日每持有一股 股份獲發一股供股股份之基準進行的供股 (「供股」),認購價為每股供股股份0.142港 元,並配發及發行318,680,121股股份。供 股所得款項總額為約45,253,000港元(相當 於人民幣37,774,000元),其中約127,000港 元(相當於人民幣106,000元)已計入股本, 其餘所得款項約44,250,000港元(相當於人 民幣36,937,000元)在抵銷股份發行成本約 876,000港元(相當於人民幣731,000元)後 已計入股份溢價賬。
- (d) 於二零二一年九月六日,因行使本公司於 二零二一年六月二日批准及採納的購股權 計劃(「該計劃」)項下的購股權而發行 44,615,200股普通股。
- (e) 於二零二二年一月二十一日,因行使本公司於二零二一年六月二日批准及採納的購 股權計劃項下購股權而發行19,120,800股 普通股。
- (f) 於二零二二年八月十五日,本公司向不少 於六名承配人配售28,000,000股新股,配 售價為每股配售股份0.65港元,所得款項 總額為18,200,000港元(相當於人民幣 15,976,000元),相關發行開支約為 560,000港元(相當於人民幣491,000元)。

#### 24. TRADE PAYABLES

#### 24. 貿易應付款項

|   |  |          | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元              | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元         |
|---|--|----------|--|---|
| Trade payables  | 貿易應付款項   |          | 24,603   | 29,551                                    |
| The credit period on trade payables   | is generally 30–180 days.                      | 貿易日      | 易應付款項的信貸<br>。                                  | 期通常為30至180                                |
| As at 31 December 2022 and 2021 trade payables (including amounts trading in nature) based on invoice | due to related parties of                      | 一日<br>項則 | 二零二二年及二零二<br>日,根據發票日期畫<br>賬齡分析(包括屬貿<br>方款項)如下: | 分的貿易應付款                                   |
|   |  |          | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元              | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元         |
| 0–30 days<br>31–90 days<br>91–180 days<br>181–360 days<br>Over 1 year                                 | 0-30日<br>31-90日<br>91-180日<br>181-360日<br>超過一年 |          | 1,797<br>4,745<br>6,336<br>5,992<br>5,733      | 4,893<br>5,489<br>8,444<br>5,580<br>5,145 |
|   |  |          | 24,603   | 29,551                                    |
| As at 31 December 2022 and 202 the Group's trade payables were de                                     |  | — E      | 二零二二年及二零二<br>日,本集團貿易應付<br>民幣計值。                |   |

For balance with related parties, please refer to Note 32(c)(i).

有關與關聯方的結餘,請參閲附註32(c) (i)。

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#### **25. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS**

#### 25. 其他應付款項及應計費用

|  |                    | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 |
|--|--------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
|  |                    |                                   |                                   |
| Staff costs and welfare accruals               | 員工成本及福利應計費用        | 56,938                            | 52,126                            |
| Leasehold improvements payable                 | 租賃改善裝修應付款項         | 6,741                             | 2,059                             |
| Payable to payroll related services (Note (a)) | 就工資相關服務應付款項        |                                   |                                   |
|  | (附註(a))            | 1,968                             | 1,028                             |
| Rental payable                                 | 租賃應付款項             | 13,800                            | 7,489                             |
| Professional service expenses                  | 專業服務開支             | 10,457                            | 9,536                             |
| Utility payable                                | 公共設施應付款項           | 119                               | 212                               |
| Business tax and other tax liabilities         | 商業税及其他税項負債         | 2                                 | 2                                 |
| Amount due to a related party                  | 應付一名關聯方款項          |                                   |                                   |
| (Note (b) and 32(c)(iii))                      | (附註(b)及32(c)(iii)) | 1,149                             | 1,149                             |
| Amounts due to former shareholders             | 應付前股東款項(附註(b))     |                                   |                                   |
| (Note (b))                                     |                    | 25,402                            | 23,228                            |
| Amount due to the controlling shareholder      | 應付控股股東款項           |                                   |                                   |
| (Note (b))                                     | (附註(b))            | —                                 | 1,634                             |
| Amounts due to independent third parties       | 應付獨立第三方的款項         |                                   |                                   |
| (Note (c))                                     | (附註(c))            | 11,759                            | 15,856                            |
| Others   | 其他                 | 416                               | 281                               |
|  |                    |                                   |                                   |
|  |                    | 128,751                           | 114,600                           |

#### Notes:

(a)

附註:

- The Group engaged payroll services companies, the third party (a) companies, for salary and wages distribution services for certain junior position staffs (such as waiters/waitress, kitchen assistants, etc.). On monthly basis, the payroll services companies distributes salary and wages to relevant individuals after receiving payments from the Group.
- (b) The amounts due to former shareholders, the controlling shareholder, and a related party do not bear any interest and are repayable on demand.
- (c) The amounts due to independent third parties do not bear any interest and are repayable on demand.
- 若干初級職位員工提供派發薪金及工資服務(例如男/女侍應生、廚房助理等)。工 資服務公司每月在收到本集團的款項後會 向相關人士派發薪金及工資。

本集團委聘工資服務公司(獨立第三方)向

- (b) 應付前股東、控股股東及一名關聯方的款 項不計任何利息及應按需償還。
- (c) 應付獨立第三方的款項不計任何利息及應 按需償還。

#### **26. CONTRACT LIABILITIES**

#### 26. 合約負債

|  |  | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Advance received from online group<br>purchasing websites (Note (a))<br>Prepaid cards (Note (b))<br>Cash coupons and others (Note (b)) | 自網上團購網站接獲的<br>墊款(附註(a))<br>預付卡(附註(b))<br>現金券及其他(附註(b)) | <br>40,244<br>                    | 167<br>45,138<br>60               |
|  |  | 40,244                            | 45,365                            |

Notes:

附註:

(a)

- (a) The Group collaborated with online group-purchasing websites in the PRC, which acted as the sales channels of the Group through which ultimate individual customers can purchase prepaid coupons to redeem goods and services at the Group's restaurants. The online grouppurchasing websites make lump-sum payments to the Group in advance for the estimated value of electronic coupons that the websites would resell to end customers. The Group recognised such receipts as contract liabilities and when the relevant catering services are rendered to the customers who use the prepaid coupons in electronic form distributed online for settlement, the amount will be recognised as revenue and an equivalent amount will be deducted from the contract liabilities.
- (b) Prepaid cards and cash coupons and others issued by the Group, which can be utilised in the future consumption in restaurants by the customers, are recognised as contract liabilities. The prepaid cards and cash coupons of the Group are refundable. However, no refund liabilities were recognised during the years since the Directors expect that amounts to be refunded in the future reporting periods is insignificant.
- (c) Included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of the year of approximately RMB16,272,000 (2021: RMB43,072,000) were recognised as revenue during the year ended 31 December 2022.
- (d) The contract liabilities will be recognised as revenue when the Group fulfil the contract's obligation.
- (e) As at 1 January 2021, contract liabilities amounted to approximately RMB47,822,000.

它購買預付券,並於本集團的餐廳兑現商 品及服務。網上團購網站就有關網站將轉 售予終端客戶的電子券的估計價值,預先 向本集團作出一筆過付款。本集團將該等 收款確認為合約負債,而當向使用預付券 (以電子形式網上分發)結算的客戶提供相 關餐飲服務時,有關金額將確認為收益, 並自合約負債扣除相應金額。

本集團與中國網上團購網站合作,其擔當

本集團的銷售渠道,最終個人客戶可透過

- (b) 本集團發出的預付卡及現金券及其他可供 顧客將來在餐廳消費時使用,確認為合約 負債。本集團的預付卡及現金券為可退回。 然而,年內概無確認退回負債,因為董事 預計於未來報告期間將予退回的金額並不 重大。
- (c) 於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度, 計入年初合約負債的約人民幣16,272,000 元(二零二一年:人民幣43,072,000元)獲確 認為收益。
- (d) 合約負債將於本集團履行合約責任時確認 為收益。
- (e) 於二零二一年一月一日,合約負債約為人 民幣47,822,000元。

公司控股股東洪先生作個人擔保。

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#### **27. BORROWINGS**

27. 借貸

|   |   |     | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元                     |
|---|---|-----|-----------------------------------|---|
| Unsecured and guaranteed bank borrov<br>(Note (a))  | wings 無抵押及擔保銀行<br>(附註(a))                               | 資款  | 5,000                             | 4,800   |
| The carrying amounts of the above bor<br>are repayable<br>— Within one year shown under<br>current liabilities  | rowings 上述借貸的賬面值約<br>於以下時間償還<br>— 一年內(計入流動<br>負債)       |     | 5,000                             | 4,800   |
| Note:   |   | 附言  | È:                                |   |
| (a) The bank borrowing was bearing interest<br>(2021: 4.5%) per annum and repayable<br>2023. The carrying amount of the borr<br>value because the interest rate appropriate | on or before 15 December<br>owing approximated the fair | (a) | 年:4.5%)的年利率言<br>十二月十五日或之前         | 5%至4.5% (二零二一<br>+息,須於二零二三年<br>償還。由於借貸的利<br>故其賬面值亦與公平 |
| As at 31 December 2022, the bank borrov<br>RMB5,000,000 (2021: RMB4,800,000) is<br>Mr. Hung, the controlling shareholder of t   | unsecured and guaranteed by                             |     | 人民幣5,000,000元(                    | 三十一日,賬面值為<br>二零二一年:人民幣<br>借貸乃無抵押及由本                   |

综合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **28. DEFERRED INCOME TAX**

28. 遞延所得税

The analysis of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities is as follows:

遞延税項資產及遞延税項負債分析如 下:

|   |                    | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Deferred tax assets:<br>Deferred tax liabilities:   | 遞延税項資產:<br>遞延税項負債: | <br>(26)                          | 24,333<br>(75)                    |
| Deferred tax (liabilities)/assets, net  | 遞延税項(負債)/<br>資產淨額  | (26)                              | 24,258                            |
|   |                    | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 |
| As at 1 January<br>Charge to the consolidated statement of<br>or loss and other comprehensive incon |                    | 24,258                            | 25,273                            |
| (Note 12)<br>Exchange alignment   | 匯兑調整               | <b>(24,291)</b><br>7              | (1,014)                           |
| As at 31 December   | 於十二月三十一日           | (26)                              | 24,258                            |

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### 28. DEFERRED INCOME TAX (Continued) 28. 遞延所得税(續)

The movements in deferred income tax assets are as follows: 遞延所得税資產變動如下:

|   |  | Accrual<br>staff costs<br>應計<br>員工成本<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | Rental Fee<br>accruals<br>應計<br>租金費用<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | <b>Tax loss</b><br>税項虧損<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | Allowance for<br>expected<br>credit loss<br>預期信貸虧損<br>撥備<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | Accelerated<br>tax<br>depreciation<br>加速税項折舊<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | Rein-<br>statement<br>costs<br>復原成本<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | Others<br>其他<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | <b>Total</b><br>總計<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 |
|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|----------------------------------|--|
| As at 1 January 2021<br>Charge to the consolidated<br>statement of profit or loss   | 於二零二一年<br>一月一日<br>於綜合損益及其他全面<br>收益表內扣減                           | 13,294   | 2,455  | 10,076                                      | 891  | (3,300)  | 662   | 1,311                            | 25,389                                 |
| and other comprehensive income  |  | (410)  | (502)  | _   | (73)   | _  | (71)  | _                                | (1,056)                                |
| As at 31 December 2021 and<br>1 January 2022<br>(Charge)/credit to the<br>consolidated statement of<br>profit or loss and other | 於二零二一年<br>十二月三十一日及<br>二零二二年一月一日<br>於綜合損益及其他全面<br>收益表內(扣減)/<br>入賬 | 12,884   | 1,953  | 10,076                                      | 818  | (3,300)  | 591   | 1,311                            | 24,333                                 |
| comprehensive income  |  | (12,884)   | (1,953)  | (10,076)                                    | (818)  | 3,300  | (591)   | (1,311)                          | (24,333)                               |
| As at 31 December 2022  | 於二零二二年<br>十二月三十一日  | _  | _  | _   | _  | _  | -   | _                                | _                                      |

The movements in deferred income tax liabilities are as 遞延所得税負債變動如下: follows:

|   |   | Convertible<br>bonds<br>可换股債券<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 |
|---|---|---|
| As at 1 January 2021<br>Credit to the consolidated statement of profit or loss                      | 於二零二一年一月一日<br>於綜合損益及其他全面收入表內入賬              | (116)   |
| and other comprehensive income  |   | 42  |
| Exchange alignment  | 匯兑調整  | (1)   |
|   |   |   |
| As at 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022<br>Credit to the consolidated statement of profit or loss | 於二零二一年十二月三十一日及二零二二年一月一日<br>於綜合損益及其他全面收入表內入賬 | (75)  |
| and other comprehensive income  |   | 42  |
| Exchange alignment  | 匯兑調整  | 7   |
|   |   |   |
| As at 31 December 2022  | 於二零二二年十二月三十一日                               | (26)  |

#### **28. DEFERRED INCOME TAX (Continued)**

Deferred tax assets are recognised for tax loss carry-forwards to the extent that the realisation of the related tax benefit through future taxable profits is probable. The Group did not recognise deferred tax assets of approximately RMB51,339,000 (2021: RMB35,331,000) in respect of losses amounting to approximately RMB205,355,000 (2021: RMB141,323,000) for the year ended 31 December 2022.

#### **29. CONVERTIBLE BONDS**

On 4 July 2018, the Company issued the convertible bonds, which is 5-year, zero coupon and in the aggregate principal amount of approximately HK\$129,470,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB109,388,000) to the vendors, including Mr. Hung, Ms. Hung Ying, Mr. Ho Roy Poon Kwong, Mr. So Kam Chuen and Ms. Szeto Yuen Man (collectively the "**Vendors**"), as part of the consideration of the acquisition on 4 July 2018. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the acquisition agreement, the convertible bonds are convertible into the Company's shares at the initial conversion price of HK\$0.1025 per conversion share (subject to adjustments). The conversion price had been adjusted to HK\$1.75 per share upon the effective of the share consolidation and the right issue (Note 23(a), (b) and (c)). The conversion period is 5 years from the date of issue of the convertible bonds.

The bondholder could convert the principal amount outstanding under the convertible bonds registered in its names into the Company's ordinary shares (the "**Shares**") subject to the terms and conditions.

Any amount of the convertible bonds which is converted will forthwith be cancelled. Certificate in respect of the convertible bonds cancelled will be forwarded to or to the order of the Company and the convertible bonds may not be reissued or resold. Any amount of the bonds which remains outstanding on the maturity date shall be redeemed at its then outstanding principal amount. The Company shall not be entitled to redeem any part of the convertible bonds prior to the maturity date.

The convertible bonds contained two components, liability and equity component. The fair value of the liability component was calculated using an effective interest rate of 9.41% per annum for instruments of comparable credit status. The residual amount, representing the value of the equity component, has been included in the convertible bonds reserve under the consolidated statement of change in equity.

#### 28. 遞延所得税(*續*)

倘有可能透過日後應課税利潤變現為 相關税項優惠,則就結轉税項虧損確 認遞延税項資產。截至二零二二年十二 月三十一日止年度,本集團並無就約人 民幣51,339,000元(二零二一年:人民幣 35,331,000元)的虧損確認遞延税項資 產約人民幣205,355,000元(二零二一 年:人民幣141,323,000元)。

#### 29. 可換股債券

於二零一八年七月四日,本公司向賣方 (包括洪先生、洪瑩女士、何磐光先生、 蘇錦存先生及司徒婉雯女士)(統稱「**賣** 方」)發行可換股債券,為五年、零票面 息率及本金總額約129,470,000港元)(相 當於約人民幣109,388,000元),作為於 二零一八年七月四日收購事項的部分代 價。根據收購協議的條款及條件,可 換股債券可初步轉換價每股轉換股份 0.1025港元(可予調整)轉換為本公司股 份。於股份合併及供股生效後,換股 價已調整至每股1.75港元(附註23(a)、 (b)及(c))。轉換期間為可換股債券發行 日期起計五年。

債券持有人可將以其名義登記的可換股 債券的未轉換本金額轉換為本公司普 通股(「**股份**」),惟受限於條款及條件。

可換股債券獲兑換的任何金額將隨即 註銷。所有已註銷可換股債券之證書 將送呈本公司或由本公司掌管,而該等 可換股債券均不會重新發行或重售。 於到期日仍未兑換的可換股債券之任 何金額須按當時未兑換本金額予以贖 回。於到期日前,本公司不得贖回可換 股債券的任何部分。

可換股債券包含兩個部分,即負債部分 及權益部分。負債部分的公平值乃按可 資比較信貸狀況的工具的實際年利率 9.41%計算。餘值(即權益部分的價值) 已計入綜合權益變動表的可換股債券 儲備。

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#### 29. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

#### 29. 可換股債券(續)

The liability and equity components of the convertible bonds recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position were calculated as follows:

於綜合財務狀況表確認的可換股債券 的負債及權益部分按下文計算:

|   |                | Liability<br>component<br>負債部分<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | Equity<br>component<br>權益部分<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 |
|---|----------------|--|---|
|   |                |  |   |
| As at 1 January 2021                      | 於二零二一年一月一日     | 3,001  | 1,069   |
| Imputed interest recognised (Note 11)     | 已確認應計利息(附註11)  | 260  | —   |
| Exchange alignment                        | 匯兑調整           | (83)   | _   |
|   |                |  |   |
| As at 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022 | 於二零二一年十二月三十一日及 |  |   |
|   | 二零二二年一月一日      | 3,178  | 1,069   |
| Imputed interest recognised (Note 11)     | 已確認應計利息(附註11)  | 291  | _   |
| Exchange alignment                        | 匯兑調整           | 311  |   |
|   |                |  |   |
| As at 31 December 2022                    | 於二零二二年十二月三十一日  | 3,780  | 1,069   |

#### **30. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTION**

Equity-settled share option scheme of the Company

The Company's share option scheme (the "**Scheme**") was adopted pursuant to a resolution passed on 2 June 2021, the purpose of the Scheme is to enable the Company to grant options to selected eligible participants as incentives or rewards for their contribution or potential contribution to the Group and to enable the Group to recruit and retain high-calibre employees and attract human resources that are valuable to the Group. In determining whether a person has contributed or will contribute to the Group, the Group will take into account, among other things, whether contribution has been made to or will be made to the Group in terms of operation, financial performance, prospects, growth, reputation and image of the Group.

#### 30. 以股份為基礎付款交易

本公司的股權結算購股權計劃

本公司根據於二零二一年六月二日通過 的購股權計劃(「該計劃」),計劃旨在讓 本公司向選定的合資格參與者授出購 股權作為其對本集團貢獻或潛在貢獻 的獎勵或回報,以及讓本集團能夠招 聘及留任優質僱員及吸引對本集團有 實價值的人力資源。釐定某一人士是否 曾經或將會為本集團作出貢獻時,本集 團將考慮(其中包括)是否於過去或將來 為本集團的營運、財務表現、前景、增 長、聲譽及形象方面作出貢獻。

## 30. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTION *(Continued)*

#### 30. 以股份為基礎付款交易(續)

Equity-settled share option scheme of the Company (Continued)

As at 31 December 2022, the number of shares in respect of which options had been granted and remained outstanding under the Scheme was 7,010,962 (2021: 19,120,800), representing 7.1% (2021: 2.8%) of the shares of the Company in issue at that date. The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Scheme is not permitted to exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at any point in time, without prior approval from the Company's shareholders. The number of shares issued and to be issued in respect of which options granted and may be granted to any individual in any one year is not permitted to exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any point in time, without prior approval from the company's shareholders.

No consideration is payable on the grant of an option. All the share options granted shall vest to the grantees on the date of grant. The exercise price is determined by the directors of the Company, and will not be less than the higher of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares on the date of grant, (ii) the average closing price of the shares for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's shares.

Details of specific categories of options are as follows:

本公司的股權結算購股權計劃(續)

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,根據該 計劃已授出但尚未行使的購股權所涉 及的股份數目為7,010,962股(二零二一 年:19,120,800股),相當於本公司於該 日已發行股份的7.1%(二零二一年: 2.8%)。未經本公司股東事先批准,根 據該計劃可能授出的購股權所涉及的 股份總數不得超過本公司於任何時間 已發行股份的10%。未經本公司股東事 先批准,於任何一年向任何個人已授出 及可能授出的購股權所涉及的已發行及 將予發行股份數目不得超過本公司於 任何時間已發行股份的1%。

毋須就授出購股權支付代價。所有已授 出購股權將於授出日期歸屬予承授人。 行使價由本公司董事釐定,惟將不得 低於以下之較高者:(i)本公司股份於授 出日期的收市價:(ii)股份於緊接授出日 期前五個營業日的平均收市價;及(iii)本 公司股份的面值。

#### 購股權特定類別的詳情如下:

| Series                      | Remained<br>number | Vesting<br>period | Exercisable<br>date | Expiry<br>date   | Exercise<br>price | Closing price<br>immediately<br>before the date<br>of grant<br>緊接授出日期前的 |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------|-------------------|---|
| 系列                          | 餘下數目               | 歸屬期               | 可行使日期               | 屆滿日期             | 行使價               | 收市價   |
|                             |                    |                   |                     |                  | HK\$              | HK\$  |
|                             |                    |                   |                     |                  | 港元                | 港元  |
|                             |                    |                   |                     |                  |                   |   |
| Granted on 20 July 2021     | _                  | Nil               | 20 July 2021        | 19 July 2031     | 0.111             | 0.111   |
| 於二零二一年七月二十日授出               |                    | 無                 | 二零二一年七月二十日          | 二零三一年七月十九日       |                   |   |
| Granted on 19 October 2021  | _                  | Nil               | 19 October 2021     | 18 October 2031  | 0.1014            | 0.101   |
| 於二零二一年十月十九日授出               |                    | 無                 | 二零二一年十月十九日          | 二零三一年十月十八日       |                   |   |
| Granted on 30 December 2022 | 7,010,962          | Nil               | 30 December 2022    | 29 December 2032 | 0.814             | 0.76  |
| 於二零二二年十二月三十日授出              |                    | 無                 | 二零二二年十二月三十日         | 二零三二年十二月二十九日     |                   |   |

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# **30.** SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTION 30. 以股份為基礎付款交易(續) (Continued)

Equity-settled share option scheme of the Company (Continued)

下表披露年內該計劃的變動:

本公司的股權結算購股權計劃(續)

The following table discloses movements of the Scheme during the year:

|                            |             |                |              |              | As at 31      |              |                 |           |
|----------------------------|-------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------|
|                            |             |                |              | Exercised    | December 2021 |              |                 | As at 31  |
|                            |             | As at          | Grant during | during       | and 1 January | Grant during | Exercised       | December  |
|                            |             | 1 January 2021 | the year     | the year     | 2022          | the year     | during the year | 2022      |
|                            |             |                |              |              | 於二零二一年        |              |                 |           |
|                            |             |                |              |              | 十二月三十一日       |              |                 |           |
|                            |             | 於二零二一年         |              |              | 及二零二二年        |              |                 | 於二零二二年    |
|                            |             | 一月一日           | 年內授出         | 年內行使         | 一月一日          | 年內授出         | 年內行使            | 十二月三十一日   |
|                            |             |                |              |              |               |              |                 |           |
| Granted on 20 July 2021    | 於二零二一年七月二十日 |                |              |              |               |              |                 |           |
|                            | 授出          | _              | 44,615,200   | (44,615,200) | —             | -            | -               | -         |
| Granted on 19 October 2021 | 於二零二一年十月十九日 |                |              |              |               |              |                 |           |
|                            | 授出          | _              | 19,120,800   | _            | 19,120,800    | -            | (19,120,800)    | -         |
| Granted on 30 December     | 於二零二二年十二月三十 |                |              |              |               |              |                 |           |
| 2022                       | 日授出         |                | _            | _            | —             | 7,010,962    | —               | 7,010,962 |
|                            |             |                |              |              |               |              |                 |           |
|                            |             | _              | 63,736,000   | (44,615,200) | 19,120,800    | 7,010,962    | (19,120,800)    | 7,010,962 |
|                            |             |                |              |              |               |              |                 |           |
| Exercisable at the end of  | 年末可行使       |                |              |              |               |              |                 |           |
| the year                   |             |                |              |              | 19,120,800    |              |                 | 7,010,962 |
|                            |             |                |              |              |               |              |                 |           |
| Weighted average exercise  | 加權平均行使價     |                |              |              |               |              |                 |           |
| price                      |             | _              | 0.10812      | 0.111        | 0.1014        | 0.814        | 0.1014          | 0.814     |

In respect of the share option exercised during the year, the weighted average share prices at the dates of exercise was HK\$0.119.

The estimated fair values of the share options granted on 20 July 2021, 19 October 2021 and 30 December 2022 are approximately HK\$2,710,000, HK\$1,154,000 and HK\$2,599,000 respectively.

就年內已行使的購股權,於行使日期的 加權平均股份價格為0.119港元。

於二零二一年七月二十日、二零二一年 十月十九日及二零二二年十二月三十日 授出的購股權的估計公平值分別 為約2,710,000港元、1,154,000港元及 2,599,000港元。

#### 30. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTION 30. 以股份為基礎付款交易(續) (Continued)

Equity-settled share option scheme of the Company (Continued)

These fair values were calculated using Binomial Option Pricing

Model. The inputs into the model were as follows:

該等公平值乃使用二項期權定價模型 計算。模型的輸入數據如下:

本公司的股權結算購股權計劃(續)

| Date of granted<br>授出日期      |         | <b>20 July 2021</b><br>二零二一年七月二十日 | <b>19 October 2021</b><br>二零二一年十月十九日 | 30 December 2022<br>二零二二年十二月三十日 |
|------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
|                              |         |                                   |                                      |                                 |
| Weighted average share price | 加權平均股價  | HK\$0.100港元                       | HK\$0.099港元                          | HK\$0.760港元                     |
| Exercise price               | 行使價     | HK\$0.111港元                       | HK\$0.1014港元                         | HK\$0.814港元                     |
| Expected volatility          | 預期波動率   | 102.02%                           | 99.89%                               | 108.8%                          |
| Expected life                | 預期年期    | 10 years年                         | 10 years年                            | 10 years年                       |
| Risk-free rate               | 無風險利率   | 0.85%                             | 1.31%                                | 3.68%                           |
| Expected dividend yield      | 預期股息回報率 | 0%                                | 0%                                   | 0%                              |

Expected volatility was determined by using the historical volatility of the Company's share price over the previous 10 years. The expected life used in the model has been adjusted, based on the valuer's best estimate, for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions and behavioural considerations.

The Group recognised the total of approximately HK\$2,910,000 (equivalent to RMB2,599,000) and HK\$3,864,000 (equivalent to RMB3,199,000) for the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 respectively in relation to share options granted by the Company.

The Binomial Option Pricing Model has been used to estimate the fair value of the options. The variables and assumptions used in computing the fair value of the share options are based on the valuer's best estimate. The value of an option varies with different variables of certain subjective assumptions.

#### **31. COMMITMENTS**

The Company has no material capital commitments as at 31 December 2022 (2021: Nil).

預期波動率使用本公司於過去10年的股 價的歷史波動率釐定。模型中使用的 預期年期已基於估值師的最佳估計, 就不可轉讓性、行使限制及行為考慮因 素的影響作出調整。

截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三 十一日止年度,本集團就本公司授出的 購股權確認總額約2,910,000港元(相當 於人民幣2,599,000元)及約3,864,000 港元(相當於人民幣3,199,000元)。

二項期權定價模型已用於估計購股權 的公平值。計算購股權公平值所用的 變量及假設乃基於估值師的最佳估計。 購股權價值因若干主觀假設的不同變 量而有所不同。

#### 31. 承擔

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司 並無重大資本承擔(二零二一年:無)。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 32. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 32. 重大關聯方交易

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control, common significant influence or joint control.

Mr. Hung, members of key management and their close family members of the Group are also considered as related parties. In the opinion of the Directors, the related party transactions were carried out in the normal course of business and at terms negotiated between the Group and respective related parties.

The following companies are related parties of the Group that had balances and/or transactions with the Group.

(a) Names and relationships with related parties

若一方有能力直接或間接控制另一方, 或在作出財務及經營決策時能對另一方 行使重大影響力,即被視為關聯方。 倘若所涉各方均受制於同一控制、同一 重大影響或共同控制,則亦被視為相 互關聯。

洪先生、本集團的主要管理層成員及與 其關係密切之家庭成員亦被認為關聯 方。董事認為,關聯方交易於業務正常 過程進行,並按本集團與各自關聯方 磋商之條款進行。

下列公司為本集團之關聯方與本集團 有結餘及/或交易。

(a) 名稱及與關聯方關係

| Name  | Relationship   |
|---|--|
| 名稱  | 關係   |
|   |  |
| Mr. Hung<br>洪先生   | Controlling shareholder<br>控股股東                            |
| Shanghai Zhaorong Investment Consulting Co., Ltd.<br>(" <b>Zhaorong</b> ")            | Controlled by the controlling shareholder                  |
| 上海兆榮投資諮詢有限公司(「 <b>兆榮</b> 」)   | 由控股股東控制  |
| Shanghai Zhipeng Food & Beverage Management<br>Co., Ltd. (" <b>Zhipeng</b> ")         | Controlled by the controlling shareholder                  |
| 上海致鵬餐飲管理有限公司(「 <b>致鵬</b> 」)   | 由控股股東控制  |
| Shanghai Tao Huayuan Food & Beverage Management<br>Co., Ltd. (" <b>Tao Huayuan</b> ") | Controlled by Ms. Hung (Mr. Hung's elder sister)           |
| 上海桃花源餐飲管理有限公司(「桃花源」)  | 由洪女士(洪先生之長姊)控制   |
| Zhenwei (Shanghai) International Trading Co., Ltd.<br>(" <b>Zhenwei</b> ")            | Controlled by Ms. Hung (Mr. Hung's elder sister)           |
| 甄味(上海)國際貿易有限公司(「 <b>甄味</b> 」)   | 由洪女士(洪先生之長姊)控制   |
| Ma Shuaixiang<br>馬帥翔  | Shareholder of a non-wholly owned subsidiary<br>非全資附屬公司的股東 |
| Shanghai Tai Yeye Food & Beverage Management<br>Co., Ltd. (" <b>Grandpa Tai</b> ")    | Controlled by Ms. Hung (Mr. Hung's elder sister)           |
| 上海泰椰爺餐飲管理有限公司(「 <b>泰椰爺</b> 」)   | 由洪女士(洪先生之長姊)控制   |

#### 32. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 32. 重大關聯方交易(續) (Continued)

- (b) Significant transactions with related parties
  - (i) Key management compensation

Key management includes the executive director, Mr. Hung, and certain executives of the Group who have important role in making operational and financial decisions. The compensation paid or payable to key management for employee services is shown below: (b) 與關聯方的重大交易

(i) 關鍵管理人員薪酬

關鍵管理人員包括本集團執 行董事洪先生及若干行政人 員,彼等在營運及財務決策 上擔任要職。就僱員服務已 付或應付關鍵管理人員的薪 酬載列如下:

|  |  | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Wages and salaries<br>Share-based payments<br>Defined contribution plan and<br>other social security costs | 工資及薪金<br>以股份為基礎付款<br>界定供款計劃及其他社會<br>保障成本 | 990<br>—<br>33                    | 1,118<br>693<br>41                |
| other social security costs  | UN 17F 195, 4-Y                          | 1,023                             | 1,852                             |

#### 32. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 32. 重大關聯方交易(續) (Continued)

- (c) 與關聯方的結餘 (c) Balances with related parties
  - (i) Included in trade payables (trade related) (Note 24)
- - (i) 計入貿易應付款項 (貿 易相關)(附註24)

(ii) 計入預付款項及其他應收

應收關聯方其他款項及預 付款項(非貿易相關)(附

款項

|                    |            | <b>2022</b><br>二零二二年<br><b>RMB′000</b><br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 |
|--------------------|------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| Zhenwei<br>Zhipeng | 甄 味<br>致 鵬 | 2<br>147  | 2<br>118                          |
|                    |            | 149   | 120                               |

#### (ii) Included in prepayments and other receivables

Other receivables and prepayments due from related parties (non-trade related) (Note 20)

|   |                              | <i>註20)</i>                       |                                   |
|---|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
|   |                              | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 |
| Tao Huayuan<br>Zhenwei<br>Zhaorong<br>Zhipeng<br>Grandpa Thai | 桃花源<br>甄味<br>兆榮<br>致鵬<br>泰椰爺 | <br>148<br><br>105<br>23          | 37<br>70<br>4<br>76<br>—          |
|   |                              | 276                               | 187                               |

#### 32. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 32. 重大關聯方交易(續) (Continued)

- (c) Balances with related parties (Continued)
  - (ii) Included in prepayments and other receivables (Continued)

Other receivables and prepayments due from related parties (non-trade related) (Note 20) (Continued)

Other receivables from related parties are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

(iii) Included in other payables and accruals — (non trade related) (Note 25)

Amount due to a related party

- (c) 與關聯方的結餘(*續*)
  - (ii) 計入預付款項及其他應收 款項(續)

應收關聯方其他款項及 預付款項(非貿易相關) (附註20)(續)

應收關聯方其他款項為無抵 押、不計息及無固定還款 期。

(iii) 計入其他應付款項及應計 費用 — (非貿易相關)(附 註25)

#### 應付一名關聯方款項

|                   |       | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 |
|-------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Mr. Ma Shuaixiang | 馬帥翔先生 | 1,149                             | 1,149                             |

#### Amount due to the controlling shareholder

應付控股股東款項

|          |  | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 |
|----------|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Mr. Hung | 洪先生  | _                                 | 1,634                             |
|          | a related party and the are unsecured, interest-free |                                   | ■聯方及控股股東<br>氐押、不計息及按              |

款項為無抵押、不計息及按 要求償還。

and are repayable on demand.

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#### **33. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

The Company acquired the entire equity interest in the Longhui International Catering Management Limited (the "Accounting Acquirer") on 4 July 2018 (the "Acquisition Date") was accounted for in the consolidated financial statements as reverse acquisition of the Company by the Accounting Acquirer (the "Reverse Acquisition"). The Group recognised deemed listing expenses of approximately RMB399,670,000 upon the application of the Reverse Acquisition on the Acquisition Date ("Deemed Listing Expenses").

On the Acquisition Date, the Group applied the Reverse Acquisition method of accounting and recognised the identifiable assets and liabilities of the Company as at that date, including the recorded accrued expenses and other payables of approximately RMB37,578,000 as disclosed in Note 32 to the consolidated financial statements in the annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2019.

These recorded accrued expenses and other payables do not include any of the unknown liabilities of the Company brought forward from 1 January 2018, which included the amount due to a deconsolidated subsidiary of approximately RMB882,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$1,028,000) and unknown other payables of approximately RMB15,182,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$17,694,000) (collectively, the "**Unknown Liabilities**").

The Company had used its best effort to identify the nature of the Unknown Liabilities including publishing a public notice which invited any potential creditors to inform the Company of any debts or claims.

With the legal advice provided to the Company, according to Section 4(1)(a) of Chapter 347 of the Laws of Hong Kong provides that actions founded on simple contract shall not be brought after the expiration of 6 years from the date on which the course of action accrued whereas s.4(3) states that an action upon a specialty shall not be brought after the expiration of 12 years from the date on which the cause of action accrued.

#### 33. 或然負債

於二零一八年七月四日(「收購日期」), 本公司收購龍輝國際餐飲管理控股有 限公司全部股權(「會計收購方」),於綜 合財務報表列賬為會計收購方對本公 司作出的反收購(「反收購」)。本集團於 收購日期應用反收購後確認視作上市 開支約人民幣399,670,000元(「視作上市 開支」)。

於收購日期,本集團應用反收購會計法 及確認本公司於該日的可識別資產及負 債,包括錄得應計費用及其他應付款 項約人民幣37,578,000元(於本公司截至 二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度之年 報內綜合財務報表附註32披露)。

該等所錄得應計費用及其他應付款項 並不包括本公司自二零一八年一月一日 承前的任何未知負債(包括應付取消綜 合入賬附屬公司款項約人民幣882,000 元(相當於約1,028,000港元)及其他未知 應付款項約人民幣15,182,000元(相當於 約17,694,000港元)(統稱「未知負債」)。

本公司已盡全力識別未知負債的性質, 包括刊發公共通告邀請任何潛在債務 人向本公司知會任何債務或申索。

按照本公司獲提供的法律意見,根據 香港法例第347章第4(1)(a)條,規定基 於簡單合約或侵權行為的訴訟,不得於 訴訟因由產生的日期起計滿6年後提出, 而第4(3)條載明基於蓋印文據的訴訟, 不得於訴訟因由產生的日期起計滿12 年後提出。

#### **33. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (Continued)**

The Directors considered that the origin of the Unknown Liabilities is unlikely to be created under a deed and among other reasons, given actions founded on simple contract shall not be brought after 6 years from the date on which the cause of actions accrued pursuant to the Limitation Ordinance (Chapter 347 of the Laws of Hong Kong), any potential creditors would be statutorily barred from taking action against another person 6 years after the date when the liabilities were due, unless such liabilities was created under deed, in which case, the limitation period shall be 12 years from the date of the liabilities were due. As the unknown liabilities were incurred during the year ended 31 December 2012 and 2013, if the amount was created under simple contract, the payment obligation is expired as at 31 December 2019, if the liabilities was created under deed, the payment obligations will be expire as at 31 December 2025.

Besides, the Company had entered into a debt assignment agreement with Global Courage Limited ("**Global Courage**"), pursuant to which Global Courage agrees to undertake all outstanding Unknown Liabilities.

Subject to the above matters, the possibility of outflow of economic resources in the settlement of Unknown Liabilities by the Group is not probable.

#### 33. 或然負債(續)

董事認為未知負債不大可能產生自契 據,尤其是因為根據香港法例第347章 《時效條例》,基於簡單合約的訴訟於 訴訟因由產生的日期起計滿6年後不得 期日後6年對另一人士提出訴訟,除有 關負債並非源自契據,在該情況下, 時人人士提出訴訟,除 ,時 人士提出訴訟,除 , 時間算合約,付款責任於二零一三年 月三十一日已屆滿,倘有關負債源 自契據,付款責任將於二零二五年十二 月三十一日屆滿。

此外,本公司已與Global Courage Limited (「Global Courage」)訂立債務轉 讓協議,據此,Global Courage同意承 擔所有尚未清償未知負債。

綜上所述,本集團清償未知負債時出現 經濟資源外流的可能性不大。

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#### 34. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and noncash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities. 34. 融資活動產生負債的對賬

下表詳列本集團因融資活動而產生的 負債變動,包括現金及非現金變動。 融資活動產生的負債指於本集團合併 現金流量表中過去已分類為或將來會 分類為融資活動產生的現金流量的融 資活動現金流量。

|  |   | Borrowings<br>借貸<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | Interest<br>payable<br>應付利息<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | Convertible<br>bonds<br>liabilities<br>可換股債券<br>負債<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | Lease<br>liabilities<br>租賃負債<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | Amount<br>due to<br>independent<br>third parties<br>應付獨立<br>第三方款項<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | Total<br>總計<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|---|---------------------------------|
| A  | 於二零二一年一月一日  | 2.000                                |   | 2.001  | 66 162   | 20.200  | 100 262                         |
| As at 1 January 2021   | ☆_~_----<br>借貸所得款項  | 3,000                                | _   | 3,001  | 66,162   | 28,200  | 100,363                         |
| Proceeds from borrowings   | 信具所侍款項<br>租賃負債的利息開支   | 4,800                                | _   | _  | 3.201  | 10,247  | 15,047<br>3,201                 |
| Interest expense on lease liabilities<br>Imputed interest recognised | 但貝貝頁的利息用文<br>已確認應計利   |                                      | _   | 260  | 3,201  | _   | 260                             |
| Interest accrued   | C 唯 認 應 司 利<br>應 計 利 息  |                                      | 142   | 200  | _  | _   | 142                             |
| Repayment of borrowings  | 應可利忘<br>償還借貸  | (3.000)                              | 142   | _  | _  | (22,591)  | (25,591)                        |
| Repayment of lease liabilities                                       | <sub>員速百員</sub><br>償還租賃負  | (3,000)                              | _   | _  | (28,681)   | (22,391)  | (28,681)                        |
| Lease modifications  | 租賃修改  | _                                    | _   | _  | (8,921)  | _   | (8,921)                         |
| Rental concession  | 租金優惠  | _                                    | _   | _  | (1,808)  | _   | (1,808)                         |
| Interest paid  | 已付利息  | _                                    | (142)   | _  | (1,000)  | _   | (1,000)                         |
| Exchange alignment   | 匯兑調整  | _                                    |   | (83)   | _  | _   | (83)                            |
|  | _,00,12   |                                      |   | ()   |  |   | ()                              |
| As at 31 December 2021 and   | 於二零二一年十二月三十一日及  |                                      |   |  |  |   |                                 |
| 1 January 2022   | ベーマー エークニー ロズ<br>二零二二年一月一日  | 4,800                                | _   | 3,178  | 29,953   | 15,856  | 53,787                          |
| Addition of lease liabilities  | □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □   | 4,000                                | _   | 5,170  | 18,713   | 13,850  | 18,713                          |
| Proceeds from borrowings   | "<br>「<br>借<br>貸<br>所<br>得<br>款<br>項<br>一<br>一<br>員<br>員<br>員<br>一<br>一<br>一<br>一<br>一<br>員<br>員<br>一<br>一<br>一<br>一<br>一<br>一<br>一<br>一<br>一<br>一<br>一<br>一<br>一 | 5,000                                | _   | _  |  | 2,500   | 7.500                           |
| Interest expense on lease liabilities                                | 租賃負債的利息開支   | 5,000                                | _   | _  | 2,546  | 2,500   | 2,546                           |
| Imputed interest recognised  | 已確認應計利  | _                                    | _   | 291  |  | _   | 2,546                           |
| Interest accrued   | 應計利息  | _                                    | 139   |  | _  | _   | 139                             |
| Repayment of borrowings  | 償還借貸  | (4,800)                              | _   | _  | _  | (6,597)   | (11,397)                        |
| Repayment of lease liabilities                                       | 償還租賃負   |                                      | _   | _  | (18,385)   |   | (18,385)                        |
| Lease modifications  | 租賃修改  | _                                    | _   | _  | (3,830)  | _   | (3,830)                         |
| Interest paid  | 已付利息  | _                                    | (139)   | _  | _  | _   | (139)                           |
| Exchange alignment   | 匯兑調整  | _                                    | _   | 311  | _  | _   | 311                             |
| -  |   |                                      |   |  |  |   |                                 |
| As at 31 December 2022   | 於二零二二年十二月三十一日   | 5,000                                | _   | 3,780  | 28,997   | 11,759  | 49,536                          |

#### 35. 有關本公司財務狀況表的資料 35. INFORMATION ABOUT THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

| Statement of Financial Position   | 財  | 財務狀況表                             |                                   |  |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| As at 31 December 2022  | 於二零二二年十二月三十一日                                | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 |  |
| Assets<br>Non-current asset<br>Investment in subsidiaries   | <b>資產</b><br><b>非流動資產</b><br>附屬公司投資          | _                                 |                                   |  |
| <b>Current assets</b><br>Prepayments<br>Cash and cash equivalents                                     | <b>流動資產</b><br>預付款項<br>現金及現金等價物              | 48<br>632                         | 99<br>866                         |  |
|   |  | 680                               | 965                               |  |
| Total assets  | 資產總值   | 680                               | 965                               |  |
| <b>Capital and reserves</b><br>Share capital<br>Reserves  | <b>資本及儲備</b><br>股本<br>儲備                     | 332<br>(40,929)                   | 230<br>(37,378)                   |  |
| Capital deficiency  | 資本虧絀   | (40,597)                          | (37,148)                          |  |
| <b>Liabilities</b><br><b>Non-current liabilities</b><br>Convertible bonds<br>Deferred tax liabilities | <b>負債</b><br><b>非流動負債</b><br>可換股債券<br>遞延税項負債 | 26                                | 3,178<br>75                       |  |
|   |  | 26                                | 3,253                             |  |
| <b>Current liabilities</b><br>Other payables and accruals<br>Convertible bonds                        | <b>流動負債</b><br>其他應付款項及應計費用<br>可換股債券          | 37,471<br>3,780                   | 34,860<br>—                       |  |
|   |  | 41,251                            | 34,860                            |  |
| Total liabilities   | 負債總值   | 41,277                            | 38,113                            |  |
| Total equity and liabilities  | 總權益及負債                                       | 680                               | 965                               |  |
| Net current liabilities   | 流動負債淨值                                       | (40,571)                          | (33,895)                          |  |
|   |  |                                   |                                   |  |

The Company's statement of financial position was approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 31 March 2023 and are signed on its behalf by:

本公司的財務狀況表乃於二零二三年三 月三十一日經董事會批准及授權刊發, 並由以下董事代表簽署:

Hung Shui Chak 洪瑞澤 Director 董事

Yuan Mingjie 袁明捷 Director 董事

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# 35. INFORMATION ABOUT THE STATEMENT OF 35. 有關本公司財務狀況表的資料 FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (續) (Continued)

Movement in the Company's reserves

本公司儲備的變動

|   |   | Share<br>premium                | Convertible<br>bond reserve<br>(Note 29)<br>可换股 | Share<br>based-<br>payments<br>reserve<br>(Note 30)<br>以股份為 | Other<br>reserve                | Exchange<br>reserve             | Accumulated<br>losses           | Total                         |
|---|---|---------------------------------|---|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|   |   | <b>股份溢價</b><br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | <b>債券儲備</b><br>(附註29)<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元       | 基礎付款儲備<br>(附註30)<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元                        | <b>其他儲備</b><br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | <b>匯兑儲備</b><br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | <b>累計虧損</b><br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | <b>總計</b><br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 |
| As at 1 January 2021  | 於二零二一年<br>一月一日  | 566,637                         | 1,069   | _   | (118,137)                       | 4,898                           | (493,089)                       | (38,622)                      |
| Loss for the year<br>Other comprehensive income                           | 年內虧損<br>其他全面收益  |                                 | _   |   |                                 | (1,793)                         | (41,664)                        | (41,664)<br>(1,793)           |
| Total comprehensive loss for<br>the year<br>Recognition of equity-settled |   | _                               | _   | _   | _                               | (1,793)                         | (41,664)                        | (43,457)                      |
| share-based payments<br>Issue of share upon rights                        | <sup>唯 認 </sup> 及 催 品 昇 以 放 切 為<br>基礎付款<br>供股時發行股份,淨額 | _                               | _   | 3,199   | _                               | _                               | _                               | 3,199                         |
| issue, net<br>Exercise of share options                                   | 行使購股權   | 36,937<br>6,768                 | -   | (2,203)   |                                 |                                 |                                 | 36,937<br>4,565               |
| As at 31 December 2021<br>and 1 January 2022                              | 於二零二一年<br>十二月三十一日及<br>二零二二年一月一日                       | 610,342                         | 1,069   | 996   | (118,137)                       | 3,105                           | (534,753)                       | (37,378)                      |
| Loss for the year<br>Other comprehensive loss                             | 年內虧損<br>其他全面虧損  |                                 |   | -   | -                               | <br>5,845                       | (28,957)<br>—                   | (28,957)<br>5,845             |
| Total comprehensive loss for the year                                     |   | _                               | _   | _   | _                               | 5,845                           | (28,957)                        | (23,112)                      |
| Recognition of equity-settled<br>share-based payments                     | 確認股權結算以股份為<br>基礎付款                                    | _                               | _   | 2,599   | _                               | _                               | _                               | 2,599                         |
| Placing of shares, net<br>Exercise of share options                       | 配售股份,淨額<br>行使購股權                                      | 15,389<br>2,569                 |   | (996)   | _                               |                                 | _                               | 15,389<br>1,573               |
| As at 31 December 2022  | 於二零二二年<br>十二月三十一日                                     | 628,300                         | 1,069   | 2,599   | (118,137)                       | 8,950                           | (563,710)                       | (40,929)                      |

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#### **36. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES**

#### 36. 附屬公司詳情

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 are set out below:

本集團於二零二二年及二零二一年十二 月三十一日的主要附屬公司詳情列載如 下:

| Name of subsidiary<br>附屬公司名稱   | Place of<br>incorporation<br>registration and<br>operations<br>註冊成立/註冊及<br>營運地點 | incorporation<br>registration and Registered paid<br>operations up capital<br>註冊成立/註冊及 |                      | Proportion of equity interest and<br>voting power held<br>by the Company<br>本公司持有的權益及投票權比例<br>Directly indirectly<br>直接 間接 |                      |                | Principal activities<br>主要活動           |
|--|---|--|----------------------|--|----------------------|----------------|--|
|  |   |  | <b>2022</b><br>二零二二年 | 2021<br>二零二一年  | <b>2022</b><br>二零二二年 | 2021<br>二零二一年  |  |
|  |   |  | %                    | %  | %                    | %              |  |
| Longhui International Catering<br>Management Holdings Limited        | Cayman Island   | USD1   | 100.0                | 100.0  | -                    | _              | Investment holding                     |
| 龍輝國際餐飲管理控股有限公司   | 開曼群島  | 1美元  | 100.0                | 100.0  | -                    | —              | 投資控股                                   |
| Billion Express International Limited<br>億通國際有限公司                    | Hong Kong<br>香港   | HKD1,000<br>1,000港元  | =                    | _  | 100.0<br>100.0       | 100.0<br>100.0 | Investment holding<br>投資控股             |
| Billion Great International Limited<br>億高國際有限公司                      | Hong Kong<br>香港   | HKD10,000<br>10,000港元  | _                    |  | 100.0<br>100.0       | 100.0<br>100.0 | Investment holding<br>投資控股             |
| Shanghai Qiaowei Investment  | The PRC   | USD2,160,000   | -                    | _  | 100.0                | 100.0          | Investment holding                     |
| Consulting Company Limited <sup>1</sup><br>上海喬威投資諮詢有限公司 <sup>1</sup> | 中國  | 2,160,000美元  | -                    | _  | 100.0                | 100.0          | 投資控股                                   |
| Shanghai Longhui Catering<br>Management Company Limited <sup>1</sup> | The PRC   | RMB10,000,000  | -                    | —  | 100.0                | 100.0          | Provision of food and beverage service |
| 上海龍輝餐飲管理有限公司 <sup>1</sup>  | 中國  | 人民幣10,000,000元   | -                    | _  | 100.0                | 100.0          | 提供餐飲服務                                 |
| Shanghai Huige Seafood Hotpot  | The PRC   | RMB3,000,000   | -                    | _  | 100.0                | 100.0          | Provision of food and                  |
| Catering Company Limited <sup>1</sup><br>上海輝哥海鮮火鍋餐飲有限公司 <sup>1</sup> | 中國  | 人民幣3,000,000元  | -                    | _  | 100.0                | 100.0          | beverage service<br>提供餐飲服務             |
| Hefei Huige Catering Management                                      | The PRC   | RMB2,000,000   | -                    | _  | 100.0                | 100.0          | Provision of food and                  |
| Company Limited <sup>2</sup><br>合肥輝哥餐飲管理有限公司 <sup>2</sup>            | 中國  | 人民幣2,000,000元  | _                    | _  | 100.0                | 100.0          | beverage service<br>提供餐飲服務             |
| Shanghai Jinhong Catering  | The PRC   | RMB500,000   | -                    | _  | 100.0                | 100.0          | Provision of food and                  |
| Management Company Limited <sup>1</sup><br>上海錦宏餐飲管理有限公司 <sup>1</sup> | 中國  | 人民幣500,000元  | -                    | _  | 100.0                | 100.0          | beverage service<br>提供餐飲服務             |

综合財務報表附註

For the vear ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 36. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued) 36. 附屬公司詳情(續)

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the Directors, principally affect the results or assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the Directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

The table below shows details of non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Group that have material non-controlling interest:

上表列載董事認為主要影響本集團業 績或資產的本公司附屬公司。董事認為 提供其他附屬公司的詳情將導致內容 冗長。

下表列載擁有重大非控股權益的本集 團非全資附屬公司:

| Name of subsidiary   | 附屬公司名稱                        | Proportion of<br>ownership interests<br>and voting rights held<br>by non-controlling<br>interest<br>非控股權益持有的擁有權<br>權益及投票權比例 |      | Loss allocated to<br>non-controlling<br>interest<br>分配至非控股權益的虧損 |                  | Accumulated non-<br>controlling interest<br>累計非控股權益 |             |
|--|-------------------------------|---|------|---|------------------|---|-------------|
|  |                               | <b>2022</b><br>二零二二年<br>%<br>%  | %    | RMB'000   | RMB'000          | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元                   | RMB'000     |
| Hefei Huije Catering<br>Management Company<br>Limited <sup>2</sup>   | 合肥輝哥餐飲管理有<br>限公司 <sup>2</sup> | 30.0  | 30.0 | 385   | 291              | (2,022)   | (1,637)     |
| <ul> <li><sup>1</sup> Registered as wholly-foreign owned enterprises under the PRC Law.</li> <li><sup>2</sup> Limited liability company established in the PRC.</li> </ul> |                               |   |      |   | 據中國法律註<br>中國成立的有 | E冊為外商獨資<br>i限公司。                                    | <b>î企業。</b> |

2 Limited liability company established in the PRC.

Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's subsidiary that has material non-controlling interest is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts before intragroup eliminations.

於中國成立的有限公司。

有關擁有重大非控股權益的本集團附 屬公司的財務資料概要列載如下。以下 財務資料概要表示集團內公司間對銷 前金額。

#### 36. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued) 36. 附屬公司詳情(續)

Hefei Huige Catering Management Company Limited

合肥輝哥餐飲管理有限公司

|   |                             | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Current assets                                | 流動資產                        | 241                               | 1,162                             |
| Non-current assets                            | 非流動資產                       | 711                               | 820                               |
| Current liabilities                           | 流動負債                        | (6,881)                           | (6,628)                           |
| Non-current liabilities                       | 非流動負債                       | (811)                             | (811)                             |
| Equity attributable to owners of the          | 本公司擁有人應佔權益                  |                                   |                                   |
| Company                                       |                             | (4,718)                           | (3,820)                           |
| Non-controlling interest                      | 非控股權益                       | (2,022)                           | (1,637)                           |
|   |                             |                                   |                                   |
| Revenue                                       | 收益                          | 1,324                             | 1,834                             |
|   | 收 益<br>開 支                  | (2,608)                           | (2,804)                           |
| Expenses                                      | 王文                          | (2,000)                           | (2,004)                           |
| Loss for the year                             | 年內虧損                        | (1,284)                           | (970)                             |
|   |                             | (1,204)                           | (570)                             |
|   | 十八司持十十两代有担                  |                                   |                                   |
| Loss attributable to the owners               | 本公司擁有人應佔虧損                  | (000)                             | (670)                             |
| of the Company                                |                             | (899)                             | (679)                             |
| Loss attributable to non-controlling interest | 非控股權益應佔虧損                   | (385)                             | (291)                             |
|   |                             | (                                 | ()                                |
| Loss for the year                             | 年內虧損                        | (1,284)                           | (970)                             |
|   |                             |                                   |                                   |
| Total comprehensive loss attributable to the  | 本公司擁有人應佔全面                  |                                   |                                   |
| owners of the Company                         | 虧損總額                        | (899)                             | (679)                             |
| Total comprehensive loss attributable to the  | 非控股權益應佔全面虧                  |                                   |                                   |
| non-controlling interest                      | 損總額                         | (385)                             | (291)                             |
|   |                             |                                   |                                   |
| Total comprehensive loss                      | 全面虧損總額                      | (1,284)                           | (970)                             |
|   |                             | (                                 | (= )                              |
| Net and antificial form                       | <i>师 败 </i> 江 卦 珀 人 法 山 河 萨 |                                   | ( *)                              |
| Net cash outflow from operating activities    | 經營活動現金流出淨額                  | (3)                               | (4)                               |
| Net cash outflow from investing activities    | 投資活動現金流出淨額                  | _                                 | _                                 |
| Net cash outflow from financing activities    | 融資活動現金流出淨額                  |                                   |                                   |
|   |                             |                                   |                                   |
| Net cash outflow                              | 現金流出淨額                      | (3)                               | (4)                               |

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **37. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD**

Subsequent to the year end, on 10 February 2023 and 20 February 2023, 701,096 shares and 701,096 shares were issued respectively in relation to exercise of share options under the Scheme approved and adopted by the Company on 2 June 2021.

#### **38. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTION**

During the year, the Group entered into new lease agreements for the use of shops or office for 2 to 5 years. On the lease commencement, the Group recognised right-of-use assets and lease liabilities of approximately RMB18,713,000 and RMB18,713,000 (2021: Nil) respectively.

#### **39. COMPARATIVE FIGURES**

Certain comparative amounts have been reclassified to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

#### 37. 報告期後事項

年末之後,於二零二三年二月十日及二 零二三年二月二十日,分別發行了 701,096股及701,096股與行使本公司於 二零二一年六月二日批准及採納的計劃 項下的購股權有關的股份。

#### 38. 主要非現金交易

年內,本集團就使用店舖或辦公室2至 5年而訂立新租賃協議。於租賃開始 時,本集團確認的使用權資產及租賃 負債分別約人民幣18,713,000元及人民 幣18,713,000元(二零二一年:無)。

#### 39. 比較數字

若干比較數字已經重新分類,以與本 年度的呈報相符。 Financial Summary 財務概要

#### **RESULTS**

業績

|   |                   | <b>Year ended 31 December</b><br>截至十二月三十一日止年度 |                                   |                                   |                                   |  |  |
|---|-------------------|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
|   |                   | 2022<br>二零二二年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元             | 2021<br>二零二一年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | 2020<br>二零二零年<br>RMB′000<br>人民幣千元 | 2019<br>二零一九年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | 2018<br>二零一八年<br>RMB'000<br>人民幣千元<br>(Restated)<br>(經重列) |  |
| Revenue                                   | 收益                | 72,279  | 162,883                           | 184,378                           | 418,565                           | 624,707  |  |
| Loss before tax<br>Income tax (expenses)/ | 除税前虧損<br>所得税(開支)/ | (38,399)                                      | (33,177)                          | (68,998)                          | (130,481)                         | (462,253)  |  |
| credit                                    | 抵免                | (24,291)                                      | (1,068)                           | (716)                             | 2,234                             | 10,625   |  |
| Loss for the year                         | 年內虧損              | (62,690)                                      | (34,245)                          | (69,714)                          | (128,247)                         | (451,628)  |  |
| Attributable to:<br>Owners of the         | 以下各方應佔:<br>本公司擁有人 |   |                                   |                                   |                                   |  |  |
| Company                                   | ᅶᅓᇟᇥᆇ             | (62,305)                                      | (33,954)                          | (69,058)                          | (127,513)                         | (451,095)  |  |
| Non-controlling<br>interests              | 非控股權益             | (385)   | (291)                             | (656)                             | (734)                             | (533)  |  |
| Loss for the year                         | 年內虧損              | (62,690)                                      | (34,245)                          | (69,714)                          | (128,247)                         | (451,628)  |  |

#### **ASSETS AND LIABILITIES**

資產與負債

#### As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日

|  |                | が十二月三十一日             |               |               |                  |                  |  |
|--|----------------|----------------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|------------------|--|
|  |                | <b>2022</b><br>二零二二年 | 2021<br>二零二一年 | 2020<br>二零二零年 | 2019<br>二零一九年    | 2018<br>二零一八年    |  |
|  |                | ー                    | RMB'000       | RMB'000       | RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 | RMB'000<br>人民幣千元 |  |
| Total assets   | 資產總額           | 43,902               | 90,523        | 161,471       | 305,324          | 323,450          |  |
| Total liabilities                                      | 負債總額           | (231,401)            | (229,204)     | (310,545)     | (387,295)        | (360,083)        |  |
| Non-controlling interest                               | 非控股權益          | (2,022)              | (1,637)       | (1,346)       | (690)            | 44               |  |
| Deficiency attributable<br>to owners of the<br>Company | 本公司擁有人應佔<br>虧絀 | (185,477)            | (137,044)     | (147,728)     | (81,281)         | (36,677)         |  |

Longhui International Holdings Limited 龍輝國際控股有限公司